San Juan County Forage Research

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Field Webinar Walk June 29, 2020



San Juan County

WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION









Outline

- Beaverton Preserve Fertilizer Trials
 - Lime + Fertilizer
 - High Fertilizer
- Oak Knoll Aeration and Overseeding
- No-Till + Fertilizer Trial
 - Dill Rd
 - Coffelt Farm
 - Beaverton Preserve
- SJICD No-Till Program
- Natural Plant Solutions No-Till Seeding
 - What is working and what isn't?



Beaverton Preserve Fertilizer and Lime

- Established Fall 2016
- November 2016 applied Calpril Lime (500 lbs Lime per acre)
- May 2017 organic fertilizer (40 lbs N, 130 lbs P, 165 lbs K per acre)
- Forage Biomass and Quality Summer 2017, 2018, 2019

Beaverton Preserve Fertilizer and Lime

October 10, 2019

Beaverton Fertilizer + Lime Plot Map

Beaverton Marsh Preserve



Marsh

11/11/16 Applied Lime
5/10/17 Applied organic fertilizer 40 lbs N,
130 lbs P, 165 lbs K per acre
7/14/17 Sampled forage yield and quality
7/15/17 Hayed
9/26/17 Sampled soil
7/3/18 Sampled forage yield and quality
July 2018 Hayed
6/20/19 Sampled forage yield and quality
6/21/19 Hayed



Forage Protein Response to a Single Application of Fertilizer Over Three Years



Forage Yield Response to a Single Application of Fertilizer Over Three Years

Beaverton Preserve High Fertilizer Trial

- Established Spring 2018
- May 2018 applied organic fertilizer
 - 117 lbs N, 130 lbs P, 330 lbs K
- Forage Biomass and Quality Summer 2018, 2019, 2020

Beaverton High Fertilizer Trial Plot Map



Fertilized Control June 20, 2019

Control

Fertilized



10

Control Plot 2020



June 19 2020

Fertilized Plot 2020

Fertilizer applied spring 2018 117 lbs N, 130 lbs P, 330 lbs K



June 19 2020







Sustainable Agriculture Research & Education Evaluating the impact of aeration and over-seeding on soil health, forage quality and forage quantity in perennial hay pastures in western Washington. USDA Western SARE Farmer/Rancher. Sarah Pope and Adam Greene

Oak Knoll Plot Map

Oak Knoll Aeration and Over Seeding Study

North Fence/ Road 20ft buffer









Sep 11, 2018

Sep 11, 2018

July 13, 2018



June 16, 2020



June 16, 2020





- Fall aeration and broadcast over-seeding with trefoil didn't significantly impact forage quality, quantity or soil quality parameters.
 - Infiltration rate was higher with seeding in 2018, may have been do to underlying soil conditions
- Plan to try summer aeration.

No-Till Seeding + Fertilizer

- Three Locations
 - Beaverton Preserve
 - Coffelt Farm Preserve
 - Dill Rd.
- No-till Seed (Crusader italian ryegrass + Kakariki NZ white clover) fall 2019
- Organic Fertilizer Spring 2020 (Fish Bone Meal, K-SOP, Feather Meal)

| | Ар | Organic Fertilizer | | |
|---------------|-----|-----------------------|----|---------|
| Treatment | Ν | Р | К | \$/acre |
| CONTROL | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$0 |
| BASE | 32 | 104 | 60 | \$710 |
| BASE+LOW N | 54 | 104 | 60 | \$873 |
| BASE+MEDIUM N | 76 | 104 | 60 | \$1037 |
| BASE+HIGH N | 120 | 104 | 60 | \$1365 |

Dill No-Till Drill Plot Layout

| Total | Area | 50ft x | 125ft |
|-------|------|--------|-------|
|-------|------|--------|-------|

| Distance (ft): 3 | 15 | 18 | 30 | 33 | 45 | 48 | 60 | 63 | 75 | 78 | 90 | 93 | 105 | 108 | 120 | 123 |
|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 1 | | 6 | | 11 | | 16 | | 21 | | 26 | | 31 | | 36 | |
| | 2 | | 7 | | 12 | | 17 | | 22 | | 27 | | 32 | | 37 | |
| 50 ft | 3 | | 8 | | 13 | | 18 | | 23 | | 28 | | 33 | | 38 | |
| | 4 | | 9 | | 14 | | 19 | | 24 | | 29 | | 34 | | 39 | |
| | 5 | | 10 | | 15 | | 20 | | 25 | | 30 | | 35 | | 40 | |

Main Plots (12 ft wide x 50ft long) Control Seed

Sub Plots (12ft x 10ft)

Block 1

Block 2

Block 3

Block 4







April 30, 2020





Dill Rd. May 22, 2020

Dill Rd. May 11, 2002



Dill Rd. June 11, 2020



Dill Rd. June 11, 2020

Dill Rd. June 11, 2020

Coffelt September 26, 2019



Coffelt Oct 17, 2019





Coffelt June 4, 2020



Coffelt June 22, 2020



Coffelt June 22, 2020

Beaverton October 22 2019

· Dimension

Beaverton April 23, 2020





Beaverton April 28, 2020



Beaverton June 19, 2020



Beaverton June 19, 2020

Beaverton No-till + Fertilizer





Dill Rd Biomass Wet Weight

Coffelt Farm Preserve Biomass



Beaverton Preserve Biomass



Resources

- <u>The Western Oregon and Washington Pasture Calendar</u> : <u>https://catalog.extension.oregonstate.edu/sites/catalog/files/project/pdf/pnw699.pdf</u>
- <u>HAYMAKING ON THE WESTSIDE</u> : https://smallfarms.oregonstate.edu/sites/agscid7/files/haymakingwestside_wsueb1897.pdf
- Nutrient Management for Pastures: Western Oregon and Western Washington: https://catalog.extension.oregonstate.edu/sites/catalog/files/project/pdf/em9224.pdf
- PASTURE AND HAYLAND RENOVATION FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON AND OREGON:
- http://pubs.cahnrs.wsu.edu/publications/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/publications/eb1870.pdf
- WSU SJC Ag Research Reports: <u>https://extension.wsu.edu/sanjuan/ag-research-reports/</u>

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 - SJICD
 - Natural Plant Solutions
- WSU SJC Ag Program past and present
 - Walton Andrews
 - Kate Mikulak
 - Angie Shephard
 - Emma Carter



Extra Charts

Summary

Before planting

| ! | 0 |
|-----------------|---|
| Lime | When soil pH is below 5.5, broadcast lime according to Table 2. See page 4. |
| Nitrogen (N) | Broadcast or band 20 to 25 lb N/acre. See page 5. |
| Phosphorus (P) | When soil test P is below 30 ppm, broadcast or band P according to Table 4. See page 10. |
| Potassium (K) | When soil test K is below 200 ppm, broadcast K according to Table 5. Banding K is permitted at less than 60 lb K ₂ O/acre. See page 10. |
| Sulfur (S) | Sulfate-S may be broadcast or band applied to new fields at a rate of 15 to 25 lb S/acre. See page 10. |
| Magnesium (Mg) | When soil test Mg is below 0.8 meq/100 g or 100 ppm, replace 1 ton lime/acre of the lime requirement with 1 ton dolomite/acre. See page 5. |
| Calcium (Ca) | When soil test Ca is below 5 meq/100 g or 1,000 ppm, apply 1 ton lime/acre. See page 4. |
| Boron (B) | For clover pastures, 2 to 3 lb B/acre is recommended when soil test B is below 0.7 ppm. Use a broadcast application; do not band B. See page 11. |
| Established st | ands |
| Lime | For stand age under 5 years, top-dress lime if pH in the top 6 to 8 inches is below 5.5. For stand age over 5 years, top-dress lime if pH in the top 2 inches is below 5.5. Follow Table 2, page 4. |
| Nitrogen (N) | Top-dress N when grass is actively growing in early spring and early fall. On irrigated pastures, apply additional N in the summer. See Table 3, Figure 4, and pages 6–9. |
| Phosphorus (P) | When soil test P is below 30 ppm, top-dress P in either the fall or spring. See Table 4 and page 10. |
| Potassium (K) | When soil test K is below 200 ppm, top-dress K in either the fall or spring. See Table 5 and page 10. |
| Sulfur (S) | Top-dress sulfate-S in the spring or fall at a rate of 20 to 30 lb S/acre every year or 40 to 50 lb S/acre every other year. See page 10. |
| Magnesium (Mg) | When soil test Mg is below 0.8 meq/100 g or 100 ppm, apply either 1 ton dolomite/acre (if pH < 5.5) or 500 lb K-Mag/acre (if pH > 5.5). See page 5. |
| Calcium (Ca) | When soil test Ca is below 5.0 meq/100 g or 1,000 ppm, apply 1 ton lime/acre. See page 4. |
| Boron (B) | For clover pastures, broadcast application of 2 to 3 lb B/acre is recommended when soil test B is below 0.7 ppm. See page 11. |
| Selenium (Se) | Refer to Selenium Supplementation Strategies for Livestock in Oregon (EM 9094) to determine whether you should consider correcting Se deficiencies in grazing animals via fertilizer applications. See page 11. |
| Molybdenum (Mo) | For clover pastures, Mo deficiencies can be corrected by following lime recommendations in this guide. See page 11. |
| | |

Trial 1: 2017 forage yield and quality with and without fertilizer

| | No Fertilizer ± SD | With Fertilizer ± SD | P-Value |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------|
| Total Dry Weight (lbs/acre) | 5255 ± 2086 | 5524 ± 690 | 0.694 |
| Crude Protein (%) | 5.2 ± 0.6 | 6.0 ± 0.4 | 0.022* |
| Acid Detergent Fiber (% ADF) | 40 ± 1 | 38 ± 1 | 0.013* |
| Neutral Detergent Fiber (% NDF) | 63.3 ± 0.8 | 61.2 ± 1.9 | 0.011* |
| Relative Feed Value (RFV) | 85 ± 2 | 90 ± 4 | 0.006** |

*p≤0.05, **p ≤ 0.01, ***p≤0.001, one-way ANOVA

Trial 1: 2018 forage yield and quality with and without fertilizer

| | | With | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------|
| | No Fertilizer ± | Fertilizer ± | |
| | SD | SD | P-Value |
| Total Dry Weight (lbs/acre) | 4606 ± 1033 | 4793 ± 523 | 0.614 |
| Crude Protein (%) | 4.9 ± 0.4 | 5.4 ± 0.6 | 0.009** |
| Acid Detergent Fiber (% ADF) | 37 ± 2 | 37 ± 1 | 0.731 |
| Neutral Detergent Fiber (% NDF) | 59.9 ± 2.1 | 59.5 ± 1.2 | 0.656 |
| Relative Feed Value (RFV) | 93 ± 5 | 94 ± 2 | 0.643 |

Also found better NDF and RFV in lime plots in 2018

*p≤0.05, **p ≤ 0.01, ***p≤0.001, one-way ANOVA

Trial 1: 2019 forage yield and quality with and without fertilizer

| | No Fertilizer | With Fertilizer | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|
| | ± SD | ± SD | P-Value |
| Total Dry Weight (lbs/acre) | 4958 ± 2030 | 6182 ± 1453 | 0.1944 |
| Crude Protein (%) | 6.75 ± 1.84 | 7.47 ± 1.13 | 0.422 |
| Acid Detergent Fiber (% ADF) | 35.48 ± 1.82 | 35.21 ± 0.64 | N/A |
| Neutral Detergent Fiber (% NDF) | 57.02 ± 2.46 | 56.4 ± 1.21 | 0.652 |
| Relative Feed Value (RFV) | 100.2 ± 6.65 | 101.33 ± 3.08 | 0.748 |

*p≤0.05, **p ≤ 0.01, ***p≤0.001, one-way ANOVA

Trial 2: 2018 forage yield and quality with and without fertilizer

| | No Fertilizer | With Fertilizer | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------|
| | ± SD | ± SD | P-Value |
| Total Dry Weight (lbs/acre) | 3,806 ± 107 | 4,663 ± 928 | 0.219 |
| Crude Protein (%) | 5 ± 0.36 | 7.77 ± 0.70 | 0.013 * |
| Acid Detergent Fiber (% ADF) | 36.73 ± 0.55 | 34.37 ± 1.29 | 0.106 |
| Neutral Detergent Fiber (% NDF) | 59.47 ± 1.5 | 57.33 ± 1.32 | 0.277 |
| Relative Feed Value (RFV) | 94.67 ± 3.06 | 101 ± 3.61 | 0.193 |

Trial 2: 2019 forage yield and quality with and without fertilizer

| | No Fertilizer | With Fertilizer | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|
| | ± SD | ± SD | P-Value |
| Total Dry Weight (lbs/acre) | 3857 ± 116 | 9201 ± 1438 | 0.00935 ** |
| Crude Protein (%) | 5.8 ± 0 | 6.67 ± 0.40 | 0.0268 * |
| Acid Detergent Fiber (% ADF) | 34.0 ± 0.6 | 36.0 ± 1.2 | 0.0955 |
| Neutral Detergent Fiber (% NDF) | 55.5 ± 1.0 | 59.6 ± 1 | 0.0208 * |
| Relative Feed Value (RFV) | 104.3 ± 2.52 | 95 ± 1.73 | 0.0181 * |

2018 Aeration Trial Results

| Observation | No aeration | With aeration | p1 |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|-------|
| Forage quality | | | |
| Crude protein, % | 8.4 ± 0.7 | 8.9 ± 0.9 | 0.240 |
| Relative feed value | 109 ± 6 | 108 ± 8 | 0.798 |
| Soil characteristics | | | |
| Infiltration T2, seconds | 118 ± 31 | 101 ± 39 | 0.218 |
| Soil organic matter, % | 5.8 ± 1.9 | 6.7 ± 1.4 | 0.316 |

¹The probability value associated with the treatment in the analysis of variance. For observations where a significant treatment effect ($p \le 0.05$) was indicated, values are highlighted in bold.

2019 aeration results

| Observation | No aeration | With aeration | p1 |
|--------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------|
| Yield (lbs/acre) | 4874 ± 672 | 4532 ± 420 | 0.258 |
| Forage quality | | | |
| Crude protein, % | 70 + 07 | 76+09 | |
| Wihout over-seeding | 7.0±0.7 | 7.0±0.5 | 0.209 |
| With over-seeding | 6.9 ± 0.5 | 6.3 ± 0.3 | 0.098 |
| Relative feed value | 109 ± 4 | 111 ± 8 | 0.472 |
| Soil characteristics | | | |
| Infiltration T2, seconds | 74 ± 39 | 64 ± 32 | 0.622 |
| Penetration, depth (cm) | 29 ± 3 | 27 ± 3 | 0.216 |
| Soil organic matter, % | 5.5 ± 1.2 | 6.1 ± 1.2 | 0.338 |



Forage Yield Response to Single Nitrogen Fertilizer Application For Two Years