Cornell Cooperative Extension Cornell Vegetable Program



Nitrogen Fertility Management for Garlic – It is Less Than You Think

Christy Hoepting, CCE Cornell Vegetable Program Sandy Menasha, CCE – Suffolk County

Garlic Session at Empire State Producers Expo Syracuse, NY: January 16, 2020

Acknowledgement



Funding provided by:

- Northeast Sustainable Research and Education (NE-SARE) Research and Education Grant
- New York State Specialty Crops Block Grant



Garlic Fertility Recommendations

PLANT NUTRIENT RECOMMENDATION ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST RESULTS FOR GARLIC

GARLIC

NITROGEN (N) LBS
PER ACRE

PHOSPHORUS (P) LBS P₂O₅ PER ACRE

POTASSIUM (K) LBS K₂O PER ACRE

SOIL TEST RESULTS		VERY LOW	LOW	ОРТІМИМ	ABOVE OPTIMUM	VERY LOW	LOW	ОРТІМИМ	ABOVE OPTIMUM
Broadcast and Incorporate in fall	40	150	100	25-50	0	150	100	50	0
Sidedress in spring when shoots are 6 inches high	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sidedress 3-4 weeks later	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL RECOMMENDED	120	150	100	25-50	0	150	100	50	0

Garlic crop uses 150-175 lb/A of nitrogen

Garlic Fertility Recommendations



PLAI	PLANT NUTRIENT RECOMI			
GARLIC	NITROGEN (N) LBS PER ACRE			
SOIL TEST RESULTS				
Broadcast and Incorporate in fall	40			
Sidedress in spring when shoots are 6 inches high	40			
Sidedress 3-4 weeks later	40			
TOTAL RECOMMENDED	120			

Deduct 10-15 lbs of N per 1% of OM

95 lbs N

Deduct nitrogen credits for previous crop/cover crop

– soil test!

2017-2018 Garlic Research Trials



	20)17	2018		
	Batavia	Long Island	Albion	Long Island	
Soil type	Gravelly loam	Sandy loam	Hilton loam	Sandy loam	
Previous crop	Sod, turned over in	Rye cover crop,	Oat cover crop,	Sunflower	
	the fall	turned over in	turned over in the	windbreaks	
		spring	fall		
Planting	• 2 rows 15-inch	• 2 rows 15-inch	• 2 rows 7-inch	• 2 rows 15-inch	
configuration	apart per 5 ft	apart per 5.6 ft	apart per 2.5 ft	apart per 5.6 ft	
	• 6-inch plant	• 6-inch plant	• 6-inch plant	• 6-inch plant	
	spacing	spacing	spacing	spacing	
	• 34,848 plants/A	• 31,114 plants/A	• 69,696 plants/A	• 31,114 plants/A	
	• Flat bed	• Flat bed	• Flat + hill	• Flat bed	
Seed Sources	1, 2 & 3 (infested)	1 & 2	Combo of healthy	Combo of bulbs from	
(all German			bulbs from 1 & 2	sources 1 & 2	
hardneck)			Medium & Large		
·			Bulbs		

2017 Trial - Batavia, NY









2018 Trial – Albion, NY







Oct 26, 2017

2017-2018 Garlic Research Trials

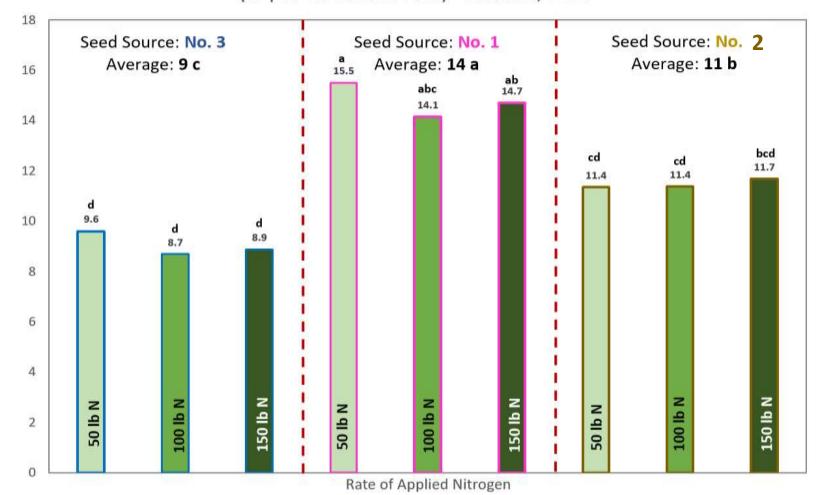


	20)17	2018			
	Batavia	Long Island	Albion	Long Island		
Nitrogen	50, 100, 150 lb/A	50, 100, 150 lb/A	0 , 50, 100, 150 lb/A	50, 100, 150 lb/A		
application	Urea (46-0-0)	Ammonium Nitrate	Urea (46-0-0) rate/A	(32-0-1)		
	broadcast per area	(34-0-0)	concentrated over	Side-dressed at		
	and rained in	Side-dressed at	rows and rained in	emergence and		
		emergence and		incorporated		
		incorporated				
	(Apr 13)	(Apr 10)	(Apr 23)	(Apr 12)		
Other fertilizer	P & K according to	P & K according to	Dairy manure in fall;	P & K according to		
	soil test in fall	soil test in fall	P & K in fall	soil test in fall		
			according to soil test			

Results: 2017 Trial - Batavia, NY Total Marketable Yield (lb/ 40 ft row)



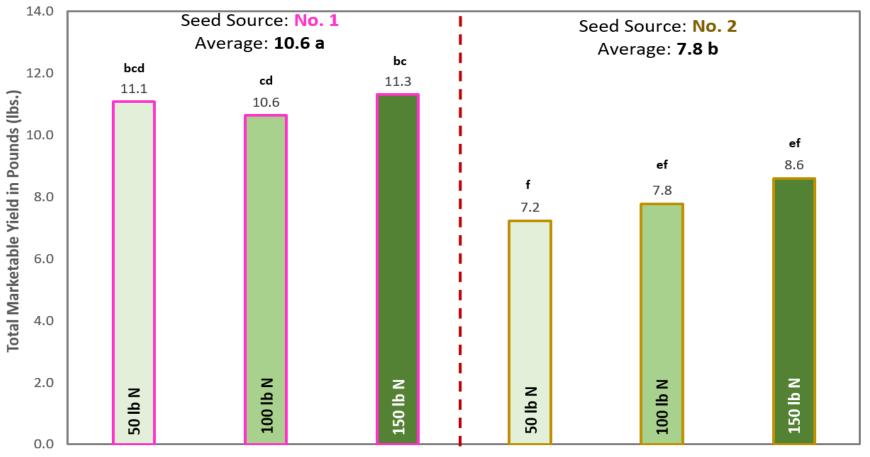
Effect of Nitrogen Rate on Total Marketable Yield (lb per 40 feet of row) - Batavia, 2017



Results: 2017 Trial – Long Island, NY Total Marketable Yield (lb/ 40 ft row)



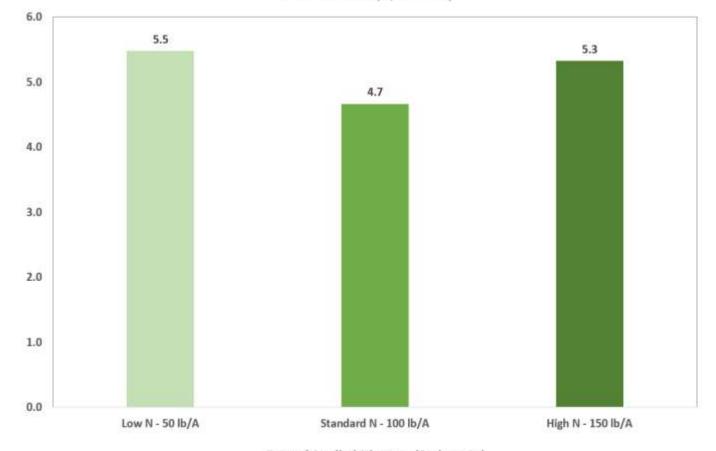
Effect of Nitrogen Rate on Total Marketable Yield (lb per 40-ft row) - Long Island, 2017



Results: 2018 Trial – Long Island, NY Total Marketable Yield (lb/ 40 ft row)





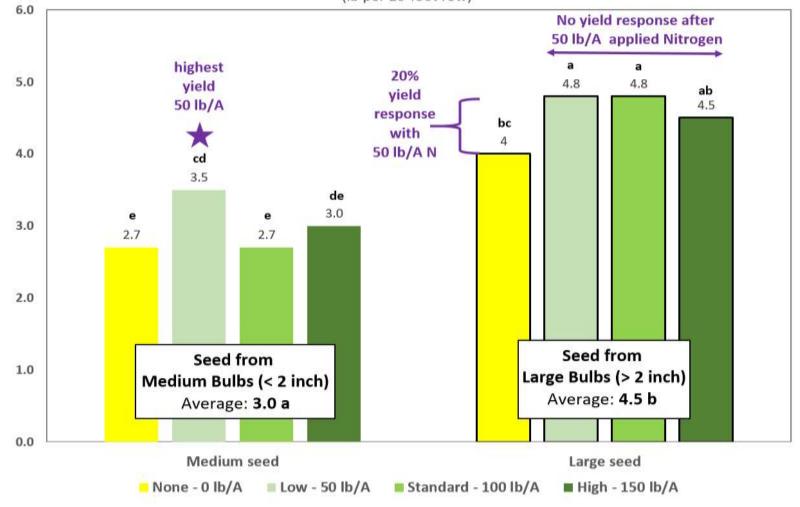


Rate of Applied Nitrogen (Spring - 1x)

Results: 2018 Trial – Albion, NY Total Marketable Yield (lb/ 20 ft row)



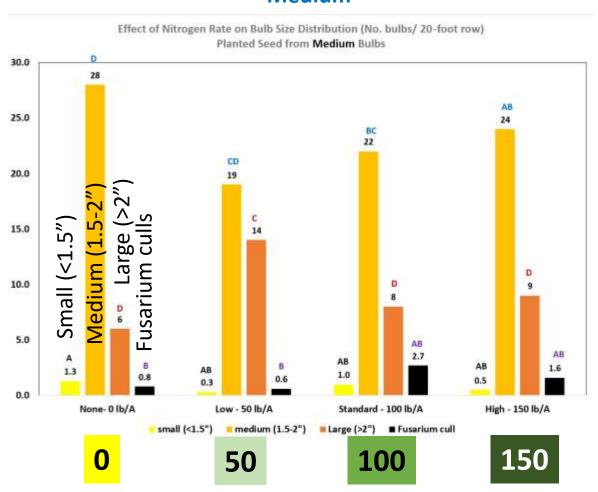
Effect of Nitrogen Rate and Seed Size on Total Marketable Yield, Albion, NY 2018 (Ib per 20-foot row)



Results: 2018 Trial – **Albion**, NY Bulb Size Distribution

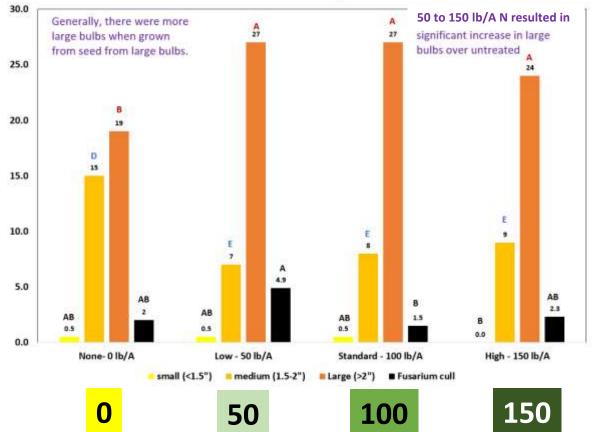






Large





Results: 2018 Trial – **Albion**, NY Bulb Size Distribution – Pooled Data

Medium seed



Large bulbs (pooled across N rate)

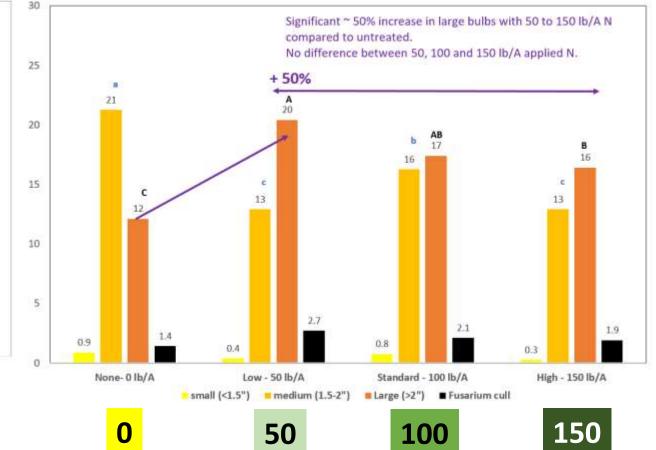
2.7x A 24

20 15 10 8 9

Garlic grown from large seed had almost triple the number of large bulbs at harvest.

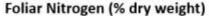
Large seed

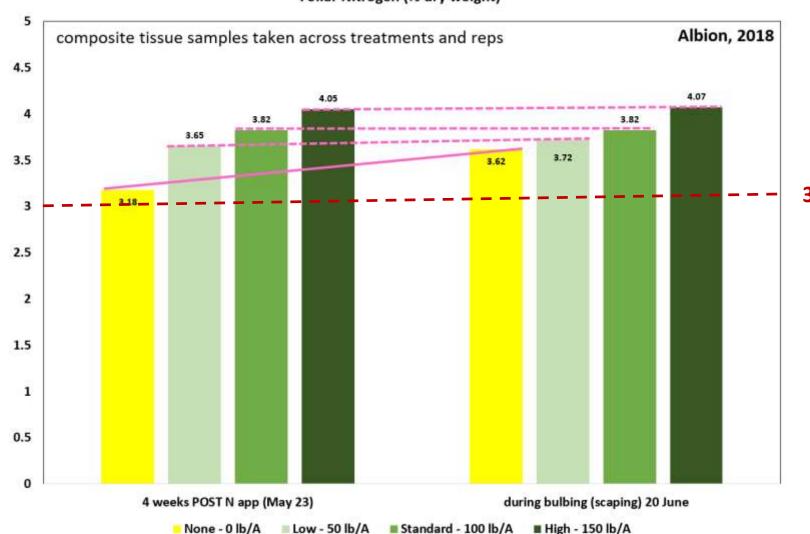
Bulb Size Distribution (Pooled across seed size))



Albion, 2018

Results: 2018 Trial — Albion, NY Foliar Nitrogen (% dry weight): May 23, Scaping (Jun 2

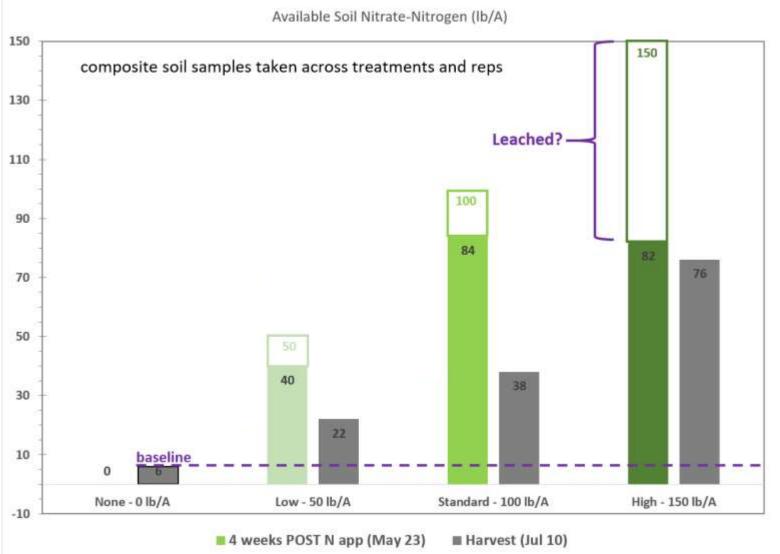




3% = sufficient

No change between May 23 and Jun 20 suggests crop has all it needs by the end of May.

Results: 2018 Trial – **Albion**, NY Available NO₃-N in Soil: May 23 & Harvest (Jul



Effect of Nitrogen on Garlic: Summary



- In 8 out of 8 datasets (= 100%), no difference in yield between 50, 100 and 150 lb/A of inorganic nitrogen applied in the spring
 - 2 growing seasons (2017, 2018)
 - 3 trial locations (Batavia, Albion, Long Island)
 - 3 planting configurations/planting densities (31,114 to 69,696 plants/A)
 - 3 types of inorganic nitrogen (46-0-0, 34-0-0, 32-0-1)
 - 3 fertilizer application techniques (broadcast & rained in, concentrate over row & rained in, side-dressed between rows and incorportated)
 - Different seed sources/sizes
- Compared to no nitrogen, 50 lb/A resulted in significantly 20% higher total yield due to 1.4x to 2.3x more large bulbs

Effect of Nitrogen on Garlic: Summary



- Garlic only needs 50 lb/A nitrogen (available in spring when crop begins to grow)
 - Higher rates (75-100 lb/A) may be needed in no N-credit situations
 - Higher rates (75-100 lb/A) for organic (applied in fall, lag in availability in cold soil)
- To determine whether you need to side-dress 3-4 weeks after spring application, take a tissue test
 - Side-dress if <3.5% N per dry weight, <50 lb/A of available NO3-N in the soil?
- Seed size was the most important factor associated with yield
 - Seed from large bulbs had significantly almost 3x greater yield than seed from medium bulbs

Effect of Nitrogen on Fusarium in Garlic: Summary



- In 2 out of 7 datasets (= 29%), Fusarium clove coverage was higher with higher rates of applied N:
 - 2017 Batavia Seed Source No. 1: 150 lb/A (16%) 2x more than 100 lb/A (9.3%), 3x more than 50 lb/A (6%)
 - 2018 Albion Medium Seed: 100 & 150 lb/A (~19%) greater than 0 & 50 lb/A (~12%)
 - 2018 Albion Large Seed: 100 & 150 lb/A (~23%) greater than 0 & 50 lb/A (~17%)
 - NOT ENOUGH OF A RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN NITROGEN
 & FUSARIUM TO BE RELEVANT



Questions?



 Anyone interested in participating in a postharvest practices survey in 2020?



Thanks to McAllister Family for hosting so many garlic trials!