A photograph showing a robotic arm mounted on a tractor in an orchard. The arm is positioned to capture data from green fruit on the trees. The tractor is a red and black model, and the orchard is filled with green trees and foliage. The scene is set outdoors during the day.

3D Orientation Estimation of Green Fruit for Robotic Thinning

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Apple Industry

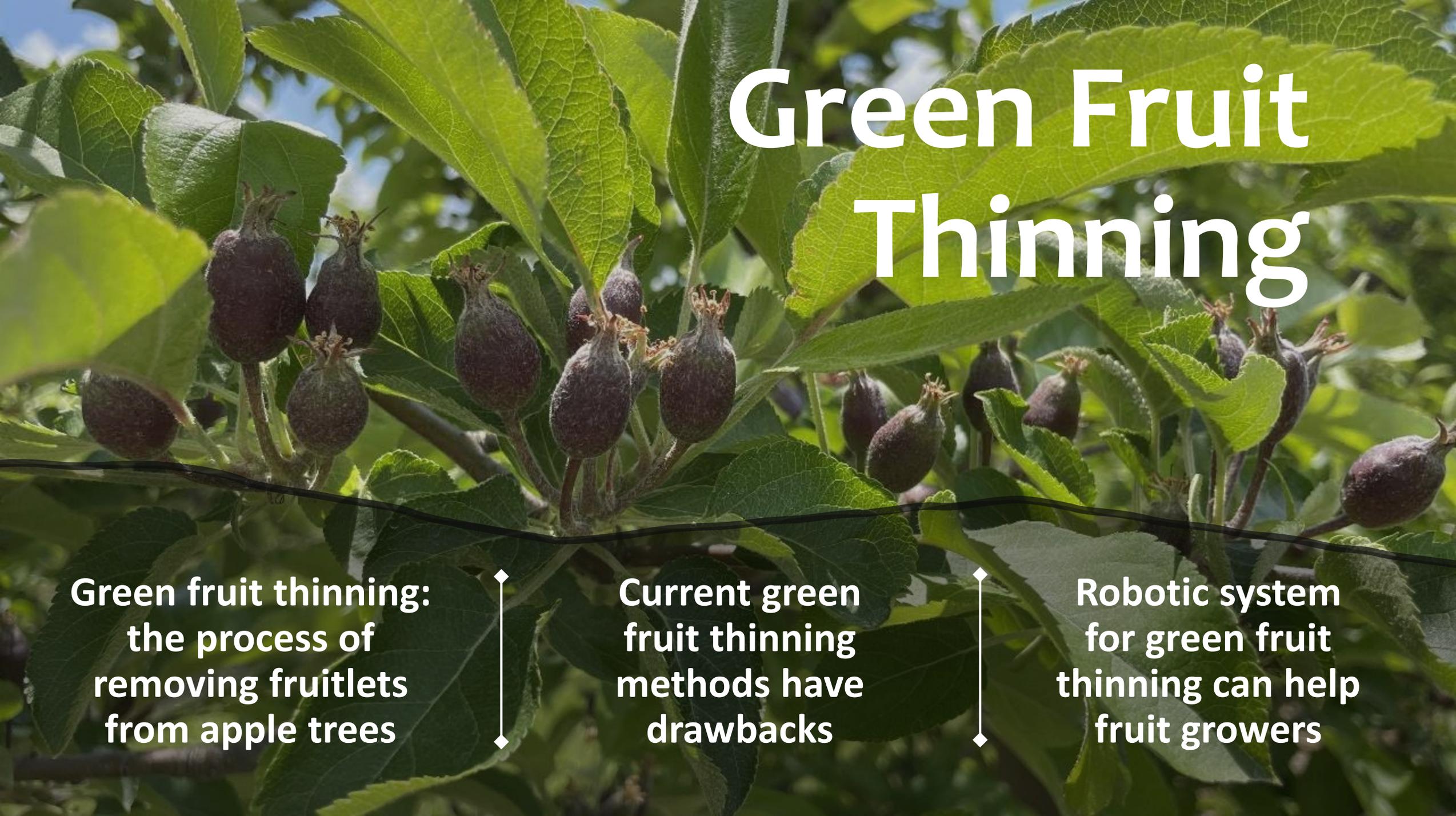
\$3.05 billion in utilized production in US

Several tasks for apple production:

- Harvesting
- Pruning
- Thinning



Green Fruit Thinning



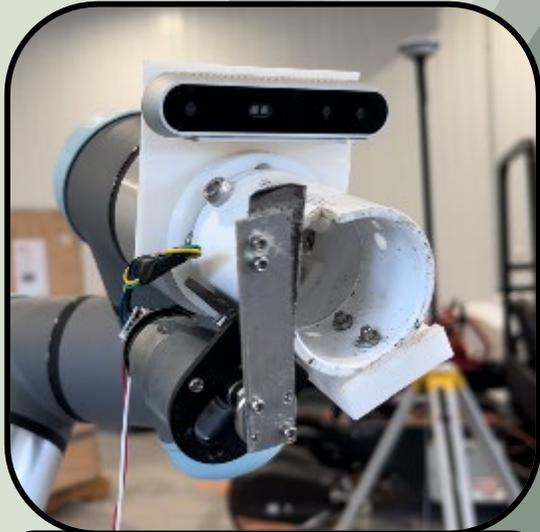
Green fruit thinning:
the process of
removing fruitlets
from apple trees

Current green
fruit thinning
methods have
drawbacks

Robotic system
for green fruit
thinning can help
fruit growers

Robotic Green Fruit Thinning System

Project Goal: to develop a robotic green fruit thinning system for apple production



**FRUIT REMOVAL
END-EFFECTOR**



**THINNING VISION
SYSTEM**



**PATH PLANNING &
SEQUENCING**



**SYSTEM
INTEGRATION**

PHASE 1

PHASE 2

Green Fruit Thinning Vision System

Purpose: to detect target green fruit and generate target end-effector positions



**Segmentation
& Orientation
Estimation**



**Fruit and Stem
Pairing**



Fruit Clustering



**Thinning
Decision-Making**



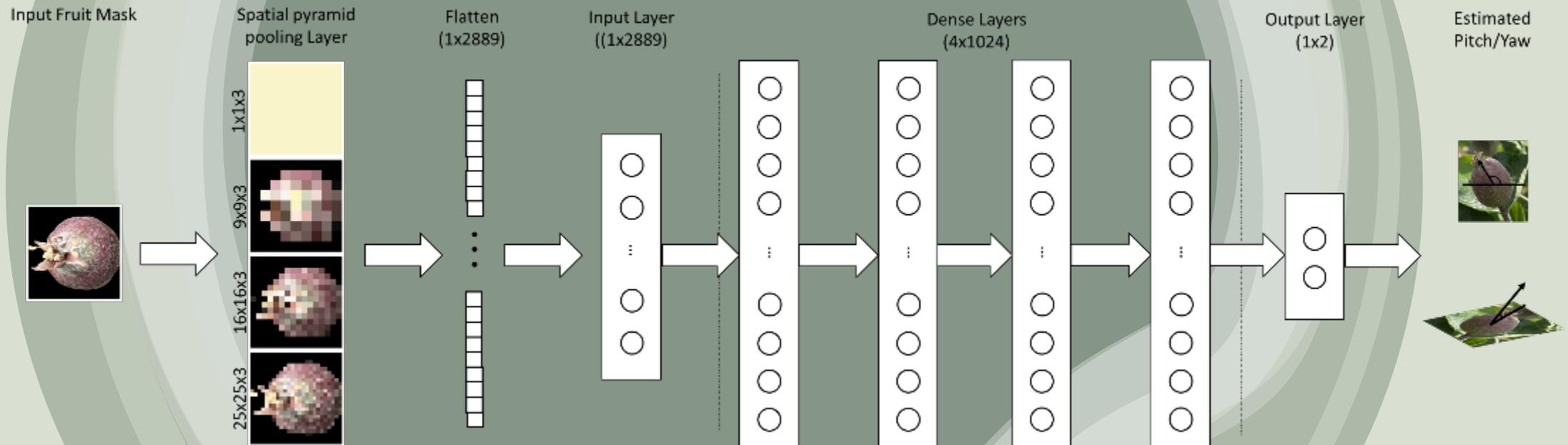
**Target End-
Effector Position
Generation**

3D Green Fruit Orientation Estimation

Goal: to estimate yaw and pitch of green fruit from 2D masks for proper orientation of end-effector

METHOD:

DNN-based using spatial pyramid pooling

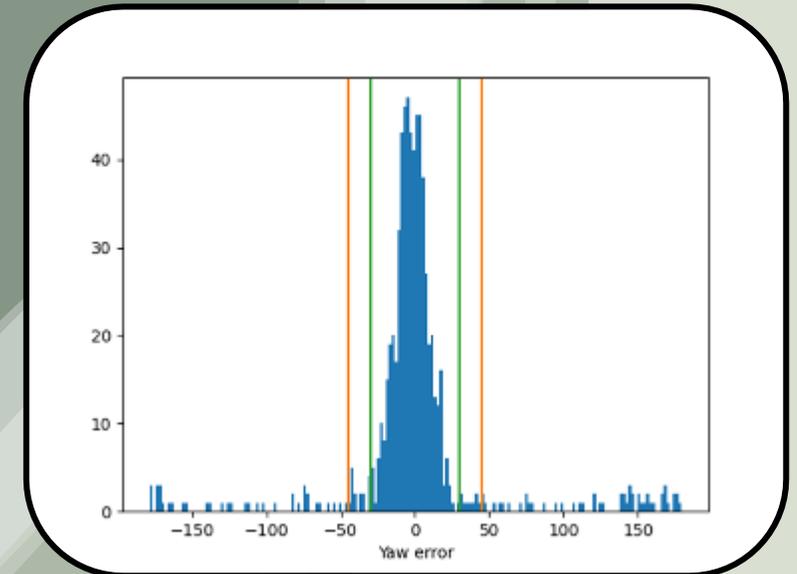
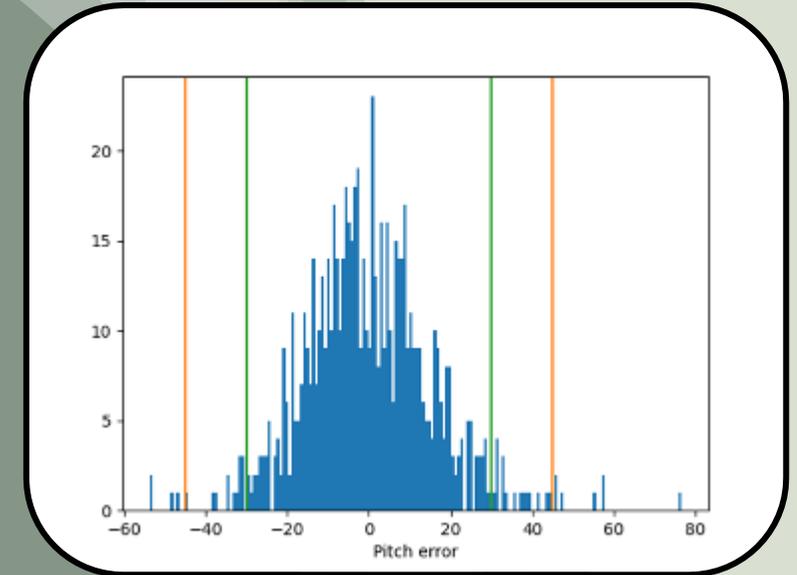


DATASET:

524 images of GoldRush, Fuji, and Golden Delicious
Train/Val/Test Split: 70/15/15

3D Orientation Estimation Results

	PITCH	YAW
% ERRORS WITHIN 30 DEGREES	93.4	84.2
% ERRORS WITHIN 45 DEGREES	98.4	87.6
% ERRORS GREATER THAN 90 DEGREES	N/A	8.7



- Differences between pitch and yaw performance likely due to tighter relative yaw constraints
- Majority of estimates accurate enough for proper encapsulation by end-effector

Conclusions & Future Work

3D orientation estimation achieved the following results:

- Yaw – 84.2%
- Pitch – 93.4%

Improvements to neural network structure could improve performance

Future work:

- Evaluate 3D segmentation performance
- Use 3D data for clustering and thinning decision-making

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- James Schupp
- David Lyons

Ag Robotics & Sensing Lab

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