

Cover crop cocktails for Hawai'i



O'AHU RESOURCE CONSERVATION
& DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL



United States
Department of
Agriculture

National Institute
of Food and
Agriculture





Source: CRAMP



Source: USGS

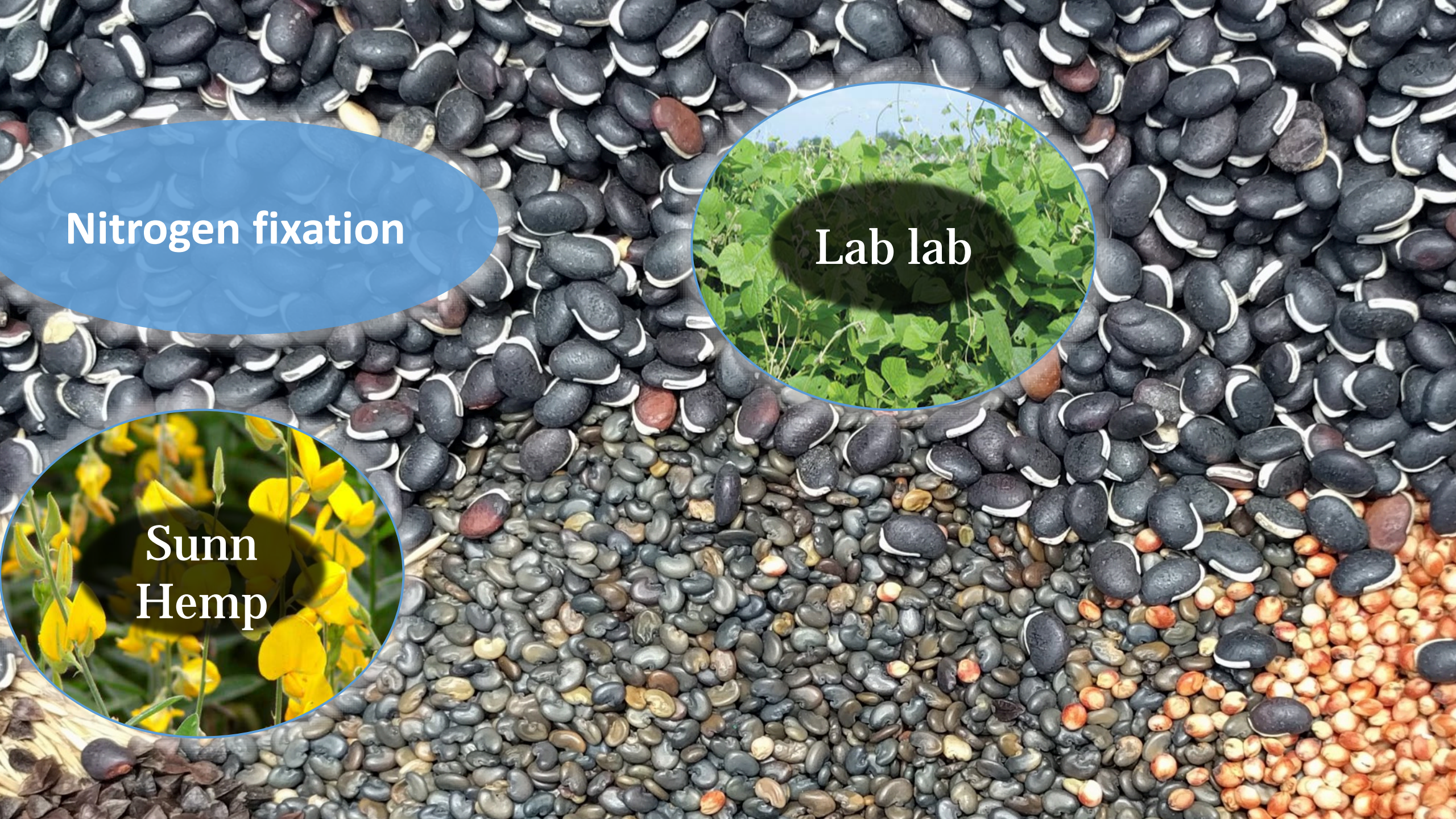
Cover Crops WORK!

- Reduce soil erosion and nutrient leaching
- Fix nitrogen (green manures)
- Build organic matter in soil
- Weed suppression / smothering
- Scavenge nutrients
- Increase water infiltration & improve soil tilth

Nitrogen fixation

Lab lab

Sunn
Hemp





Buckwheat

**Nutrient scavenging +
Weed smothering**

A large pile of black beans and yellow corn kernels. The black beans are in the upper left and middle sections, while the yellow corn kernels are in the lower and right sections.

Organic matter

A circular inset image showing a field of green sorghum plants growing in rows under a clear blue sky.

Sorghum
Sudan

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A person stands in a field of lush green cover crops, with their arms outstretched. In the background, there are rolling hills and mountains under a blue sky with scattered white clouds. The scene is brightly lit, suggesting a sunny day.

Cover Crops Cocktails WORK BETTER

- Diversified plant growth (above and below ground)
- Combine multiple species with useful traits for your system:
- Grass
- Legume
- Broadleaf

A close-up photograph of a cover crop cocktail. The plants are a mix of green grasses, broadleaf plants, and small white flowers, likely buckwheat. The plants are growing densely together.

Sorghum-Sudan + Buckwheat

**Cover Crop
SYNERGY**

Lab lab

Oats

**Sunn
Hemp**

**Sorghum
Sudan**

Buckwheat

Radish



BUT things work a little different in Hawaii

- Higher soil temperatures = faster microbial breakdown of organic matter
- No hard freezes, no winter kill of cover crops (or weeds and pests)
- Diversity of growing conditions
 - Soils
 - Altitude
 - Cropping systems

Are cocktails worth it? Farmers will decide!

- Five farmer-researchers in different regions of O‘ahu conducting side-by-side trials of:
 - Single-species sunn hemp
 - standardized cocktail: sunn hemp, black oats & buckwheat
 - “tailor-made” cocktail customized by farmer for growing conditions
- Gain insights into:
 - Obstacles for cover crop cocktail adoption
 - Documents costs and benefits
 - Recommendations for seeding rates, field practices and equipment.

Who's cover cropping in Hawai'i?

- Specialty vegetable growers investing in long-term soil health
 - Limited equipment for terminating for broadcasting cover crops
 - Summer fallows
 - Limited availability of inputs
- Seed Corn Growers
- Orchard systems
 - Successional plantings during establishment
 - Perennial cover



CRATE

Cover Crop Chart for Hawaii

Koon-Hui Wang and Archana Pant, CTAHR, University of Hawaii



	Broadleaf						
A Black Oat 75 lb/acre	Legume						A Sesame 4 lb/acre
A Barley 90 lb/acre					(CA Blackeye 5', Purple knuckle, TS Brown, MS Silver) Cowpea ^R 40-60 lb/acre	A Buckwheat 20-30 lb/acre	A Pearl Millet 15 lb/acre
A Cereal Rye 90 lb/acre	A Canola 7-10 lb/acre	A Hairy vetch 30-50 lb/acre	A Woolly pod Vetch 40-60 lb/acre	P Jack bean 50-60 lb/acre		A Mustard 7-10 lb/acre	A Oat 90 lb/acre
A Oat 90 lb/acre	A Mustard 7-10 lb/acre	A Bell Bean 150 lb/acre	B Yellow Sweetclover 10-15 lb/acre	SP Velvet Bean 40 lb/acre	A Soybean 50-75 lb/acre	A Rape Seed ^S 7-10 lb/acre	A Black Oat 75 lb/acre
A Winter Wheat 120 lb/acre	A Rape Seed ^S 7-10 lb/acre	SP Red Clover 20 lb/acre	P White Clover 20 lb/acre	P Pigeon Pea 40-60 lb/acre	A Lablab 11-18 lb/acre	A Oil Radish ^S 10 lb/acre	A Grain Sorghum 25-30 lb/acre
A Annual Ryegrass 100 lb/acre	A Oil Radish ^S 10 lb/acre	A Austrian Winter pea ^R 100 lb/acre	P (Moapa 69) ^R Alfalfa 15 lb/acre	P Perennial Peanut ^R 40 lb/acre	A Sunn Hemp ^{R*} 30-60 lb/acre	A Marigold ^R 3 lb/acre	A Sorghum-Sudangrass ^R 35-60 lb/acre

* = seedling rate

A = annual; B= Biennial; P = Perennial; SP = Short-term perennial.

R = resistant to root-knot but not reniform nematode; (note: only certain cultivars are resistant to root-knot nematodes for alfalfa and cowpea; cowpea is very susceptible to reniform nematode).

S = suppressive to plant-parasitic nematodes

R*= sunn hemp and velvetbean are resistant to root-knot and reniform nematodes; marigold, *Tagetes patula*, is resistant to root-knot and reniform, *T. erecta* is only resistant to root-knot; sesame is resistant to southern and peanut root-knot nematode (*Meloidogyne incognita* and *M. arenaria*) but not Javanica root-knot (*M. javanica*).

Cover Crop Resources

- oahurcd.org - cover crop manual (cocktail update coming in 2018)
- UH (Dr. Koon-Hui Wang): www.ctahr.hawaii.edu/sustainag/Database.asp
- NRCS: Pacific Islands Area Vegetative Guide

Get good seed!

- Local: Ko'olau Seed, Fukuda Seed & Moloka'i Seed
- Organic: Johnny's, High Mowing & Grow Organic
- Online: GreenCoverSeeds.com

Want to Learn More?

- Saturday morning, Oct. 7 Field Day and Demo @ Kahumana Organic Farm
 - Waianae, O'ahu
 - Gabe Brown – mainland farmer & cover crop cocktail guru
- Other upcoming Oahu RC&D events & programs:
 - Women Farmers Workshop Series
 - Cacao Establishment Training Workshops (2018-2019)
 - HFUU members: workshops on Oct. 6 at UH West O'ahu

More information available on flyers