

# Soil Test Report

## **Prepared For:**

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#### Soil and Plant Nutrient Testing Laboratory

203 Paige Laboratory 161 Holdsworth Way University of Massachusetts Amherst, MA 01003 Phone: (413) 545-2311

e-mail: soiltest@umass.edu website: soiltest.umass.edu

### **Sample Information:**

Sample ID: Frankie

Order Number: 38323

Lab Number: \$180531-117 Area Sampled: 90 sq ft Received: 5/31/2018 Reported: 6/13/2018

#### Results

Analysis	Value Found	Optimum Range	Analysis	Value Found	Optimum Range
Soil pH (1:1, H2O)	7.5		Cation Exch. Capacity, meq/100g	32.6	
Modified Morgan extractable, ppm			Exch. Acidity, meq/100g	0.0	
Macronutrients			Base Saturation, %		
Phosphorus (P)	759.3	4-14	Calcium Base Saturation	87	50-80
Potassium (K)	197	100-160	Magnesium Base Saturation	12	10-30
Calcium (Ca)	5663	1000-1500	Potassium Base Saturation	2	2.0-7.0
Magnesium (Mg)	459	50-120	Scoop Density, g/cc	1.18	
Sulfur (S)	75.0	>10	Optional tests		
Micronutrients *			Nitrate-N (NO3-N), ppm	309	
Boron (B)	1.3	0.1-0.5			
Manganese (Mn)	10.8	1.1-6.3			
Zinc (Zn)	49.1	1.0-7.6			
Copper (Cu)	1.3	0.3-0.6			
Iron (Fe)	4.8	2.7-9.4			
Aluminum (Al)	7	<75			
Lead (Pb)	9.2	<22			

Micronutrient deficiencies rarely occur in New England soils; therefore, an Optimum Range has never been defined. Values provided represent the normal range found in soils and are for reference only.

## Soil Test Interpretation

Nutrient	Very Low	Low	Optimum	Above Optimum
Phosphorus (P):				
Potassium (K):				
Calcium (Ca):				
Magnesium (Mg):				

Phosphorus is excessive.



For current information and order forms, please visit

UMass Extension Nutrient Management

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# Recommendations for Flowers, Roses, & Herbs

Limestone (Target pH of 6.5)	Nitrogen, N	Phosphorus, P2O5	Potassium, K2O					
lbs / 100 sq ft								
0	.12	0	0					
<b>Comments:</b>								
time.	•	are above optimum. Additional amendments are no						
-For instructions on converting nutrient recommendations to fertilizer applications in home gardens, lawns and landscapes, see Reference "Step-by-Step Fertilizer Guide for Home Grounds and Gardening" (listed below).								
-Avoid over-fertilization. In addition to threatening water quality, excessive nutrient applications can compromise plant health and contribute to insect and disease problems. For details, see Reference "Corrective Measures and Management of Over-Fertilized Soils" (listed below).								
-When pH is greater than 6.8, Cation Exchange Capacity (CEC) tends to be overestimated.								
-The lead level in this soil is LOW. For more information about lead levels in soil, see our Soil Lead Fact Sheet.								
References:								
Soil Lead: Testing, Interpretation & R	ecommendations	http://soiltest.umass.edu/fact-sheets/soil-lead-testing-interpreta	tion-recommendations-0					
Home Lawn and Garden Information		http://ag.umass.edu/resources/home-lawn-garden						
Step-by-Step Fertilizer Guide for Hom Gardening	e Grounds and	https://ag.umass.edu/SPNTL-4						
Corrective Measures and Management Fertilized Soils	of Over-	https://ag.umass.edu/SPNTL-13						
General References:								
Interpreting Your Soil Test Results		http://soiltest.umass.edu/fact-sheets/interpreting-your-soil-test-	results					

http://soiltest.umass.edu/

http://ag.umass.edu/agriculture-resources/nutrient-management