



Seed Production & Market Opportunities for Maize, Peppers, Garlic and more

Zachary Paige, North Circle Seeds and University of Minnesota Extension RSDP
Rodrigo Cala, Cala Farm

SARE Farmer Rancher Grant - An Idea

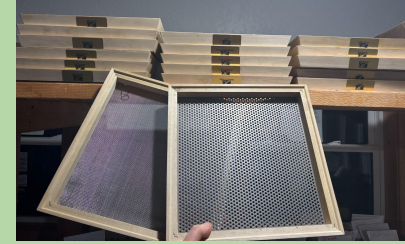
Farmers;

- Rodrigo Cala
- Zachary Paige
- Javier Garcia



Needs to get Started

- **Specialized Equipment**
 - For Planting
 - Corn planter
 - Drying
 - Drying Racks
 - Drying area - Greenhouse
 - Seed Cleaning
 - Seed Screens
 - Agriculex Corn Sheller





Established in 2020
www.northcircleseeds.com

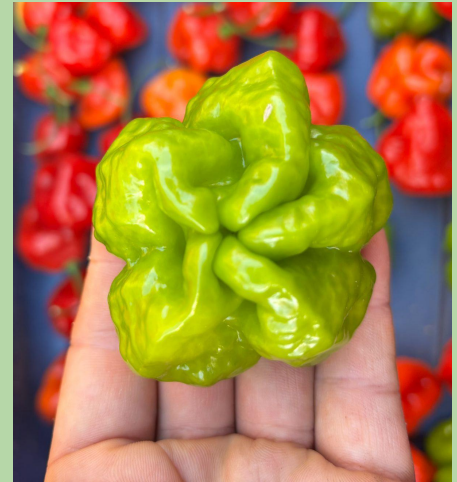
Mission Statement

North Circle Seeds is committed to creating an ecologically diverse, equitable and inclusive foods system. We do this through an intentional relationship with our seeds of Midwestern growers who produce organically grown, regionally adapted seed.

Circle of...

- Life - Season to Season, Year to Year, Generation to Generation
- Growers - Community
- Sustainability, and our Food System
- Relationship with our seeds

TRUE Sustainability!



We can't have a food system without healthy Seed.

Seed BASICS

1. Where to start:

Open-Pollinated vs Hybrid Seed

2. Annual vs. Biennials

3. Pollination, Population & Isolation

4. Harvest & Cleaning.

Hybrid

- Are varieties resulting from Pollination between genetically Distinct parents.

- Seed is a hybrid

If the seed packet has written on it:

Hybrid

F1

VF

- Hybrids will not produce plants like The parent plants. They could be Sterile or produce a majority of offspring
Unlike themselves because they are Genetically unstable.

Heirloom – Open Pollinated

- These are varieties that have been Grown for so many generations that their physical and genetic qualities are relatively Stable.

- This is the result from the pollination Occurring between the same or genetically similar parents

- *Not Hybrid*

Seed is Abundance!

One Corn Seed will produces  600-800!

One cherry tomato seed will produce  18,000 seeds!

One lettuce seed can produce  500+ seeds!

One cucumber seed can produce  2500+ seeds!

One ground cherry seed produces  20,000 seeds!

One basil seed produces  3000+ seeds!

One eggplant seed produces  over 5000 seeds!

Existing Infrastructure and Market



North Circle Seeds Assets include;

- Specialized growing equipment
 - Isolation cages
- Root cellar
 - Underground Seed and Biennial Plant Storage in ideal conditions for longevity
- Specialized cleaning and marketing equipment
 - Seed screens
 - Winnow Wizard
 - Seed packets, printers, website and printing materials
- Expertise
 - Seed Germination Testing Protocols
 - Selection, breeding strategy of crop production
 - Knowledge/Access of publicly available seed sources

New Equipment

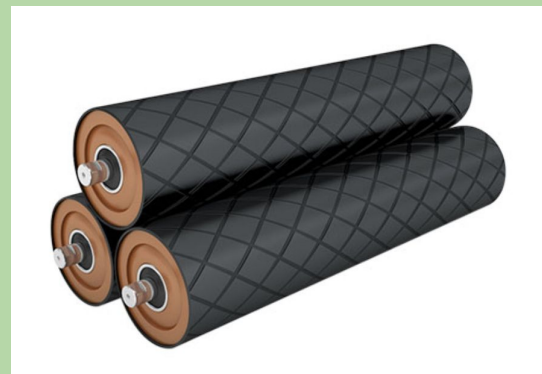
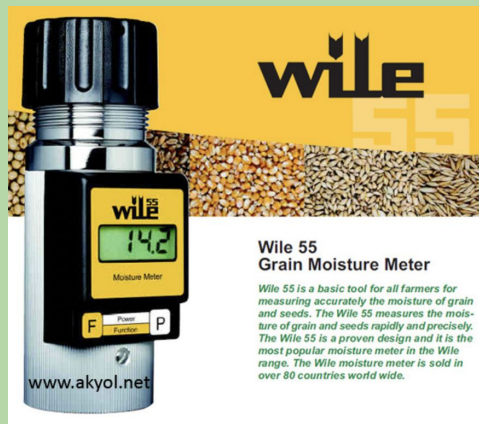
- 4 Row Corn Planter (Javier) - For planting White Corn
- Drying Racks (Rodrigo) - For drying garlic and peppers @ Cala Farm
- Seed Screens (Zachary) - For cleaning pepper and other small seed @ North Circle Seeds farm
- Agriculex Corn Sheller - (Shared use @ Javier's Farm in Long Prairie) - For shelling food grade corn.

White Corn



Corn - Seed Saving Considerations

- Wind Pollinated, Isolate 1/4 mile from other corn
- Drying Rack - keep constant airflow - check humidity
- Agriculex Corn Sheller - has Rubber rollers, keeping kernel integrity ideal for food and seed saving



Agriculex - SCS2

SCS-2: Single Corn Sheller



Single Ear Corn Sheller

Features:

- Little to no seed carryover through careful design
- Can Handle a very wide range of ear shapes and sizes without changes
- Minimal kernel damage with rubber-covered shelling rollers
- Designed for efficient use by a single operator
- Clean operation thanks to suction-type seed cleaner with zippered bag for dust collection

Data

| | |
|-------------|--------|
| Length (mm) | 800 |
| Width (mm) | 700 |
| Height (mm) | 1320 |
| Motor | 3/4 HP |



White Corn - Value Added Products - Tortillas



Nixta



Wet Grind



Press



Cook



Store

White Corn - Cost Analysis

| Equipment | 4 row Corn Planter | Tine Weeder | Corn Sheller | Total |
|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------|
| Depreciation cost | | | | |
| Cost | \$4,000 | \$4,000 | 10000 | |
| Salvage value | 500 | 500 | 3000 | |
| Useful life | 15 | 15 | 15 | |
| Annual Depreciation | \$233.33 | \$233.33 | \$466.67 | 933.33 |

| Direct Costs | Amounts |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| Seed | 10 lbs @ \$20/lb = \$200 |
| Fertilizer | \$200 |
| Fuel | \$70 |
| Labor | 40 hours = \$400 |
| Subtotal | \$870 |

Total 1/2 acre Growing Cost - Approx \$1800

Corn/Tortillas - Cost Analysis for 1/2 acre

Profit to sell to tortilla producer

Yield - 1200 pounds clean corn

Marketed at \$2/pound = \$2400

Tortillas

10 Pounds corn = 100 tortillas

Direct sales - \$10 / 10 = \$100/ 10 pounds

Value Added - \$10 / pound

| Direct Costs | Costs |
|---|------------------|
| Wet Grinder depreciation (300 for 15 years) | 20 |
| Calcium Hydroxide | 20 |
| Griddle depreciation (200 for 20 years) | 10 |
| Labor | 20 hours = \$200 |
| Totals | 250 |

Hardneck Garlic!



Hardneck Garlic



How to Grow Garlic Video @ www.northcircleseeds.com

More Seed Saving Videos to come

with the **University of Minnesota Extension**

<https://extension.umn.edu/planting-and-growing-guides/saving-vegetable-seeds>



Growing Garlic - Enterprise Analysis

| Direct Costs | Amount | Cost |
|---------------------|--|-------------|
| <i>Starter Seed</i> | <i>\$25/lb x 300 lbs = 12,000 head</i> | <i>7500</i> |
| Fertilizer | 800 lbs poultry Manure | 520 |
| Mulch | 150 bales x \$5/bale | 750 |
| Labor | \$10 / hr x 200 | 2000 |
| Total Costs | | 3270 |

| Yield | Amount per Pound | \$\$\$ |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| Total Yield | Approximately 1200 Pounds | \$18,000 |
| Seed saved for next year | 300 Pounds | 7500 |
| Sell 485 lbs as seed | 25/lb | 12,125 |
| 150 pounds to grocery | 7/lb | 1050 |
| Bad (diseased) Garlic - Throw away | 200 lbs | 0 |
| Grade B Garlic | 80 lbs | 160 |

Garlic

Value Added Products



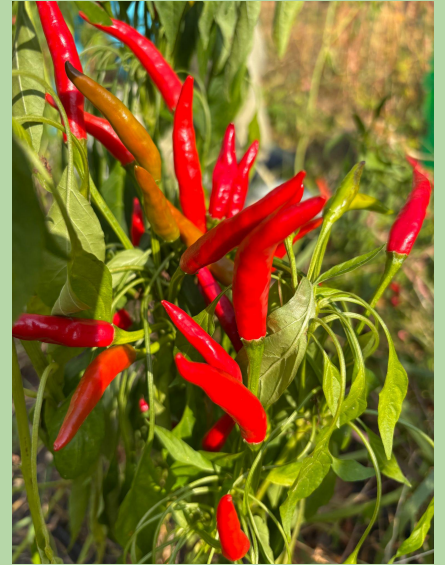
Garlic Salt - Enterprise Analysis

| Garlic Salt Expenses | Quantity | Cost |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|
| 4 oz Jars | 200 | \$200 |
| Dehydrator | 1 | \$300 |
| Grinder | 1 | \$300 |
| Salt | 25 lbs | \$100 |
| Grade B Garlic | 80 lbs | \$160 |
| | total | \$1,060 |
| | | |
| Garlic Salt Sales | 200 @ \$8/jar | \$1,600 |



Peppers

Serrano, Jalapeño, Chile de Arbol



Peppers and Chiles

- “Promiscuous” selfers so separate different varieties by at least 50ft.
- Isolation by caging if needed or by space.
- Population size 10+
- Plant 18-24” apart for seed
- Loves high temperatures during flowering and fruit set.
- wear gloves when harvesting hot pepper seed!!!
- 1-3 oz per plant of seed!
- \$35 per oz commercially



Peppers - Enterprise Analysis

| Direct Costs | Amount | Cost |
|---------------------|-----------|------|
| Seed | 500 seeds | \$50 |
| Trays/starter soil | 80 | 80 |
| Transplanting Labor | 20 hours | 200 |
| Cultivating Labor | 40 | 400 |
| Subtotal | | 730 |



Pepper Caging



Peppers - Seed Saving Tips

- Isolation - by 250+ feet, or by caging. Strategy - Plant pollinator plants surrounding each variety
- Dry in dehydrator with no heat
- Thresh and crush seeds from dry peppers and separate.



Peppers - Value added Product, Hot Sauce



Fermentation



Pit Boss Smoker



Smoked Peppers



Chipotle Hot Sauce

Value Added Products - Shared Production Kitchen



Flowers - Marigolds



Seed Enterprise Economics

| | Southern Exposure Seed Ex <i>Virginia</i> | | Fedco Seeds <i>Maine</i> | | High Mowing Seeds <i>Vermont</i> | | Baker Creek Heirloom Seeds <i>Missouri</i> | | Sow True Seed <i>North Carolina</i> | |
|------------------|--|-------------|---|----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--|------------|---|------------|
| | (certified or not) | | (certified or not; pays 10% less for conventional) | | (certified only) | | (certified or not) | | as of 2017 season (certified or not) | |
| Crop Type | Lbs needed | \$/lb | Lbs needed | \$/lb | Lbs needed | \$/lb | Lbs needed | \$/lb | Lbs needed | \$/lb |
| Amaranth | | | 0.5-4 lbs | \$50-\$100 | | | | \$45-75 | 1-2 lbs | \$80 |
| Beans, Cowpea | 10-400lbs | \$4 - \$15 | 30-300 lbs | \$3.50-\$7.00 | 500-3000 | \$3.00-\$5.00 | 50+ | \$8 | 10-150lbs | \$12 |
| Brassicas | 1-10lbs | \$60-\$120 | 5-8 lbs | \$70-\$80 | | | | varies | 3-15 lbs | \$55 |
| Collards | 1-10lbs | \$60-\$160 | 20 lbs | \$60 | 25-100 | \$35.00-\$45.00 | | | 3-15 lbs | \$55 |
| Corn | 10-1000lbs | \$6-\$8 | 50-500lbs | \$6.50-\$10.00 | 500-2000 | \$9.00-\$12.00 | 50+ | \$8-10 | 25-200lbs | \$25 |
| Rare Corn | 2-30lbs | \$10-\$20 | | | | | | \$12-15 | 15-50 lbs | \$25 |
| Cucumbers | 3-30lbs | \$50-\$60 | 5-20lbs | \$40-\$65 | 25-300 | \$25.00-\$45.00 | | \$55 | 1-8lbs | \$60 |
| Eggplant | 0.25-10lbs | \$320-\$560 | 1# | \$300-#400 | 2-10 | \$150.00-\$350.00 | | \$320 | 1/4 -1lb | \$480 |
| Lettuce | 0.25-10lbs | \$60-\$160 | 2-30lbs | \$50-\$80 | 10-100 | \$50.00-\$70.00 | | \$240 | 1-5 lbs | \$320 |
| Melon | 1-10lbs | \$60-\$80 | 3-12lbs | \$50 | 50-200 | \$25.00-\$50.00 | | \$60 | 1-5lbs | \$55 |
| Okra | 5-60lbs | \$30-\$32 | | | | | | \$30 | 5-15 lbs | \$55 |
| Onion | | | | | | | | | | |
| Peas | 10-500lbs | \$4-\$8 | 50-300lbs | \$3.5- \$7 | 500-5000 | \$3.00-\$3.50 | | 8 | 25-150lbs | \$3-\$10 |
| Peppers | 0.25-10lbs | \$320-\$560 | .5 - 3lbs | \$200-\$350 | 3-10 | \$200.00-\$350.00 | | \$480- 120 | 1/4 -1lb | \$480 |
| Squashes | 3-50lbs | \$50-\$60 | 25-50lbs | \$25-\$50 | 50-1000 | \$15.00-\$50.00 | | \$55 | 2-15 lbs | \$55 |
| Tomatoes | 0.25-10lbs | \$320-\$560 | 0.5 - 3lbs | \$280 - \$360 | 2-10 | \$300.00-\$350.00 | | \$350 | 1/4-1lb | \$480 |
| Flowers | 1-5lbs | \$80-\$320 | 1-10 lbs | \$50-\$150 | | \$30.00-\$100.00 | | \$10-400 | 1/2-10lbs | \$20-\$200 |
| Herbs | | | widely varied | widely varied | | | | varies | 1/2-10lbs | \$20-\$200 |

| Nature & Nurture Seeds <i>Michigan</i> | | Seed Savers Exchange <i>Iowa</i> (certified or not) \$/lb depends on variety as well as production method; Lbs needed is a typical range per variety that we need in any given year. Contact SSE for updated list. | |
|--|-------------|---|-------------|
| Lbs needed | \$/lb | Lbs needed | \$/lb |
| Pandemic has changed this info, we're still figuring it out | \$100 | 1-3l | \$50-\$100 |
| | \$9-\$15 | 100-1,000 | \$6-\$15 |
| | \$50-\$160 | 10-30 | \$50-\$90 |
| | \$100-\$160 | 5-30 | \$35-\$75 |
| | \$14 | 200-5000 | \$4-\$14 |
| | \$25 | 100-200 | \$14-\$20 |
| | \$72 | 10-120 | \$20-\$50 |
| | | | |
| | \$160 | 1-5 | \$100 |
| | \$80 | 20-80 | \$60 |
| | | 20-60 | \$20-\$35 |
| | | 10-20 | \$100 |
| | \$20 | 200-2000 | \$4-\$10 |
| | \$490-\$640 | 1-5 | \$300-\$500 |
| | \$40-\$65 | 10-500 | \$60 |
| | \$490-\$640 | 1-15 | \$300-\$400 |
| | varies | 1-5 | varies |
| | varies | 1-30 | varies |

North Circle Seed Economics of Pepper/Corn Seed

Pepper Seed

- Approx 400 - 500 plants of jalapeno of pepper will produce 1 lb seed
- Pepper - 350 / lb - 80,000 seeds per pound.
- 40 seeds per packet - 2,000 packets x \$4 = Potential \$8,000

North Circle Seed Economics of Corn Seed

- Approx 1/4 acre = 500 pounds selected seed
- 75 seeds = approximately .8 ounce - 20 packs per pound, \$4/pack, \$80 per pound for small packs.

Flower - Marigold Seed

- Approximately 100 seeds per packet, 1232 packets per pound, \$4/pack approximately \$5000 per pound of seed.
- 1200 - 1500 plants to get a pound of seed.

Seed School - Oct 25-27th, 2024

3 Day Seed Saving Weekend on North Circle Seeds Farm

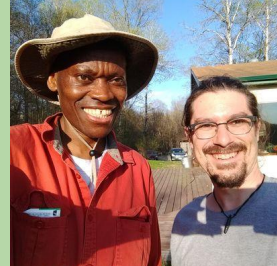
- Grant from West Central Initiative through Sustainable Farming Association
- Train the Trainers on intensive Seed Saving Techniques



Why be a part of a regional Seed Keeping network?

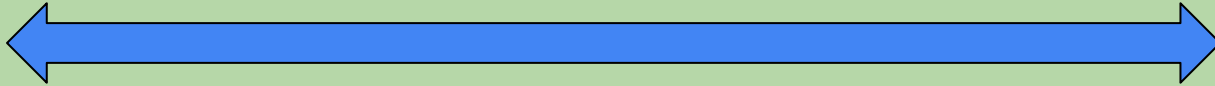
- Increase resiliency of our local seed system, regional specific crops
- Increase seed/plant/food diversity
- Profitable enterprise for local/regional growers
- Close the loop of Sustainability and limit inputs (save \$ by not buying seed)
- Grow together, eat together, bring community together – learn from each other. Learn about diverse cultural foods from our neighbors.
- Tell our seed and food stories with our local community
- Provide seed to local/regional gardens (community, school, housing)
- Others reasons?

It takes a community!



Mating Systems

(Sexual Reproduction)



Selfers

Self-fertilization

Outcrossing prevented

All genes inherited from
one parent

Very well adapted to a
specific niche

Tomato, bean, pea

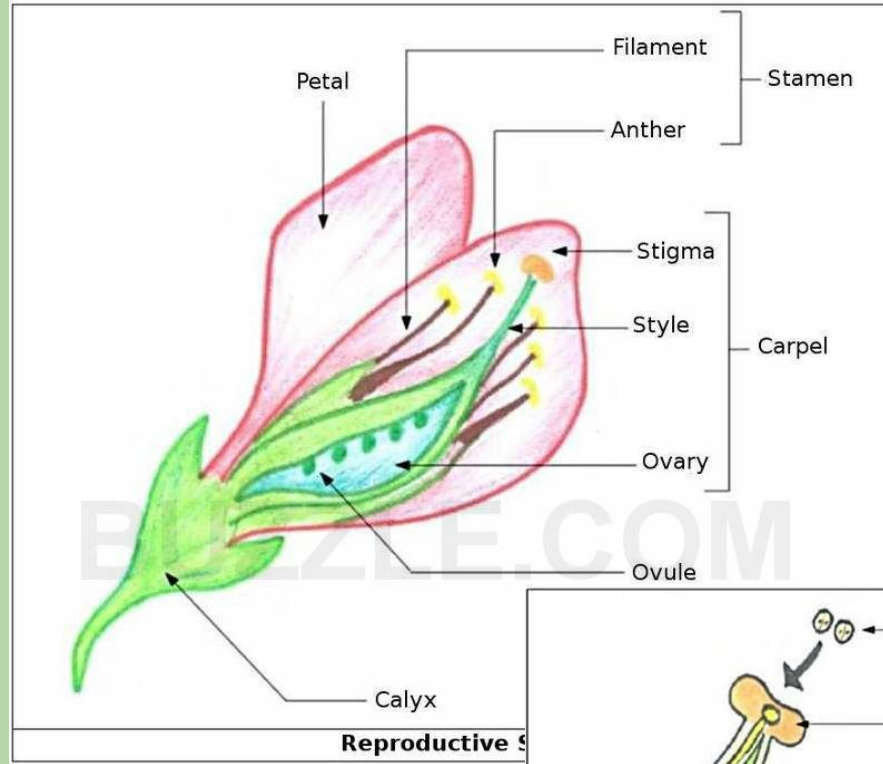
Outcrossers

Cross-pollination-
From wind, insects

Offspring are a mixture of
genes from two parents

Can adapt to changing
environments

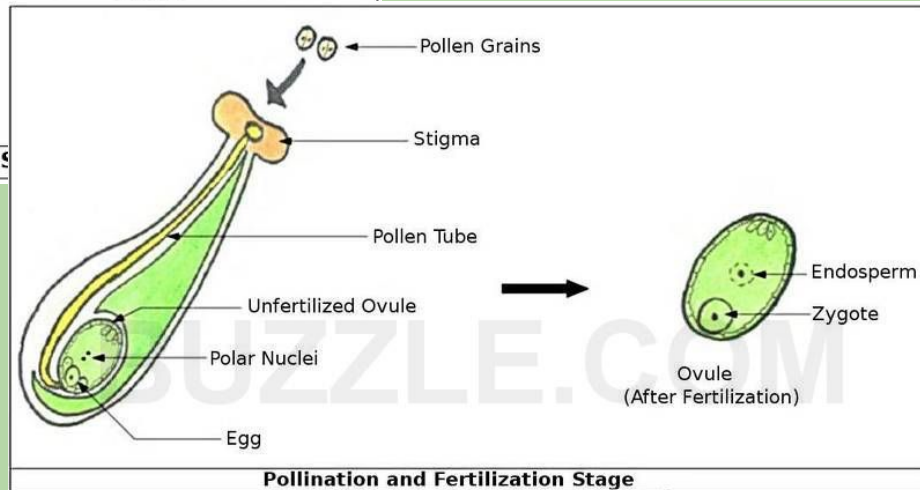
Squash, corn, cabbage



Common Beans Flower: *Phaseolus Vulgaris*

The flowers are
Bisexual,
Complete,
Perfect

They have sepal,
pedal,
stamen and pistal



Minnesota TOPP Program

- Organic Transition Mentor/Mentee Program
- New Organic Website - <https://organicag.umn.edu/>

Organic Agriculture

[Home](#)[Transition to Organic](#)[Research](#)[Teaching](#)[Technical Assistance](#)[Student Organic Farm](#)[Transition to Organic](#) > [Meet Our Mentors](#)

Meet Our Mentors

Transition to Organic Partnership Program (TOPP) Mentors

The Transition to Organic Partnership Program (TOPP) offers a unique opportunity to receive personalized guidance from seasoned organic farmers and producers. Through the TOPP Mentorship Program, you can connect with experienced mentors who can help you learn best practices tailored to your farming operation, prepare your farm for organic certification, and navigate the challenges of organic farming. Meet some of the mentors currently active in the program, and take advantage of this 1-on-1 guidance to move your organic farm forward with confidence.



Ariel Pressman

Status: Available to Mentor

Location: Balsam Lake, WI

Crops: Organic vegetables, organic fruit

Seed Cleaners for small scale production



Winnow Wizard

Wide adjustable range of wind speeds for seeds of all types.

Relatively inexpensive (2k - 3k)



Old grain cleaners

Find screens that work for your needs

*Have you
saved seeds?*

Let's name a couple!!

And if so, why?

And If not, which one are you interested in?

Isolation Options

- Distance
- Species
- Time
- Barriers
- Pollinators
- Use Pollination bags or cages
- Hand pollination

Seed Dryers

Build your own seed dryer. Used for drying down post- harvest.

Make sure dryer has the following components;

- Dry in a naturally low moisture/warm environment
- Seed is in porous containment; on screens, mesh bags
- Air Movement; Fans, crack windows if drying in building
- Heat – space heater
- (Dehydrator)
- Check it! – moisture meter
 - Down to 12% moisture or lower



Seed Storage

Cool, Dark and Dry

- Temp in F + Humidity % < 100
- Before sealing seeds in a jar or plastic bag, make sure it is dried down!!
- Choose space to store seeds that is cool and has minimal temperature fluctuations!

Three steps you can do after drying down seeds to store:

- 1) Put seeds in paper bag (or packet)
- 2) Throw in silica gel packets
- 3) Seal container or jar



Questions?

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NORTH CENTRAL
SARE



**Sustainable Agriculture
Research & Education**

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