Table 1. Average grass, legume, and total forage dry matter production and quality (Least-squares means) from different treatments during the 2012-2013 cool-season growing period (Jan.-Apr.), Selma, AL, USA.

_	Forage biomass dry matter			Forage quality	
	Grass	Legume	Total	ADF†	CP‡
Forage type	Ton/Acre			%	
Arrowleaf clover (Trifolium vesiculosum)-					
Marshall ryegrass (Lolium multiforum)	1.57 ^{ab*}	0.75^{c}	2.67 ^{bc}	21.9	14.7 ^{ab}
Berseem clover (Trifolium alexandrinum)-					
Marshall ryegrass	1.47 ^{ab}	0.30^{d}	2.07^{cd}	19.4	11.5 ^b
Crimson clover (Trifolium incarnatum)-					
Marshall ryegrass	1.13 ^{ab}	1.97 ^a	3.94 ^a	22.8	15.7 ^a
Winter peas (Pisum sativum)-Marshall					
ryegrass	1.18^{b}	1.22^{b}	3.30^{ab}	22.9	15.5 ^a
Marshall ryegrass	1.75 ^a	$0.05^{\rm e}$	1.92 ^d	21.5	13.4 ^{ab}
Hairy vetch (Vicia villosa)-Marshall					
ryegrass	1.68 ^{ab}	1.31 ^b	3.82^{a}	24.1	16.3 ^a

[†]ADF – Acid detergent fiber. ADF is the measure of fiber content in the forage biomass. Higher ADF means lower forage quality.

[‡]CP – Crude protein. CP is a measure of total nitrogenous compound, and eventually total protein present in the forage biomass. Higher CP means better forage quality.

^{*}Least-squares means within a column with different superscripts are different (P < 0.05).