Table 4. Effects of application of N levels of Rhizogen on the severity of narrow brown leaf spot (NBLS) and brown spot on Presidio, Tesanai and XL753 in 2014.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Variety | N level (kg/ha) | NBLS severity (0-9) | Brow spot severity (0-9) |
| Presidio | 0 | 4.4 a | 3.6 a |
|  | 90+60\* | 3.4 b | 3.0 b |
|  | 150 | 2.9 b | 2.5 b |
| Tesanai | 0 | 1.9 a | 1.9 a |
|  | 90+60 | 2.0 a | 1.4 a |
|  | 150 | 2.0 a | 1.4 a |
| XL753 | 0 | 0.4 a | 3.1 a |
|  | 90+60 | 1.1 a | 2.3 b |
|  | 150 | 1.0 a | 2.6 ab |

Means in a column followed with the same letter are not significantly different according to LSD test at *P* = 0.05.

\*Nitrogen was applied as a two-way splitwith 90 and 60 kg N/ha applied at planting and panicle initiation, respectively.