



SOIL CON

2023

TAKING PRINCIPLES TO PRACTICE

RESOURCE ROUNDUP




WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Center for Sustaining Agriculture
and Natural Resources



2023

IMPACT**1026***registrants***316,557***acres farmed****27***speakers***19,334,851***acres consulted****11***represented
institutions***>10***cropping system
types**

* represented by registrants



This conference was supported by the WSU Center for Sustaining Agriculture and Natural Resources (CSANR) and the USDA Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education program (SARE). This material is based upon work that is supported by the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, U.S. Department of Agriculture, under award number G203-22-W7905 through the Western Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education program under project number WSP20-008 and ESP20-001. USDA is an equal opportunity employer and service provider. Any opinions, findings, conclusions, or recommendations expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the view of the U.S. Department of Agriculture

overview

2023 AGENDA

February 14th, 2023

THE SOIL HEALTH PRINCIPLES

WA State Soil Health Initiative Update- Dani Gelardi, WSDA

Fertilizer pricing: implications for farm management- Gary Schnitkey, UI Urbana-Champaign

Lightning Talks Round 1-
Bradley Crookston, USU
Brady Goettl, NDSU
Madeline Desjardins, WSU

Agroecosystems that regenerate soil C over time- Randy Jackson, UW Madison

The role of soil organic matter in soil health: build, store it, and keep it there!-
Kirsten Ball, WSU

Cover Crop Economics-
Michael Brady, WSU

What does "feeding your microbes" really mean?-
Teal Potter, WSU

Can we replace synthetic nitrogen with microbes?-
Maren Friesen, WSU

Key Takeaways

February 15th, 2023

TAKING THE PRINCIPLES TO PRACTICE

Lightning Talks Round 2-
Ali Schultheis, WSU
Cameron Ogilvie, Soil Health Institute
Rachael Plunkett, OSU

Producer Perspectives Panel:
Brad Bailie, Lenwood Farms
Darrin Morrison, Morrison Farms
Douglas Poole, Double P Ranch
Patrick Rawn, Two Mountain Winery

Sustainable Farms & Fields Program Update- Karen Hills, WSCC

Academic Roundtable:
Dani Gelardi, WSDA
Doug Collins, WSU
Erin Silva, UW Madison
Hero Gollany, USDA-ARS
Miguel Cabrera, UGA

Lightning Talks Round 3-
Anita Paneru, WSU
Claire Phillips, USDA-ARS
Evan Domsic, WSU
Rana Farrasati, UN Lincoln

Resource Roundup

SOIL HEALTH RESOURCES & FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES



Dani Gelardi, WSDA

Click title of each presentation to watch recording

WA STATE SOIL HEALTH INITIATIVE OVERVIEW



Key Takeaways:

- The State of the Soils Assessment is live for WA.
- Sustainable Farms and Fields is providing new soil health opportunities.
- The WaSHI Roadmap will guide future WA soil health efforts.

Resources:

[Washington Soil Health Initiative](#)
[WA State of the Soils Assessment](#)

[Sustainable Farms and Fields](#)
[WaSHI Roadmap](#)

Washington Soil Health Initiative's 4 Primary Goals

01 Increase awareness of soil health	02 Document the state of the soils
03 Improve understanding of soil health building practices	04 Increase adoption of soil health building practices

Diverse Solutions for Diverse Soils

Washington Soil Health Initiative



Karen Hills, WSCC

SUSTAINABLE FARMS & FIELDS PROGRAM UPDATE



Key Takeaways:

- SFF is currently open to CDs and other public entities for eligible projects.
- Climate Smart Practices prioritize those that increase carbon storage and reduce emissions of methane and nitrous oxide.

Introduction and Overview

- The primary goal is to increase climate-smart practices – those that increase carbon sequestration and/or reduce GHG emissions - on agricultural lands, rangeland, and aquaculture tidelands.
- It incentivizes producers by providing technical and financial support to implement climate-smart farming practices through conservation districts and other public entities.
- These practices are multi-beneficial: they support farm profitability, protect/improve natural resources, improve soil health, and increase resiliency to various stressors.

Resources:

[Sustainable Farms and Fields](#)
[SFF Program Guidelines](#)
[SFF Guidelines Webinar](#)

[WA Climate Smart Estimator](#)

THE ROLE OF CARBON IN SOIL HEALTH



Randy Jackson, UW Madison

CLIMATE-SMART AGRICULTURE AND HEALTHY SOIL COMES FROM AGROECOSYSTEMS THAT REGENERATE SOIL C OVER TIME

Key Takeaways:

- Pasture and grassland shows greater potential for regenerative systems.
- A goal of systems is to store carbon at all rather than lose carbon.
- Technology can help us assess efficacy, but we have enough information to act in storing carbon.

Resources:

[Jackson Lab Website](#)

[Augarten et al. 2023](#)

[Sanford et al. 2012](#)

[Rui et al. 2022.](#)

[Becker et al. 2022](#)

Summary

1. Annual row crops losing SOC, even with min till and cover crops (Sanford et al. 2012)
2. Well-managed grazing on perennial grasslands promotes persistent SOC (Rui et al. 2022)
3. SOC either growing faster under grassland or shrinking slower (Becker et al. 2022)
4. All 5 soil health principles, fully implemented, key to healthy soil (Augarten et al. 2023)



Kirsten Ball, WSU

THE ROLE OF SOIL ORGANIC MATTER IN SOIL HEALTH: BUILD, STORE IT, AND KEEP IT THERE!

Key Takeaways:

- Microbial necromass is a massive contributor to SOC.
- Soil aggregates can protect SOC from degradation.
- Effects on SOC from organic amendments are over the long-term, not short-term.

Resources:

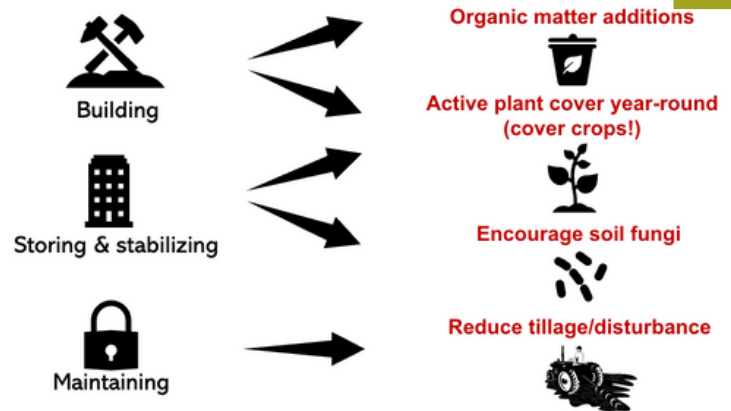
[Kallenbach et al. 2016](#)

[Cortufo et al. 2019](#)

[Weidhuner et al. 2021](#)

[Kan et al 2020](#)

Management take-home messages



THE ROLE OF NITROGEN IN SOIL HEALTH



Teal Potter, WSU

WHAT DOES "FEEDING YOUR MICROBES REALLY MEAN?"

Key Takeaways:

- Feeding your soil microbes can increase or decrease soil C and N, the phrase is not precise.
- The hope for “feed your microbes” is to leverage the services they can provide in working soils, but the science is far from optimizing.
- Microbial communities are resilient
- Back to the basics of keeping soil on your field- if experimenting with biologicals, start small and ask questions.

Resources:

The science behind microbial and biological products

Koch et al. 2018

Will a biological product work in my soil?

Questions to ask:

- 1) Is there a product that targets my soil health need?
- 2) What soil types has the product worked successfully on? How consistently?
- 3) Does it seem feasible that this product/organism can compete with the microbes already present in my soil?



Maren Friesen, WSU

CAN WE REPLACE SYNTHETIC NITROGEN WITH MICROBES?

Key Takeaways:

- Synthetic nitrogen has changed the world.
- Certain crops have mechanisms to fix nitrogen from the atmosphere.
- No silver bullets: use practices to promote the growth and function of existing N fixers.

Resources:

Microbial Inoculants: Silver Bullet or Jurassic Park

Practises to Promote N Fixation



IMPLEMENTING COVER CROPS & RESIDUE MANAGEMENT



Gary Schnitkey, UI Urbana-Champaign

FERTILIZER PRICING: IMPLICATIONS FOR FARMERS

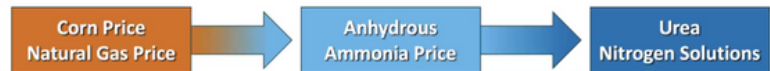
Key Takeaways:

- Corn prices are correlated to fertilizer price (demand).
- Big producers of fertilizers use natural gas.
- Inputs are not guaranteed to be available at historical rates.

Resources:

[Farmdoc Website](#)

Price impacts



Corn price and natural gas price impact positively anhydrous ammonia price

Anhydrous ammonia, urea, and nitrogen solution prices are very highly correlated

Wholesale and retail nitrogen prices are highly correlated

Worst risk situation: Buy high priced nitrogen and corn/wheat prices fall

I will show Illinois retail prices, but are highly correlated with other wholesale, retail and sources prices

ILLINOIS

farmdoc



Michael Brady, WSU

COVER CROP ECONOMICS

Key Takeaways:

- There is a push to place economic value on cover crops' public benefits.
- Increasing prevalence of studies on cover crops and public benefits.
- 1/3 of cover cropping receives financial assistance for the practice.

Resources:

[NRCS Environmental Quality Incentives Program](#)

[Achakulwisut et al. 2019](#)

[NRCS Conservation Stewardship Program](#)

[Jones, 2020](#)

[Wallander et al. 2021](#)

Private (farm-level) Benefits

- Reduced soil erosion
 - Reduced soil compaction
 - Better water infiltration
 - Better water storage
 - Weed and pest suppression
 - Improved nutrient cycling
- Incentive programs still explain a lot of expansion so perhaps too low relative to costs to farmer.

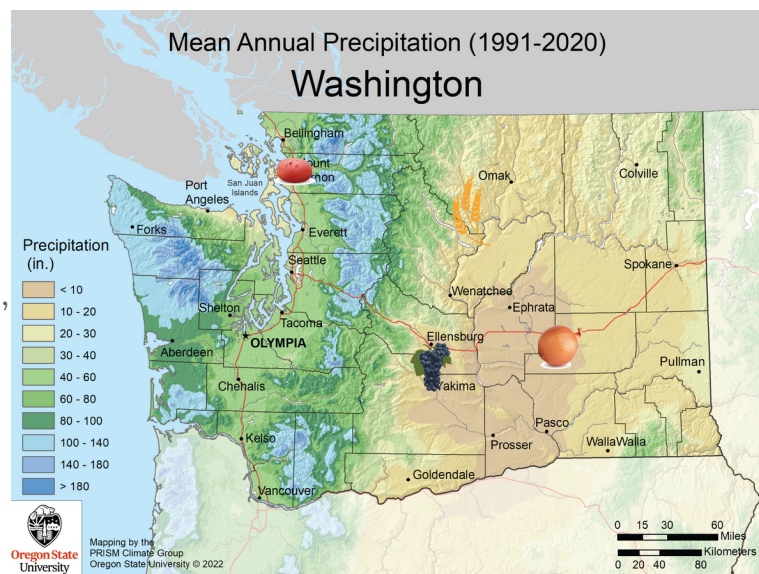
PRACTICAL COVER CROPPING & RESIDUE MANAGEMENT

PRODUCER PERSPECTIVES PANEL

Brad Bailie, Lenwood Farms
Darrin Morrison, Morrison Farms
Douglas Poole, Double P Ranch
Patrick Rawn, Two Mountain Winery

Key Takeaways:

- A practice might not work the first time, ask around and try something different.
- Doing more with less is possible after years of trying.
- Context is the 6th soil health principle.



Resources:

[NRCS Conservation Stewardship Program](#)
[WSU Farmers Network](#)

ACADEMIC ROUNDTABLE

Doug Collins, WSU
Erin Silva, UW Madison
Hero Gollany, USDA-ARS
Miguel Cabrera, UGA

Key Takeaways:

- You don't have to transition all at once.
- Plant 1-2 species cover crop, including a legume, if your climate allows.
- Timing of termination is critical.



Resources:

[Web-Based Model of Cover Crop Residue Decomposition and N Release](#)
[Western Cover Crop Council](#)
[High Residue Cultivation in Organic Strip-Till Sweet Corn](#)
[Roller crimp in Wisconsin](#)
[Midwest Cover Crop Council](#)
[SARE Cover Crop Resources](#)
[Washington's Sustainable Farms and Fields program](#)
[Farmer-led watershed groups in Wisconsin](#)
[Where to find your county extension agent](#)



Bradley Crookston, USU

MICROBIAL RESPIRATION INDICATES SOIL HEALTH IMPROVEMENT FOLLOWING COVER CROPS IN THE MIDWEST

Key Takeaways:

- Measuring soil health metrics help inform effective practices.
- Long-term monitoring will be more accurate as change happens over time.

Resources:

[USU Plants, Soil, and Climate](#)

Take Home Message

Cover crop treatment effects

- Initial observation did not interact with treatment within first 4 years.
- More time needed to see impacts on other indicators.

Farmer Actions:

- Take baseline measures before changing soil management.
- Test 96-hr respiration at least every 3 yrs.
- All other indicators on longer intervals (e.g., 6 yrs); be aware of inherent temporal variability.



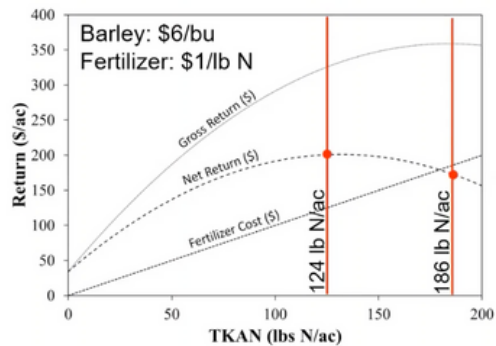
Brady Goettl, NDSU

THE ECONOMIC APPROACH TO NITROGEN MANAGEMENT

Key Takeaways:

- Combining economical nitrogen rates with sustainable soil practices can promote profitability and reduce environmental impact.
- Applying N for maximum yield is not always maximum profitability.

3. Developing Recommendations



Resources:

[NDSU AgHub](#)

[NDSU Soil Health](#)

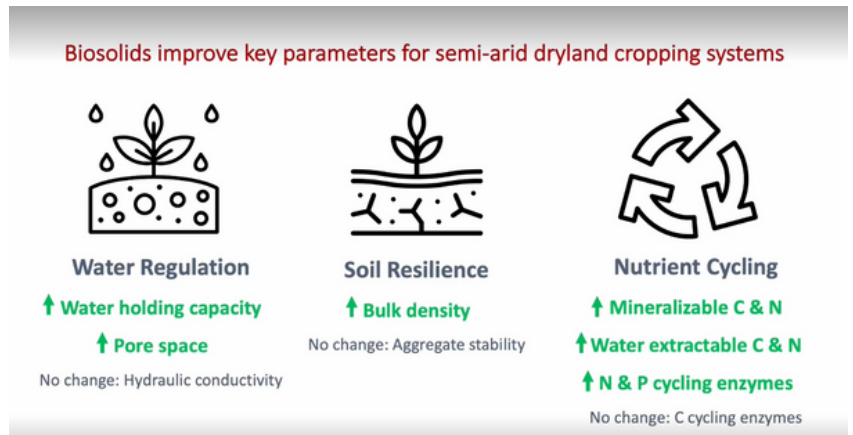


Madeline Desjardins, WSU

EFFECTS OF LONG-TERM BIOSOLIDS APPLICATIONS ON PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL, AND BIOLOGICAL SOIL HEALTH PROPERTIES IN SEMI-ARID DRYLAND SYSTEMS

Key Takeaways:

- Biosolids can be alternatives to synthetic amendments and improve soil health characteristics.
- Biosolids can improve water characteristics in dryland systems.



Resources:

[WSU Mount Vernon NWREC](#)
[King County Biosolids](#)

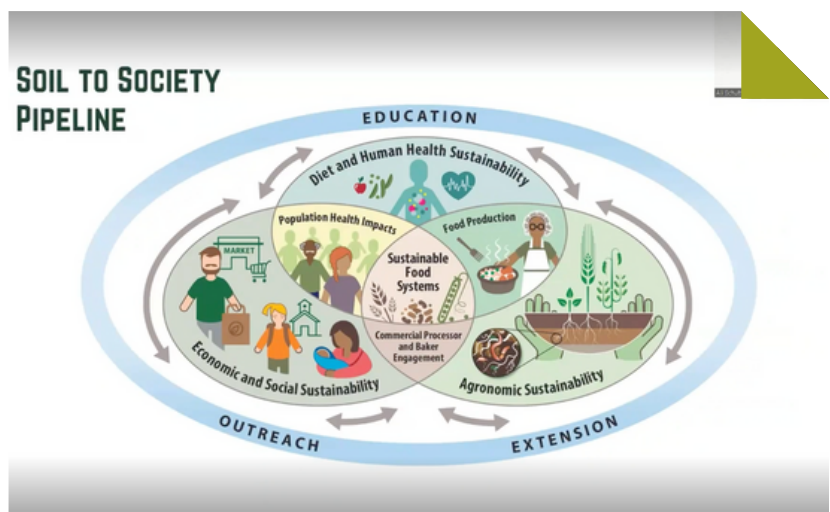


Ali Schultheis, WSU

OPTIMIZING HUMAN HEALTH AND NUTRITION: FROM SOIL TO SOCIETY

Key Takeaways:

- The soil to society pipeline: tracks the flow of nutrients from the ag system through the food production process and into the bodies of consumers.
- Plant breeding can be used to improve quality, not strictly yield.



Resources:

[Soil to Society Website](#)
[@soiltosociety](#) on Twitter and Instagram
[Soil to Society](#) on Facebook and LinkedIn

LIGHTNING TALKS



Cameron Ogilvie, Soil Health Institute

SETTING SOIL HEALTH TARGETS

Key Takeaways:

- Inherent soil properties are determinants of soil health status.
- The Soil Health Institute has simplified the texture triangle and combined with drainage class.

Resources:


[The Soil Health Institute Resources](#)

[Soil Health Institute announces recommended measurements for evaluating soil health](#)

North American Project to Evaluate Soil Health Measurements

Our recommended measurements

1. Soil organic carbon
2. Carbon mineralization potential
3. Aggregate stability



SOIL HEALTH INSTITUTE soilhealthinstitute.org/our-work/initiatives/measurements/



Rachael Plunkett, OSU

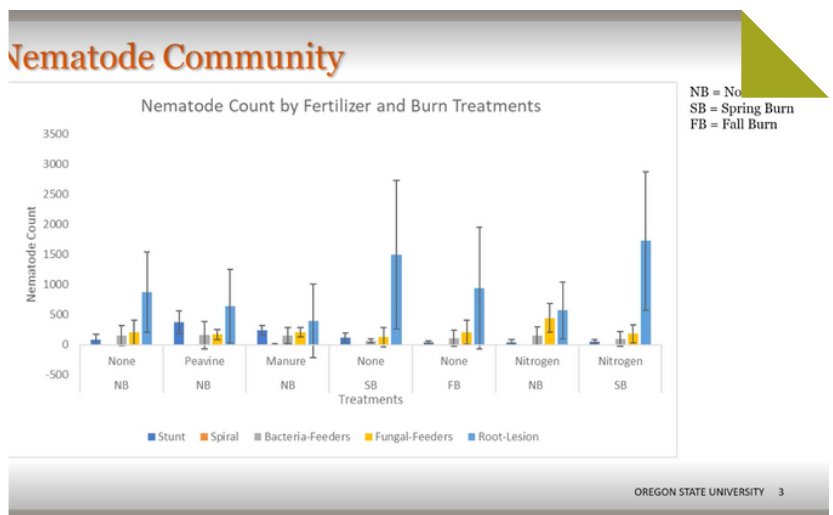
HOW SOIL HEALTH INTERACTIONS CONTRIBUTE TO NEMATODE COMMUNITY IN WHEAT-FALLOW CROPPING SYSTEMS IN NORTHEASTERN OREGON

Key Takeaways:

- More work is to be done investigating nematode communities and soil health.
- Root lesion nematodes are most abundant.

Resources:

[Columbia Basin Agriculture Research Center](#)





Anita Paneru, WSU

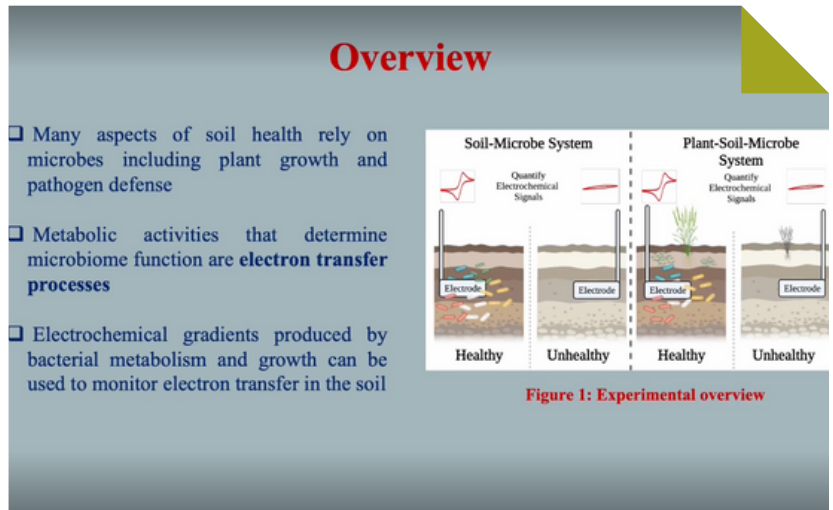
INVESTIGATION OF SOIL MICROBIOMES USING ELECTROCHEMICAL AND MOLECULAR METHODS

Key Takeaways:

- We can measure microbe metabolic activity with electrochemical methods.

Resources:

[WSU Department of Plant Pathology](#)



Claire Phillips, USDA-ARS

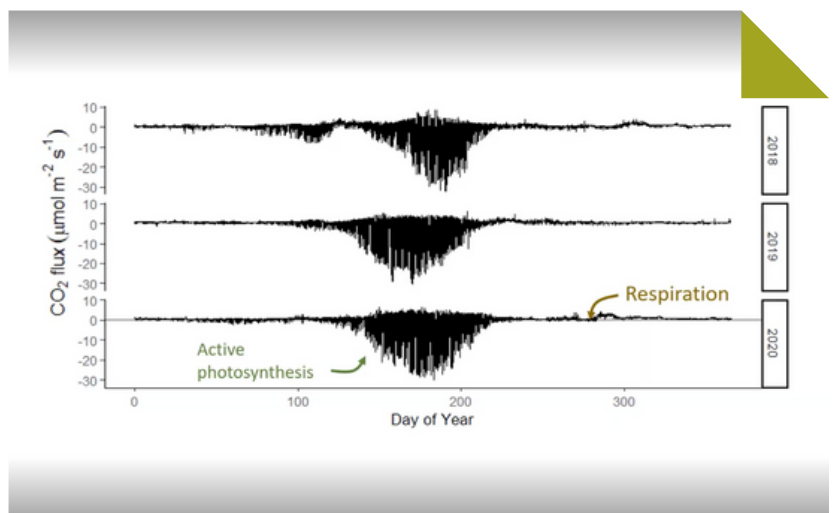
LONG-TERM TILLAGE IMPACTS ON ECOSYSTEM CARBON BALANCE IN A DRYLAND WHEAT SYSTEM

Key Takeaways:

- Changes in soil organic carbon are not uniform across fields.
- CO₂ flux change in direction and amount during the year.
- Wheat is a larger carbon sink than garbanzo and canola in Eastern Washington.

Resources:

[USDA-ARS Northwest Sustainable Agroecosystems Research](#)



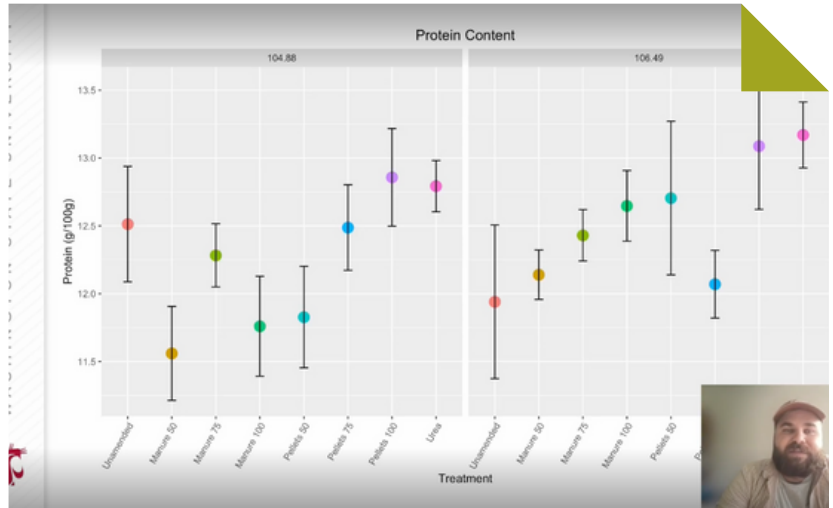


Evan Domsic, WSU

ENHANCING QUINOA NUTRITIONAL QUALITY THROUGH SOIL HEALTH AND CROPPING SYSTEM OPTIMIZATION

Key Takeaways:

- Quinoa is unique, having high protein and amino acids.
- Different soil amendments impact measured quinoa protein.



Resources:

[Soil to Society Website](#)

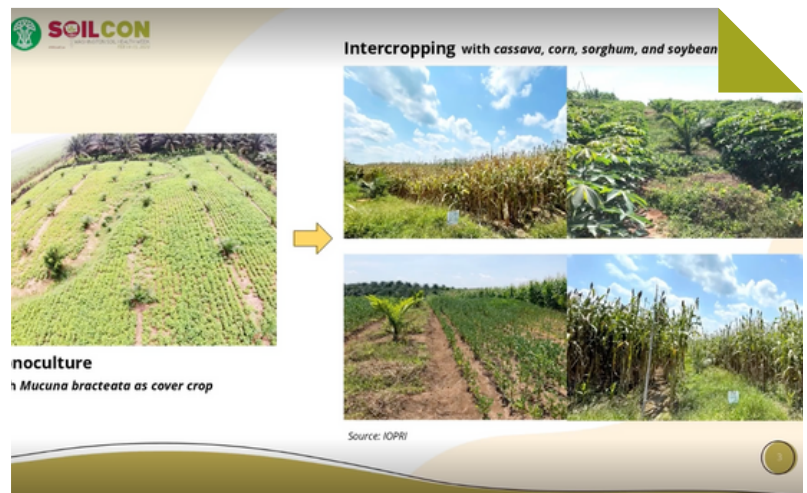


Rana Farrasati, UN Lincoln

INTERCROPPING: A NATURE-BASED SOLUTION TO IMPROVE SPACE FOR DIVERSIFICATION AND SOIL HEALTH IN IMMATURE OIL PALM

Key Takeaways:

- Oil palm plantations with Intercropping improve biological activity.
- Intercropping with cassava, soybean, corn, and sorghum can have environmental and economic benefits.



Resources:

[Indonesian Oil Palm Research Institute In the news](#)

2023

COMMON THEMES

- Moving away from synthetic inputs may become more necessary as we move into the future.
- Reducing tillage and relying on longer-term input management can help improve carbon storage and reduce reliance on inputs.
- Positive all-farm and public benefits can come from implementing soil health practices.
- Context is the 6th soil health principle.
- Change will take time and may take multiple attempts. Flexibility and resilience are key.

WaSHI Resources

Want to get started
soil testing?



[https://youtube.com/playlist?
list=PLOpB20prk7Ni1daEYiEEXSWy8CfwO34FC](https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLOpB20prk7Ni1daEYiEEXSWy8CfwO34FC)

State of the Soils
Assessment



[https://nras.maps.arcgis.com/apps/dashboards
/d4b2d135d47a4ff7a89285fecf67cef2](https://nras.maps.arcgis.com/apps/dashboards/d4b2d135d47a4ff7a89285fecf67cef2)

WaSHI ROADMAP



To effectively map how to **increase** and **sustain** soil health, the initiative's partners interviewed stakeholders across the state using listening sessions, interviews, and focus groups.

This roadmap will guide the focus of WaSHI for years to come.



soilhealth.wsu.edu/washington-state-soil-health-roadmap/

Keep in touch with WaSHI!



@WSU_SoilHealth

@WSU_SoilHealth



Newsletter



<https://bit.ly/3KXo7vq>

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2023

SOIL ART CONTEST WINNER



ANGELO ADAME

Elementary Soil Health Curriculum

If you are interested in soil health curriculum for the 3rd-5th grade age range, check out this video series from Dr. Tarah Sullivan on the importance of soils, soil sampling, and soil analysis.



www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLBU9aYUI-eYKQrLYrN1I_5lcZVYfiwVkn

2023

STUDENT LIGHTNING TALK WINNER



Biosolids improve key parameters for semi-arid dryland cropping systems



Water Regulation

↑ Water holding capacity

↑ Pore space

No change: Hydraulic conductivity



Soil Resilience

↑ Bulk density

No change: Aggregate stability



Nutrient Cycling

↑ Mineralizable C & N

↑ Water extractable C & N

↑ N & P cycling enzymes

No change: C cycling enzymes

MADELINE DESJARDINS

WASHINGTON SOIL HEALTH WEEK

SOILCON23

FEBRUARY 14TH & 15TH



SOIL CON

2023

TAKING PRINCIPLES TO PRACTICE

THANK YOU TO OUR EVENT ORGANIZERS

In alphabetical order:

Betsy Schacht	Katie Doonan
Carol McFarland	Lynne Carpenter-Boggs
Chris Benedict	Maren Friesen
Dani Gelardi	Molly McIlquham
Deirdre Griffin LaHue	Steve Culman
Gabe LaHue	Tarah Sullivan
	Teal Potter
	Vincent Alverez

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