How to Build a Worm Compost Bin for a Classroom

Draw a creative picture of worms, including their environment. Use colors and be creative!

NAME



Worms are important organisms that break down dead plant, animal, and microbial material to make the soil healthy. Some farmers, gardeners, and scientists keep worms in bins. If these worms are kept in favorable conditions, the worms help break down food wastes to make great fertilizers for plants.

What type of worm should I use in my bin?

If you want to have your own worm compost bin inside of a classroom, it is important to make sure you have the correct type of worm. Most vermicompost, or ______ compost systems, use red wiggler worms (*Eisinia fetida*). These worms are smaller than the earthworms that are sometimes found in the garden. ______ worms are really good at moving side to side, or horizontally. This means that the red wigglers are more likely to stay in your bin. Here is a drawing of red wiggler worms in a compost bin:



Where should I keep the worm bin?

Worm bins should stay between _____ and _____ degrees F.

Here is a drawing of where you should keep your worm compost bin in a classroom.





What should a worm compost bin be made of?

Worm compost bins can be made of many different materials. However, worms are sensitive to light. Worms probably do not like light because

they normally live _

This means that we should build our compost bin out of something that _____ let light through.

Worms also like to be kept moist; about as damp as a sponge that has been squeezed out. This means that sometimes you need to add a small amount of water to the bin and the bins need to have holes to let the water drain out. Some worm bins do not need to have holes, but it could be easy for the worms to get too _____. If they are too moist they will not be able to breathe and could die!

Draw a cartoon picture of worms that are too wet, or something related



If the bins have holes in the bottom, then there needs to be something to capture the liquid that drains through. It is easiest to have one bin on the bottom that captures the liquid, and one bin on top with the worms in it.

Here is a picture of our two stacked bins.

Did you know that the liquid that is collected on the bottom of a worm bin like this could actually be used as a _____ for plants? For our worm bin, we drilled holes that were _____ inch wide. We drilled them _____ cm apart in the bottom of the first bin.



Here is a picture of our bin with the holes drilled. This bin will be stacked on top of a bin without holes.



What should go in a worm compost bin? Next, it is important to know what should and should not go inside of a worm compost bin. To start a worm compost bin you should put ______ or _____ pieces of ______ over the bottom of the top bin. This will keep most of the worms from trying to escape from the holes.

Draw a picture of worms crawling through holes on the bottom, or a picture of newspaper on the bottom of a bin



Next, you should add a layer of compost. This will make sure that there are beneficial bacteria in your bin that will help the worms break down food faster. On top of that, you should now add shredded ______, or shredded ______ that has been soaked in

It is important to know that worms are sensitive to the chlorine in white office paper. Do not add this type of paper to your worm bin.

Students should draw a picture warning not to put white paper in with worms.

Lastly, we need to add food scraps. Worms are able to eat many types of food like the newspaper and compost mentioned earlier.



Worms can also eat some food that people would normally just throw away.

Here are some foods that worms will eat: Lettuce, onion, melons, apple cores, carrots, pears, bread, etc. any fruit and vegetable that is not really acidic

Draw images of these here

Here are some foods that worms might eventually eat, but they might smell, be too acidic, or attract things that you do not want in your classroom: meat, dairy, citrus.

Draw picture of the above items



To collect food for worms at school you could _____

How often should I feed the worms?

Worms can eat ______ of their weight each day! When feeding your worms, it is a good idea to feed them a ______ amount of food scraps everyday. It is best to add your food in a different spot each day, but near where you added the food the previous day. If you forget to feed your worms, do not worry; most worms will be okay for up to two weeks without food as long as they are not too ______ or too _______. Remember, worms have small mouths and will eat food faster if it is in tiny

pieces.

Why is it a good idea to keep a worm bin at school?

It would be a good idea to keep a worm bin at school because



What would I need to do differently if I wanted to keep a worm bin at home?

If you have a worm bin at home, you might want to keep it ______

You could collect food scraps from _____

Keeping a worm bin at home is also a good idea because

Keeping worms at home or at school is not for everybody; however, worms are important because

Draw a picture with worms in it.



Glossary:

Image:	New word: red wiggler worm Definition:
Image:	New word: vermicompost Definition:
Image:	New word: Chlorine Definition:
Image:	New word: acidic Definition:
Image:	New word: bacteria Definition:
Image:	New word: Definition:

