

# Plant Breeding = Fantastic Possibilities!



Credit: Tyrone Spady and John Lieu



Teosinte vs. maize

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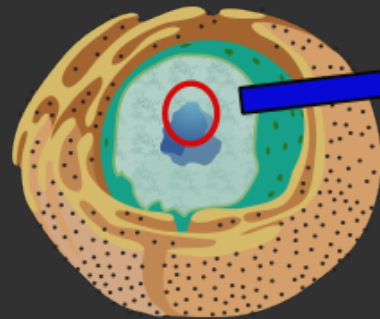
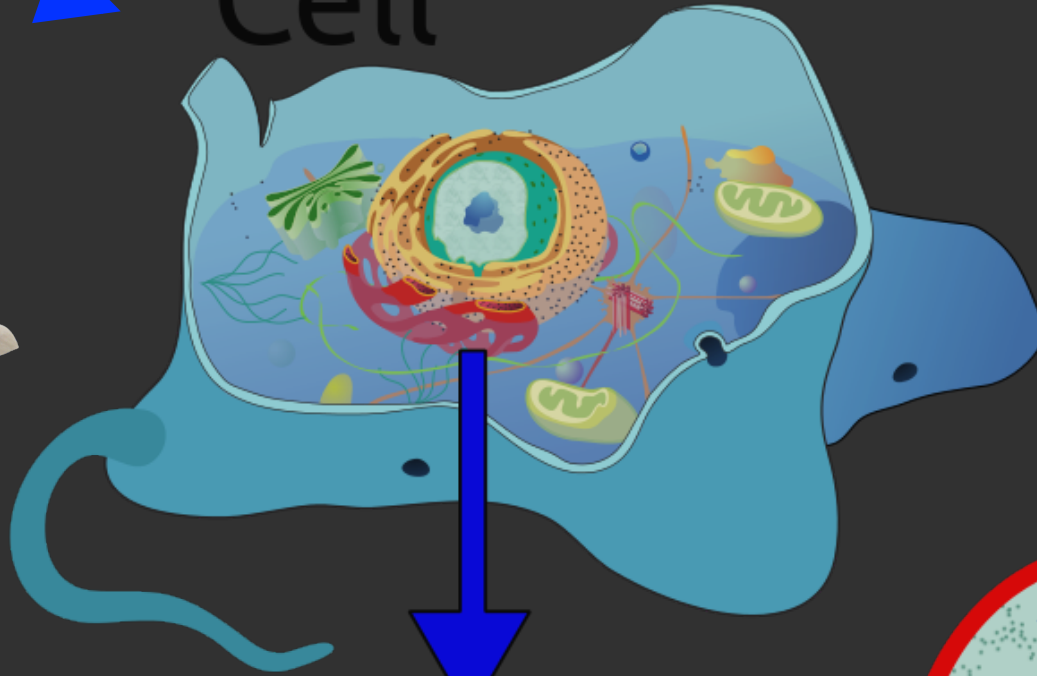


Credit: The International Maize and Wheat Improvement Center (CIMMYT)

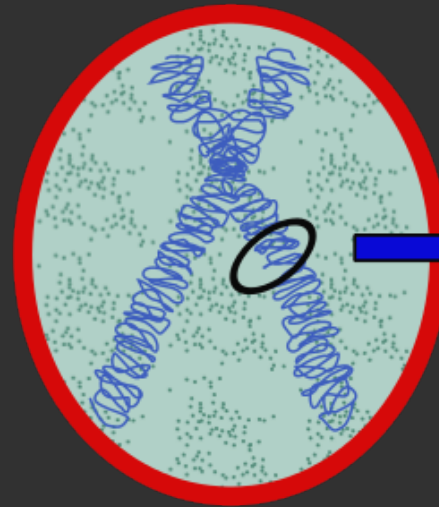


Organism

Cell

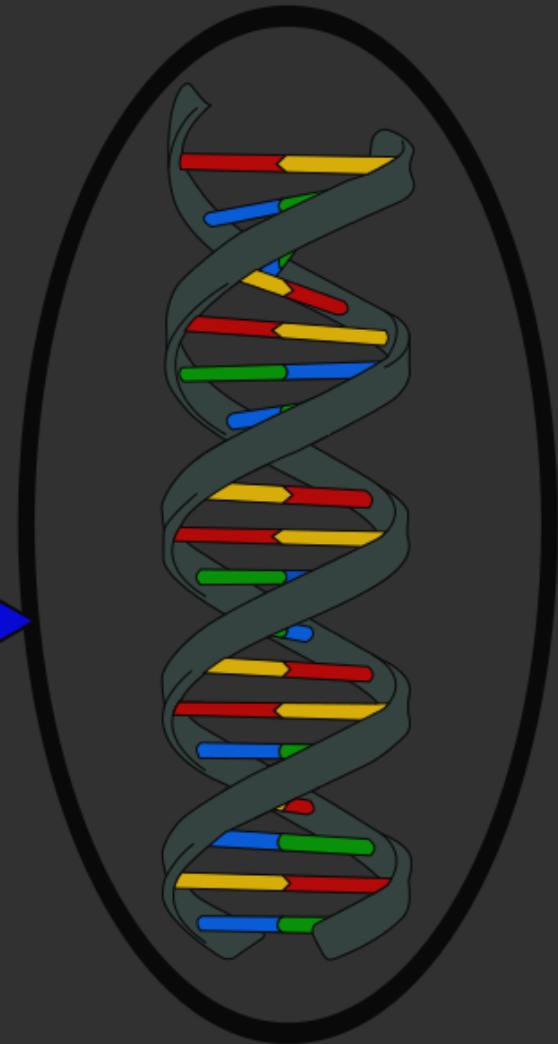


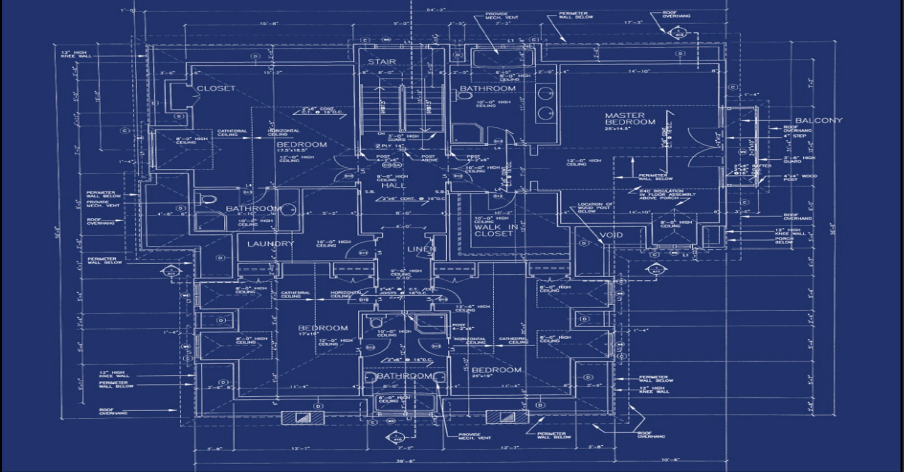
Nucleus



Chromosome

DNA





[www.urbansamurai.com](http://www.urbansamurai.com)

# DNA



# RNA



# Proteins



# Organism



[phoenixtesting.com](http://phoenixtesting.com)



[http://www.doschdesign.com/products/3d/Building\\_Materials\\_Vol\\_2.html](http://www.doschdesign.com/products/3d/Building_Materials_Vol_2.html)



[www.kcestructural.com](http://www.kcestructural.com)

GOAL

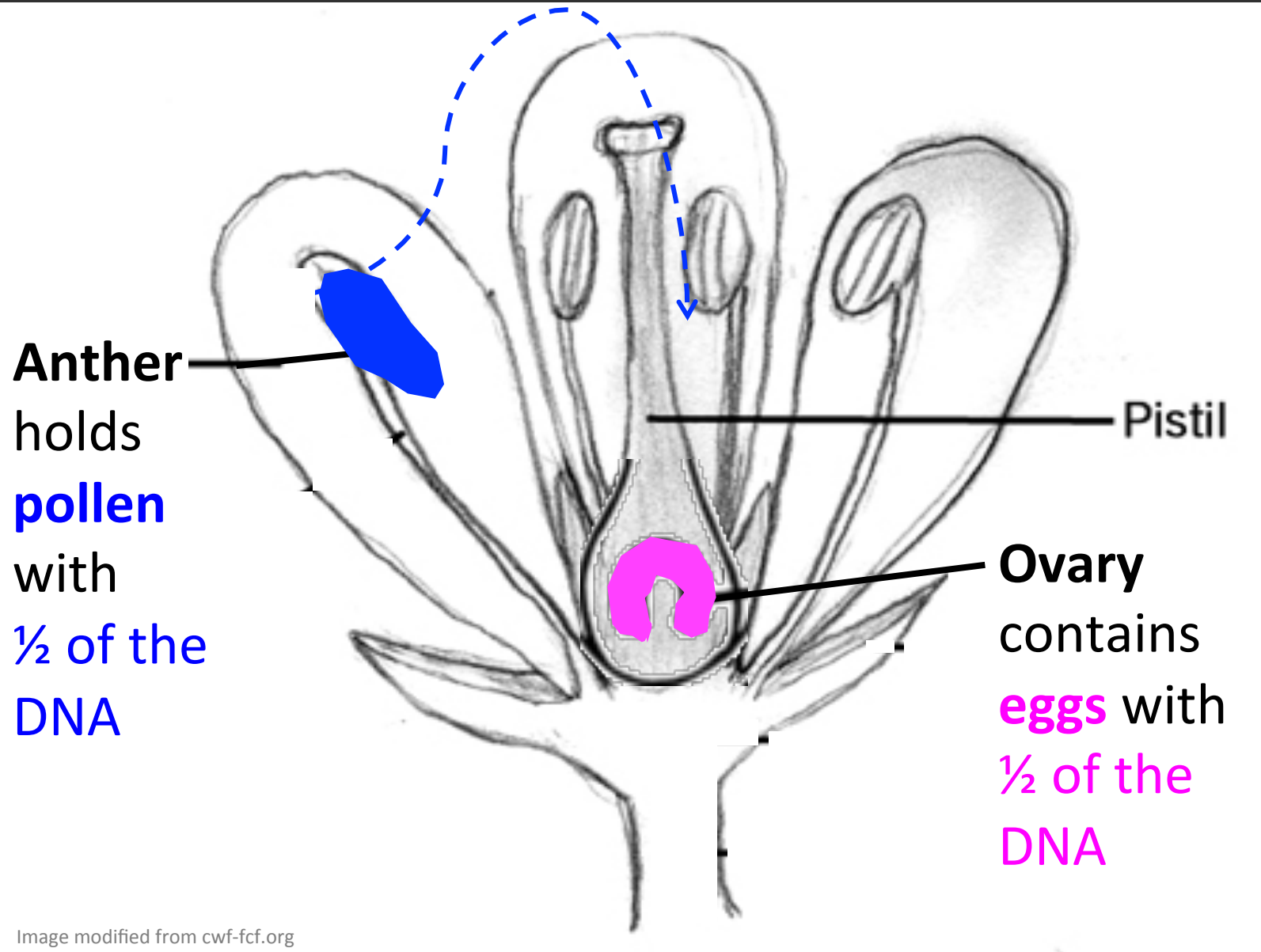
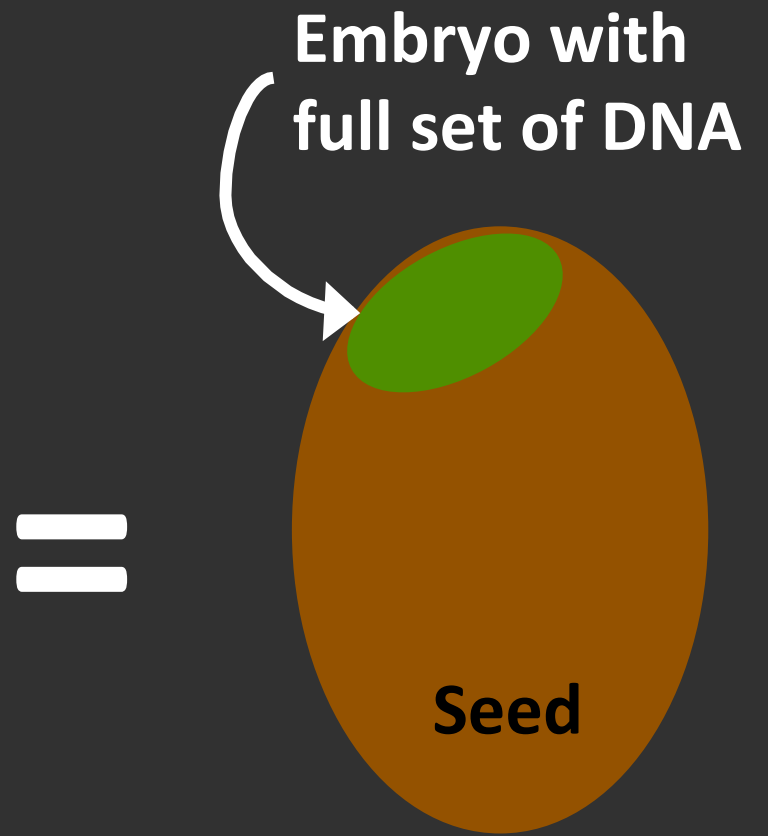
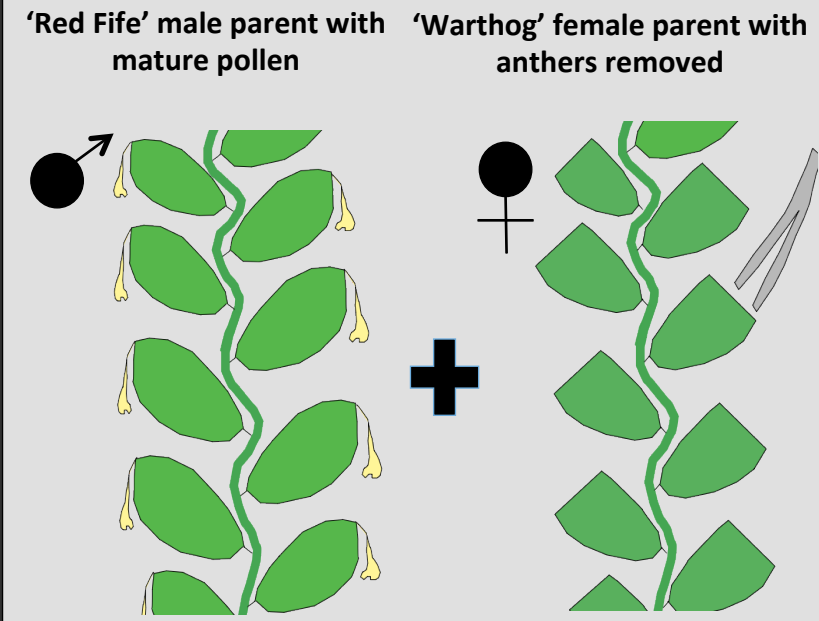


Image modified from cwf-fcf.org



# Reproduction

Human-induced cross pollination in wheat



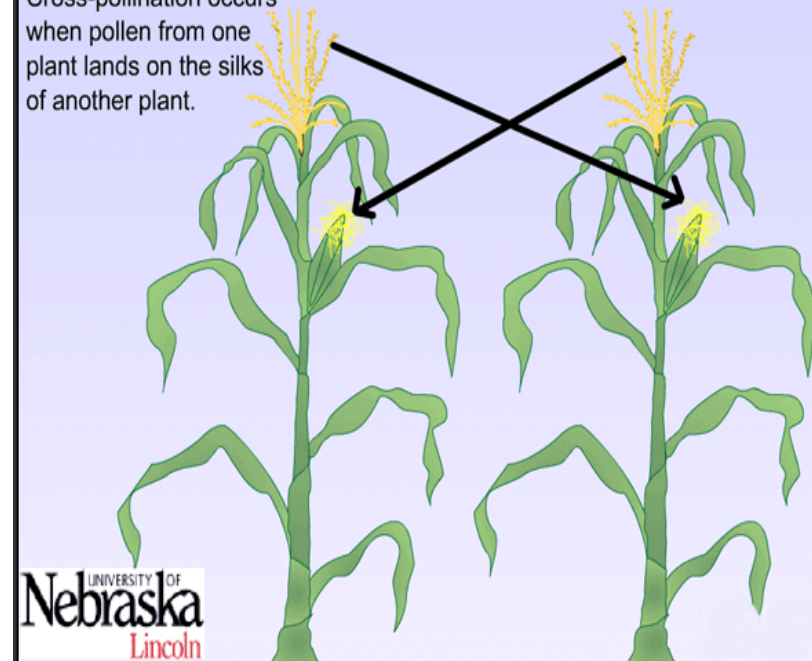
## Self-pollinating

Barley  
Common bean  
Cotton  
Eggplant  
Lettuce  
Oat  
Pea  
Peach  
Peanut  
Pepper  
Rice  
Soybean  
Tomato  
Wheat

## Cross-pollinating

Alfalfa  
Banana  
Carrot  
Cassava  
Cucumber  
Maize  
Onion  
Potato  
Rye  
Sugar beet  
Sunflower  
Sweetpotato  
Watermelon

Cross-pollination occurs when pollen from one plant lands on the silks of another plant.



# Wheat Breeding Demo

Parent 1 **HgHg** x Parent 2 **hghg**

F1 hybrid 100% **Hghg**

F2 50% **Hghg** + 25% **HgHg** + 25% **hghg**

F3 25% **Hghg** + 75% **HgHg** or **hghg**

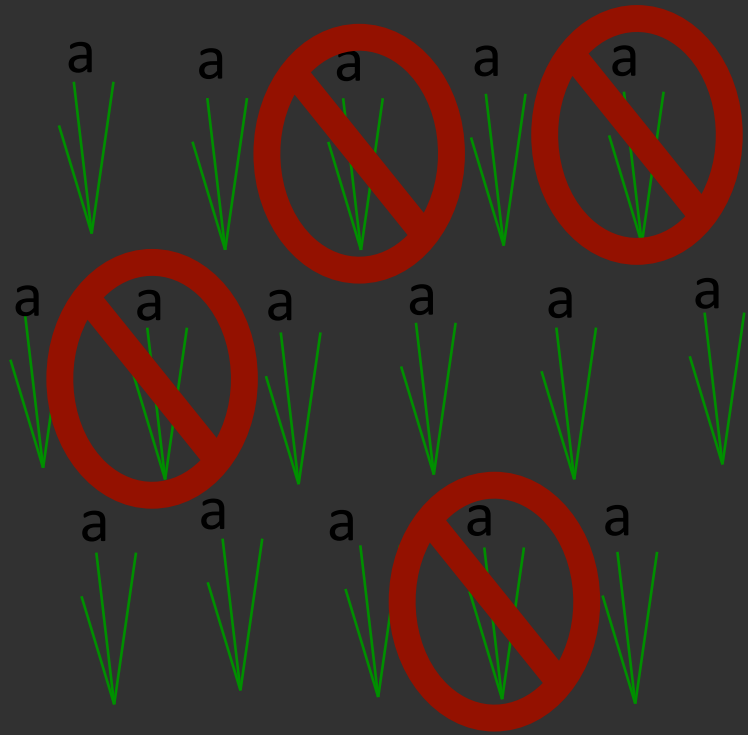
F4 12.5% **Hghg** + 87.5% **HgHg** or **hghg**

F5 6.3% **Hghg** + 94.7% **HgHg** or **hghg**

F6 3.1% **Hghg** + 96.9% **HgHg** or **hghg**

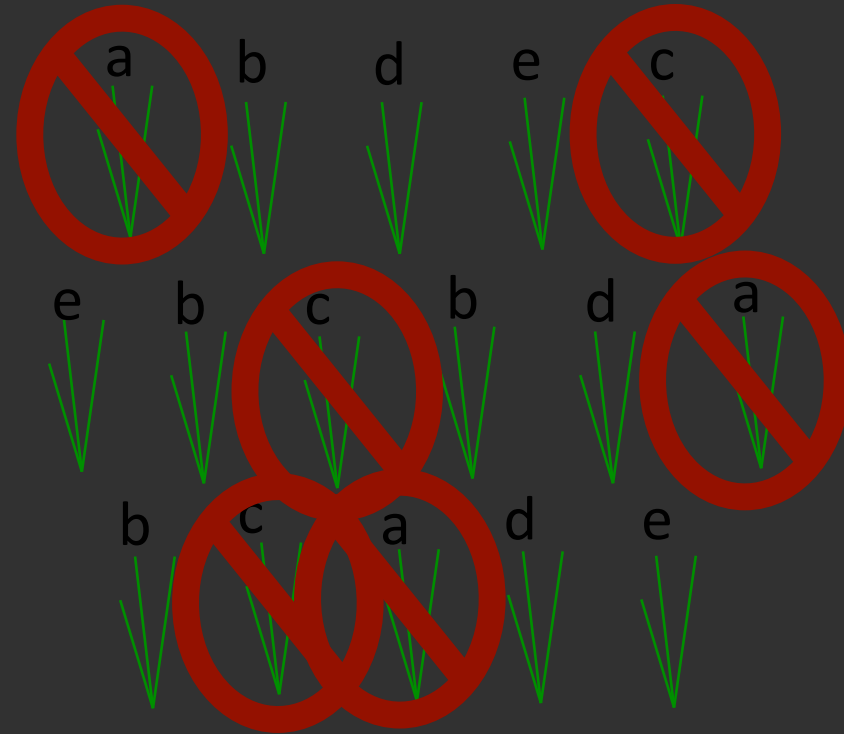
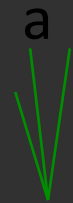


# Pure Lines vs. Populations



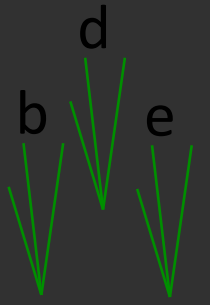
'AC Walton'

=



'Red Fife'

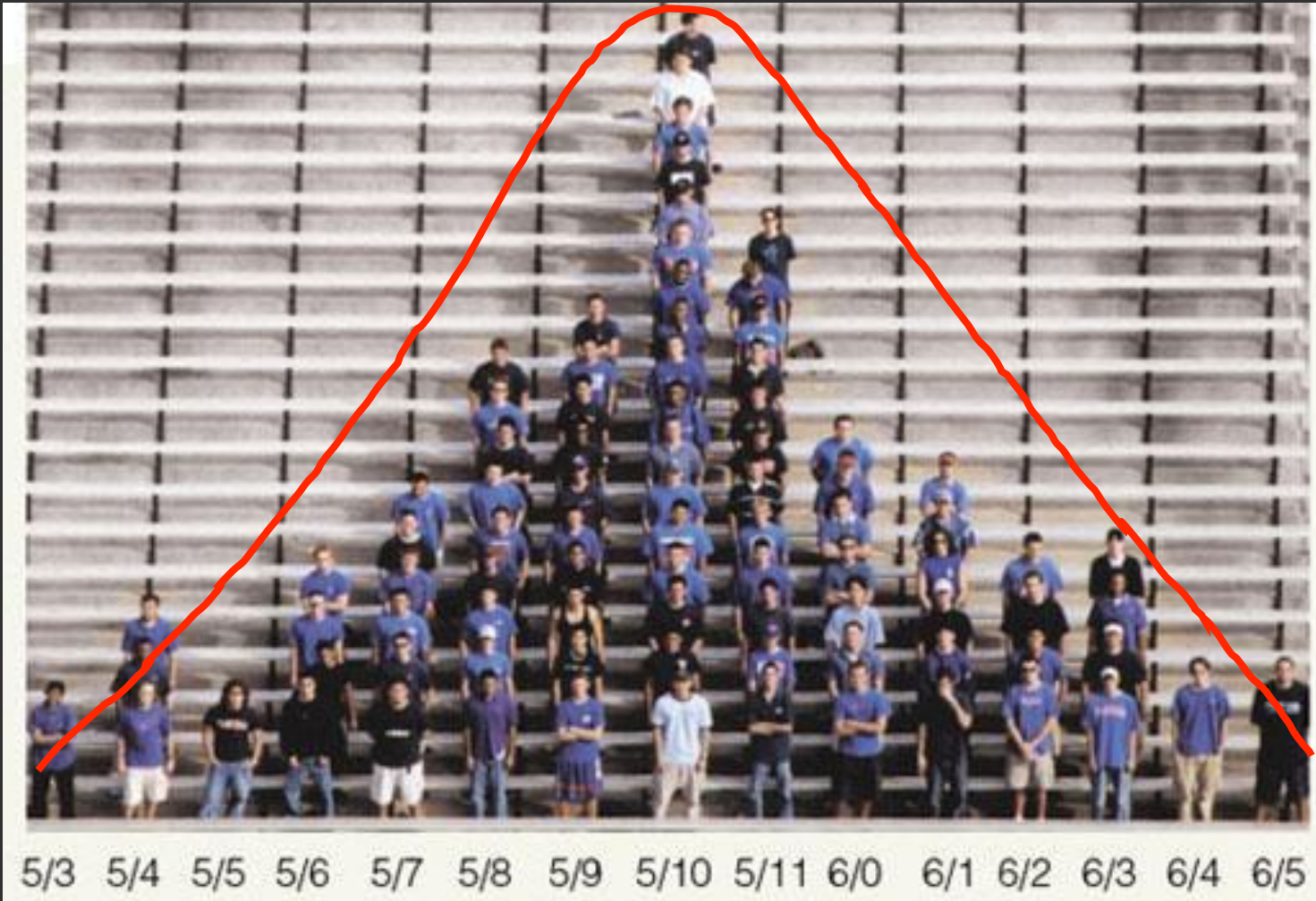
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# Environment



# Quantitative Traits



Height

Yield =  
Plants per area x  
Heads per plant x  
Grains per head x  
Weight per grain