

By Bob Perry



PRINCIPLE INVESTIGATOR

Bob Perry Chef in Residence, Dietetics & Human Nutrition University of Kentucky

PHOTOGRAPHY

Stephen Patton Agricultural Communications University of Kentucky

DESIGN & LAYOUT

Kevin T. Brumfield

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, staff and students at the University of Kentucky Meats Lab Jay Denham, Chef and Curemaster, The Curehouse, Louisville, Kentucky Chefs Justin Dean and Steve Geddes, Relish Restaurant Group, Cincinnati, Ohio Dr. Sean Clark, staff and students at Berea College, Berea, Kentucky The Livestock Conservancy, Pittsboro, North Carolina Ronny and Beth Drennan, Broadbent Country Hams, Kuttawa, Kentucky

This research was funded by a USDA Southern Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education grant, with additional funding and support by the University of Kentucky Department of Dietetics and Human Nutrition.

Copyright © 2014 for materials developed by University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension. This publication may be reproduced in portions or its entirety for educational or nonprofit purposes only. Permitted users shall give credit to the author(s) and include this copyright notice.

Educational programs of Kentucky Cooperative Extension serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability or national origin.

Contents

| American Guinea Hog5 |
|---|
| AMERICAN STYLE 6 |
| CHARCUTERIE STYLE 12 |
| COMPARING CUTS |
| Hereford Hog25AMERICAN STYLE26CHARCUTERIE STYLE32COMPARING CUTS41 |
| Large Black Hog 45 |
| AMERICAN STYLE 46 |
| COMPARING CUTS 61 |
| Mulafaatilaa |
| Mulefoot Hog65 |
| AMERICAN STYLE |
| CHARCUTERIE STYLE |
| COMPARING COTS 81 |
| Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog 85 |
| AMERICAN STYLE86 |
| CHARCUTERIE STYLE 92 |
| COMPARING CUTS101 |
| Occabaw Hog |
| Ossabaw Hog |
| AMERICAN STILE100 |
| |
| Red Wattle Hog 113 |
| Red Wattle Hog113AMERICAN STYLE114 |
| |
| AMERICAN STYLE 114 |
| AMERICAN STYLE |



By Bob Perry





Heritage Hog Carcass Yields **American Guinea Hog**

AMERICAN STYLE

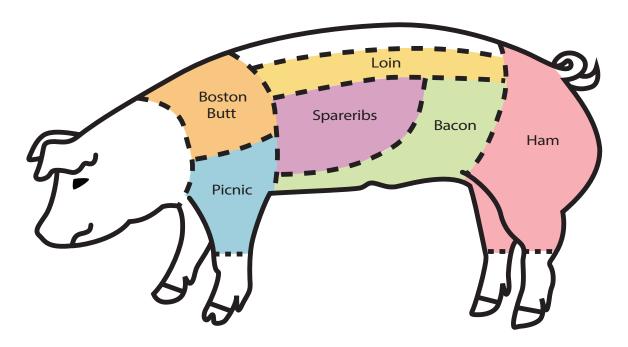
Guinea Hog Carcass Breakdown – American Style

The cuts of this style are the industry standards and the most common way to breakdown a pig carcass in the United States as instructed by Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, Ph.D., Department of Animal and Food Sciences, University of Kentucky. Most consumers will recognize them as they are the same cuts available at retail outlets and usually sold at farmers markets.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 140.43 pounds with 3.11 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.47 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 2.90 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 24%.

AMERICAN STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



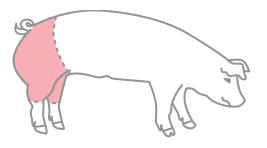
HUSBANDRY OF THE HOGS

Seven piglets from each of the eight breeds in this study were transported to Berea College from various sources and grown out on pasture to market weight. The 1.5 acre pasture consisted primarily of fescue with some other grasses and broadleaf weeds present. Three hoop shelters with deep bedding and one shade tree provided protection from sun, wind, and rain. Free-choice feed, consisting of ground corn, soybean, and Fertrell swine premix, and water were available at all times. They were harvested and processed in three groups based on when they achieved market weight and a slot was available at the University of Kentucky meats lab.

American Guinea Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Ham 11.66 pounds, 17% of the carcass



- Whole or two-piece raw ham
- Brined and cured "deli" ham
- Ham steaks

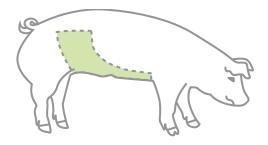




American Guinea Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Side (Belly) 14.49 pounds, 21% of the carcass



- Wet or dry cured for bacon
- Raw for braising

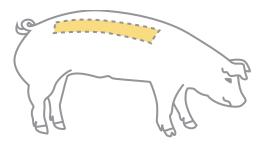




American Guinea Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Loin (bone in, skin on)
9.34 pounds, 13% of the carcass



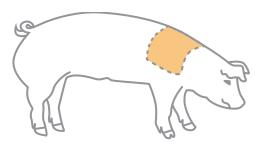
- Bone-in chops
- Boneless chops
- Tenderloin
- Sirloin roast
- Baby back ribs



American Guinea Hog

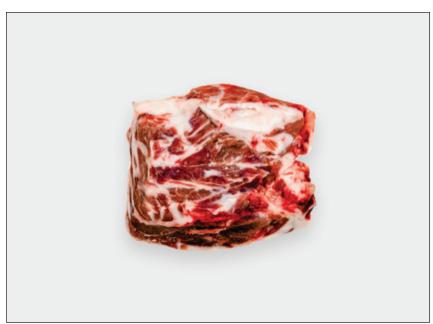
AMERICAN STYLE

Shoulder Butt (skinless)
3.89 pounds, 6% of the carcass

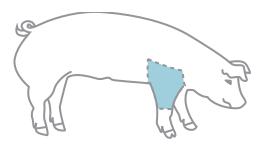


Common Cuts

- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Blade steaks
- Country ribs
- Boned for sausage



Shoulder Picnic 5.40 pounds, 8% of the carcass



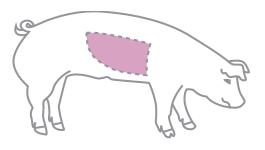
- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Boned for sausage



American Guinea Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

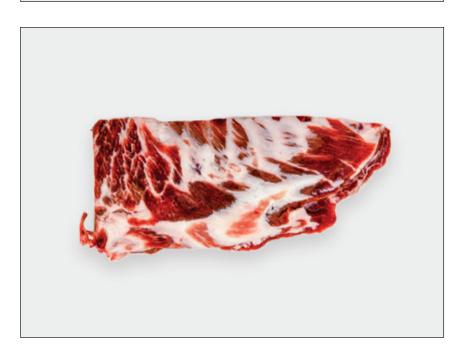
Spareribs 1.78 pounds, 3% of the carcass



Common Cuts

• Whole or St. Louis cut





Heritage Hog Carcass Yields **American Guinea Hog**

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

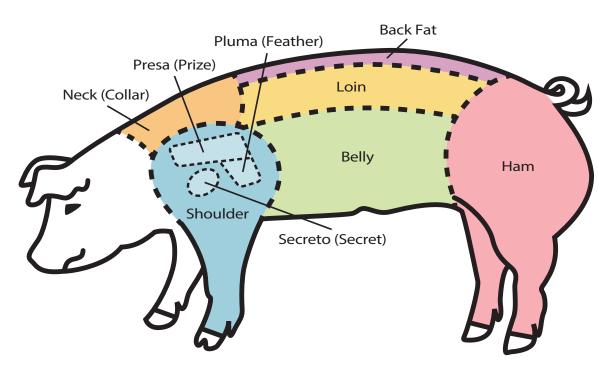
Guinea Hog Carcass Breakdown – Charcuterie Style

This style is a way to breakdown a pork carcass for curing whole muscle cuts and also results in some specialty high value cuts for cooking. There are slight variations in this method depending on the desired finished products and some primals can be further broken down for additional products. The method used in this research is a hybrid of Spanish and Italian methods as instructed by Chef and Charcutier Jay Denham of The Curehouse in Louisville, Kentucky.

Summary of the data

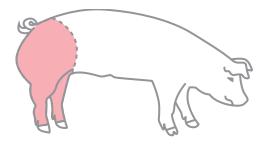
Average hot carcass weight 140.43 pounds with 3.11 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.47 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 2.90 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 24%.

CHARCUTERIE STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



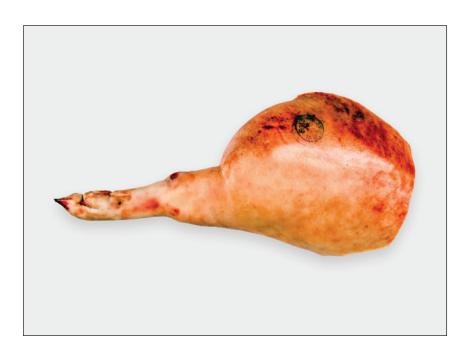
American Guinea Hog

Ham 14.93 pounds 21% of the carcass



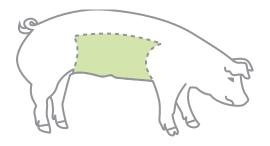
The ham is taken at the ball joint, the aitch bone is then removed and the open face of the ham is trimmed.



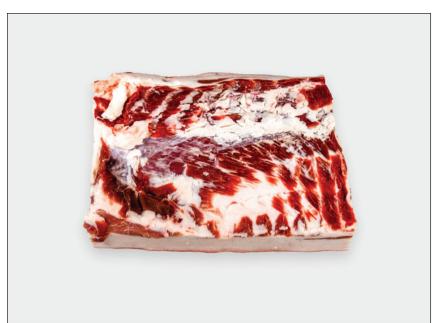


American Guinea Hog

Belly 12.72 pounds, 18% of the carcass



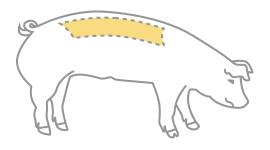
The belly contains more rib meat than the American style and is squared by trimming to facilitate curing.





American Guinea Hog

Boneless Loin 3.59 pounds, 5% of the carcass



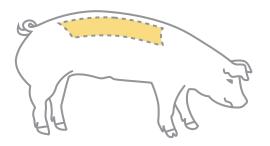
The loin is deboned and trimmed leaving much of the back fat attached.



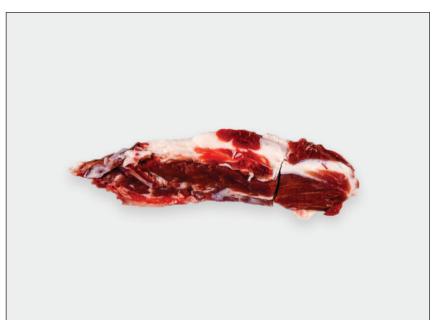


American Guinea Hog

Tenderloin 0.71 pounds, 1% of the carcass



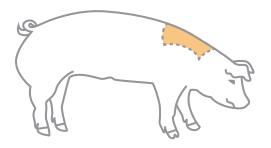
The tenderloin is pulled from the loin before boning to keep it intact and undamaged. It is cooked rather than cured.



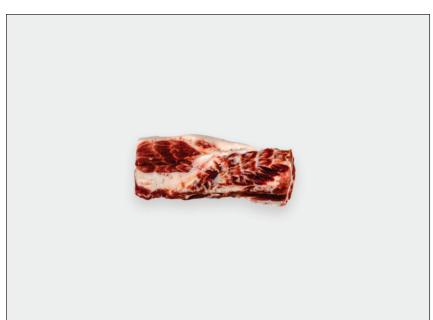


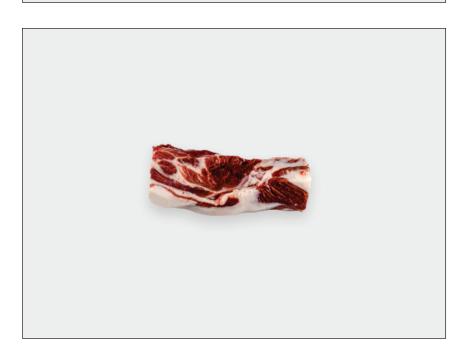
American Guinea Hog

Neck (collar) 2.49 pounds, 4% of the carcass



The collar is the top of the head of the loin and separated from the pluma and presa at a natural seam.

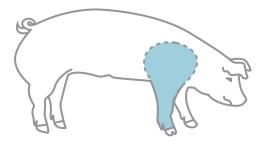




Heritage Hog Carcass Yields **American Guinea Hog**

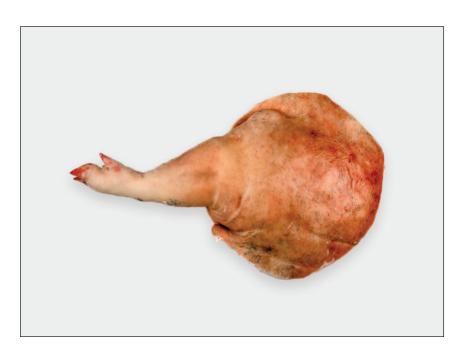
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Shoulder 11.51 pounds, 16% of the carcass



The shoulder is taken at the seventh rib. The collar, presa and pluma are removed as one piece which facilitates removal of the secreto afterward.

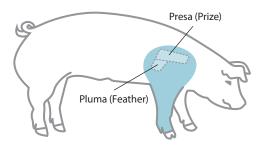




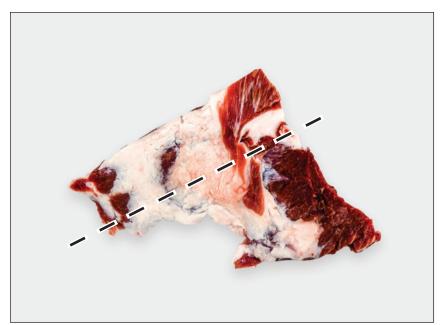
American Guinea Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Presa (prize) and Pluma (feather) 0.94 pounds, 1% of the carcass



The presa (prize) is the bottom of the head of the loin below the collar. The pluma (feather) is the meat covering the first seven ribs. They are taken off the shoulder intact with the collar and separated later to be cooked rather than cured.

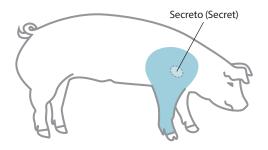




American Guinea Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Secreto (secret) 0.17 pounds, <1% of the carcass



This small piece lays inside the blade bone of the shoulder, under the presa and pluma, and is cooked rather than cured.





Heritage Hog Carcass Yields American Guinea Hog

Summary of All Data

The saleable yield of a Guinea Hog, cut in the American style, is 66%. The overall percentage of lean muscle using the industry formula based on backfat at 1st and 10th rib, loin eye area and hot carcass weight is 24%. Cut for Charcuterie, the saleable yield is 69%.

COMPARING CUTS

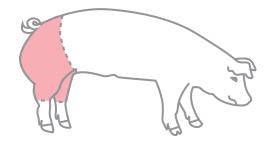
American Style Cuts

Ham 11.66 pounds, 17% of the carcass



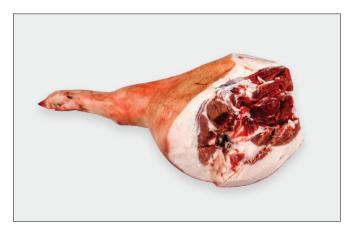




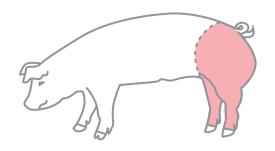


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Ham 14.93 pounds, 21% of the carcass







American Guinea Hog

COMPARING CUTS

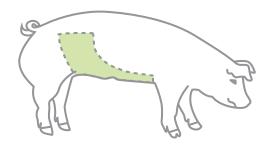
American Style Cuts

Side (Belly) 14.49 pounds, 21% of the carcass







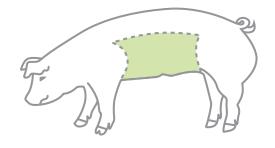


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Belly 12.72 pounds 18% of the carcass







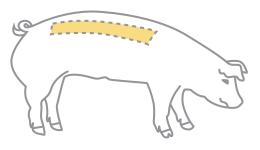
American Guinea Hog

COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Loin (bone in, skin on) 9.34 pounds, 13% of the carcass





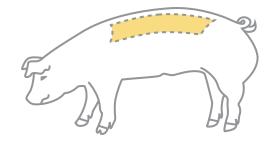
Charcuterie Style Cuts

Boneless Loin 3.59 pounds, 5% of the carcass



Tenderloin 0.71 pounds 1% of the carcass





American Guinea Hog

COMPARING CUTS

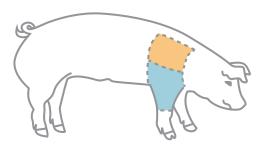
American Style Cuts

Boston Butt (skinless) 3.89 pounds, 6% of the carcass



Picnic 5.40 pounds, 8% of the carcass





Charcuterie Style Cuts

Neck (collar) 2.49 pounds, 4% of the carcass



Shoulder 11.51 pounds, 16% of the carcass

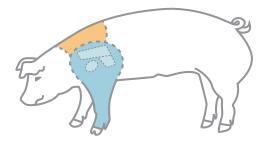


Presa and Pluma 0.94 pounds, 1% of the carcass



Secreto 0.17 pounds, <1% of the carcass







By Bob Perry





AMERICAN STYLE

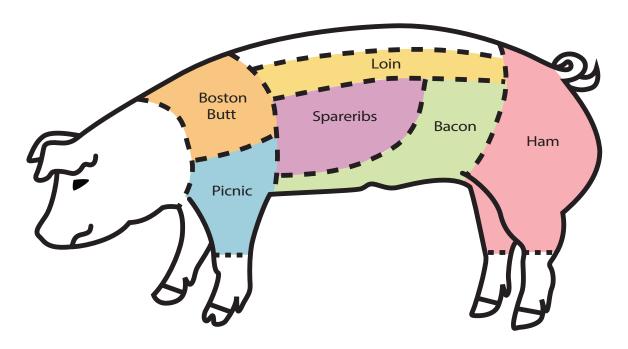
Hereford Hog Carcass Breakdown - American Style

The cuts of this style are the industry standards and the most common way to breakdown a pig carcass in the United States as instructed by Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, Ph.D., Department of Animal and Food Sciences, University of Kentucky. Most consumers will recognize them as they are the same cuts available at retail outlets and usually sold at farmers markets.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 252.14 pounds with 2.19 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 1.99 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 6.79 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 42%.

AMERICAN STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY

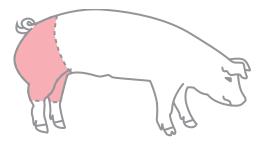


HUSBANDRY OF THE HOGS

Seven piglets from each of the eight breeds in this study were transported to Berea College from various sources and grown out on pasture to market weight. The 1.5 acre pasture consisted primarily of fescue with some other grasses and broadleaf weeds present. Three hoop shelters with deep bedding and one shade tree provided protection from sun, wind, and rain. Free-choice feed, consisting of ground corn, soybean, and Fertrell swine premix, and water were available at all times. They were harvested and processed in three groups based on when they achieved market weight and a slot was available at the University of Kentucky meats lab.

AMERICAN STYLE

Ham 26.91 pounds, 21% of the carcass



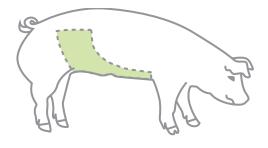
- Whole or two-piece raw ham
- Brined and cured "deli" ham
- Ham steaks





AMERICAN STYLE

Side (Belly) 20.85 pounds, 17% of the carcass



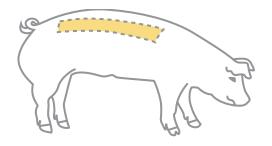
- Wet or dry cured for bacon
- Raw for braising





AMERICAN STYLE

Loin (bone in, skin on)
22.56 pounds, 18% of the carcass



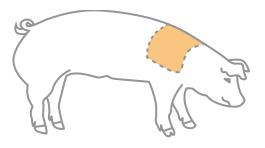
- Bone-in chops
- Boneless chops
- Tenderloin
- Sirloin roast
- Baby back ribs





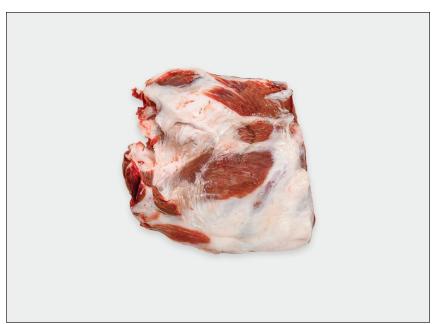
AMERICAN STYLE

Shoulder Butt (skinless)
9.14 pounds, 7% of the carcass

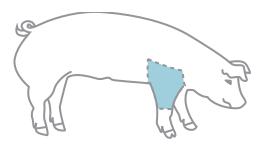


Common Cuts

- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Blade steaks
- Country ribs
- Boned for sausage



Shoulder Picnic 11.66 pounds, 9% of the carcass

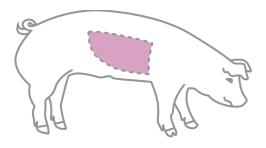


- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Boned for sausage



AMERICAN STYLE

Spareribs 3.99 pounds, 3% of the carcass



Common Cuts

• Whole or St. Louis cut





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

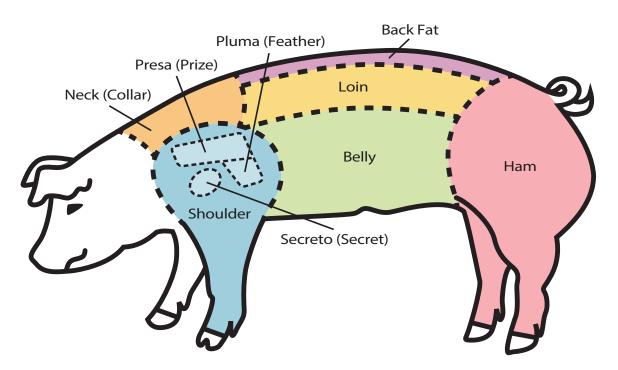
Hereford Hog Carcass Breakdown - Charcuterie Style

This style is a way to breakdown a pork carcass for curing whole muscle cuts and also results in some specialty high value cuts for cooking. There are slight variations in this method depending on the desired finished products and some primals can be further broken down for additional products. The method used in this research is a hybrid of Spanish and Italian methods as instructed by Chef and Charcutier Jay Denham of The Curehouse in Louisville, Kentucky.

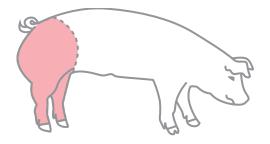
Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 252.14 pounds with 2.19 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 1.99 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 6.79 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 42%.

CHARCUTERIE STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



Ham 30.35 pounds 24% of the carcass

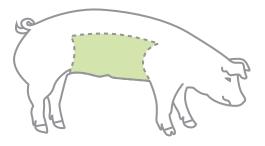


The ham is taken at the ball joint, the aitch bone is then removed and the open face of the ham is trimmed.

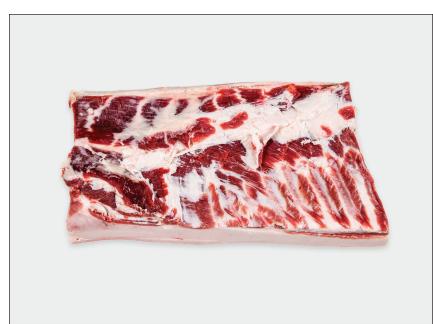




Belly 15.74 pounds, 12% of the carcass



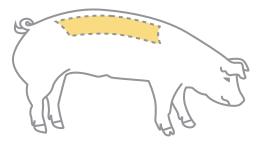
The belly contains more rib meat than the American style and is squared by trimming to facilitate curing.





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Boneless Loin 7.64 pounds, 6% of the carcass

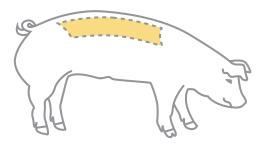


The loin is deboned and trimmed leaving much of the back fat attached.

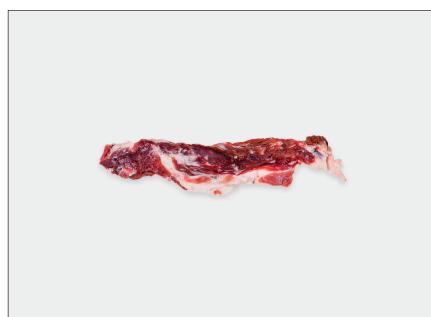


CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Tenderloin 1.73 pounds, 1% of the carcass



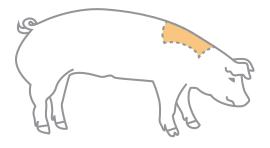
The tenderloin is pulled from the loin before boning to keep it intact and undamaged. It is cooked rather than cured.



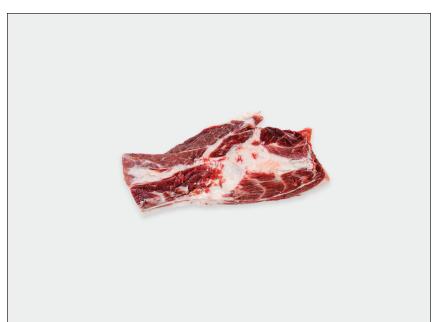


CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Neck (collar) 5.43 pounds, 4% of the carcass



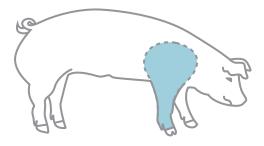
The collar is the top of the head of the loin and separated from the pluma and presa at a natural seam.





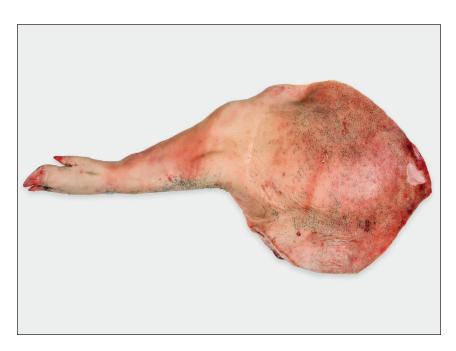
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Shoulder 22.10 pounds, 18% of the carcass



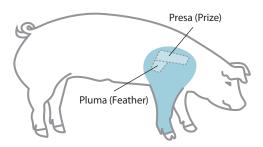
The shoulder is taken at the seventh rib. The collar, presa and pluma are removed as one piece which facilitates removal of the secreto afterward.





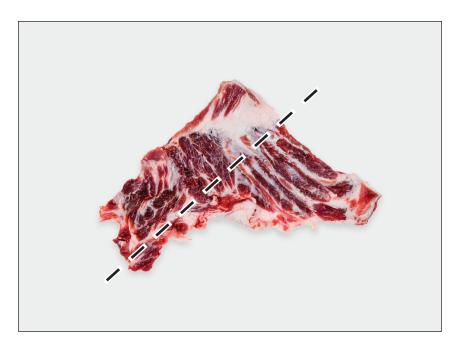
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Presa (prize) and Pluma (feather) 2.52 pounds, 2% of the carcass



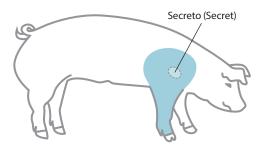
The presa (prize) is the bottom of the head of the loin below the collar. The pluma (feather) is the meat covering the first seven ribs. They are taken off the shoulder intact with the collar and separated later to be cooked rather than cured.



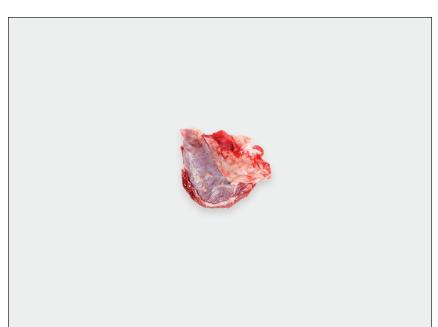


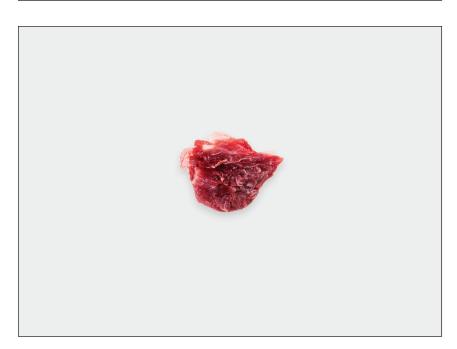
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Secreto (secret) 0.29 pounds, <1% of the carcass



This small piece lays inside the blade bone of the shoulder, under the presa and pluma, and is cooked rather than cured.





Summary of All Data

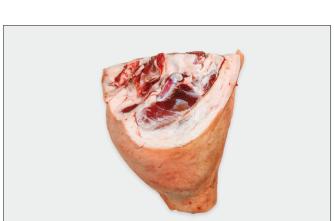
The saleable yield of a Hereford Hog, cut in the American style, is 75%. The overall percentage of lean muscle using the industry formula based on backfat at 1st and 10th rib, loin eye area and hot carcass weight is 42%. Cut for Charcuterie, the saleable yield is 69%.

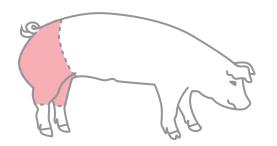
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Ham 26.91 pounds, 21% of the carcass





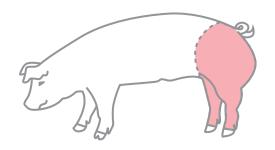


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Ham 30.35 pounds, 24% of the carcass





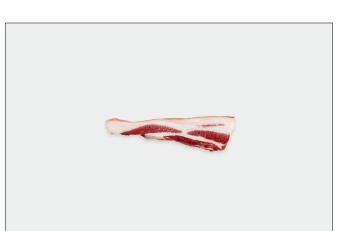


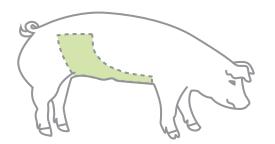
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Side (Belly) 20.85 pounds, 17% of the carcass





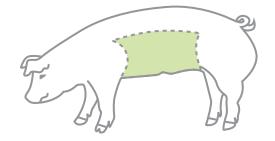


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Belly 15.74 pounds 12% of the carcass







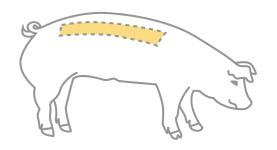
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Loin (bone in, skin on) 22.56 pounds, 18% of the carcass







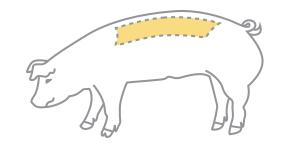
Charcuterie Style Cuts

Boneless Loin 7.64 pounds, 6% of the carcass



Tenderloin 1.73 pounds 1% of the carcass





COMPARING CUTS

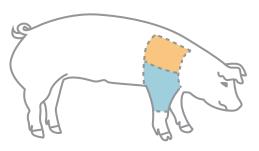
American Style Cuts

Boston Butt (skinless) 9.14 pounds, 7% of the carcass



Picnic 11.66 pounds, 9% of the carcass





Charcuterie Style Cuts

Neck (collar) 5.43 pounds, 4% of the carcass



Shoulder 22.10 pounds, 18% of the carcass

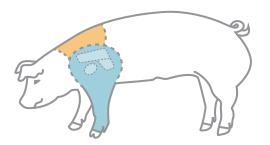


Presa and Pluma 2.52 pounds, 2% of the carcass



Secreto 0.29 pounds, <1% of the carcass







By Bob Perry





AMERICAN STYLE

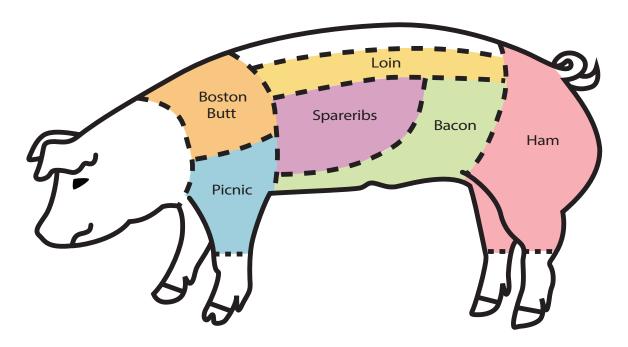
Large Black Hog Carcass Breakdown – American Style

The cuts of this style are the industry standards and the most common way to breakdown a pig carcass in the United States as instructed by Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, Ph.D., Department of Animal and Food Sciences, University of Kentucky. Most consumers will recognize them as they are the same cuts available at retail outlets and usually sold at farmers markets.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 229.43 pounds with 2.66 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.66 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 4.23 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 32%.

AMERICAN STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



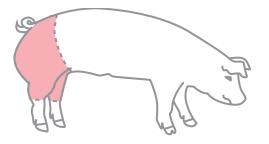
HUSBANDRY OF THE HOGS

Seven piglets from each of the eight breeds in this study were transported to Berea College from various sources and grown out on pasture to market weight. The 1.5 acre pasture consisted primarily of fescue with some other grasses and broadleaf weeds present. Three hoop shelters with deep bedding and one shade tree provided protection from sun, wind, and rain. Free-choice feed, consisting of ground corn, soybean, and Fertrell swine premix, and water were available at all times. They were harvested and processed in three groups based on when they achieved market weight and a slot was available at the University of Kentucky meats lab.

Large Black Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Ham 21.22 pounds, 18% of the carcass



- Whole or two-piece raw ham
- Brined and cured "deli" ham
- Ham steaks

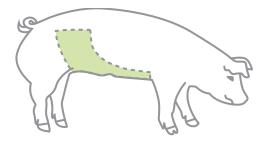




Large Black Hog

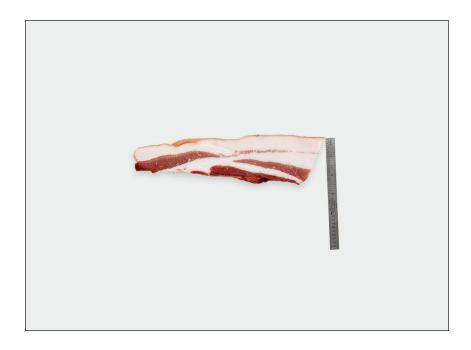
AMERICAN STYLE

Side (Belly) 18.90 pounds, 16% of the carcass



- Wet or dry cured for bacon
- Raw for braising

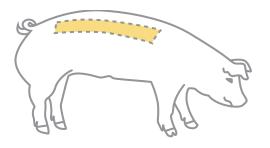




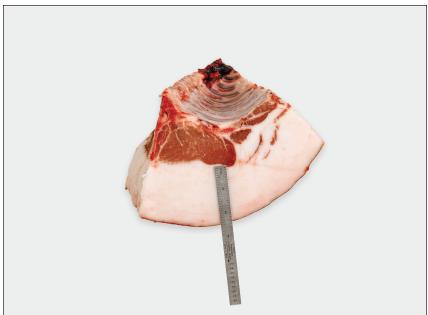
Large Black Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Loin (bone in, skin on)
19.86 pounds, 17% of the carcass



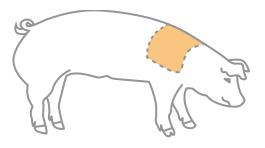
- Bone-in chops
- Boneless chops
- Tenderloin
- Sirloin roast
- Baby back ribs



Large Black Hog

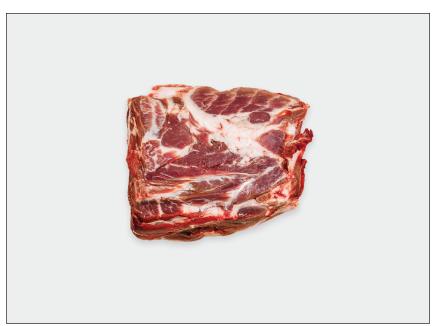
AMERICAN STYLE

Shoulder Butt (skinless)
7.42 pounds, 6% of the carcass

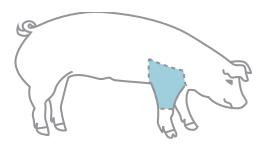


Common Cuts

- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Blade steaks
- Country ribs
- Boned for sausage



Shoulder Picnic 9.50 pounds, 8% of the carcass

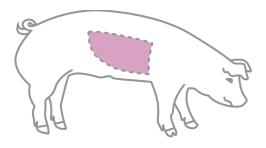


- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Boned for sausage



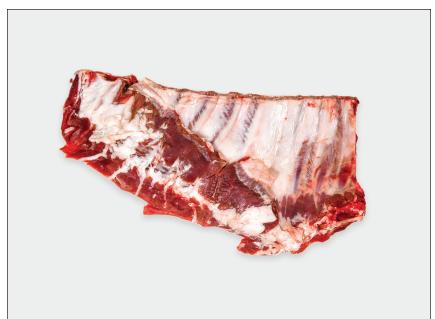
AMERICAN STYLE

Spareribs 2.76 pounds, 2% of the carcass



Common Cuts

• Whole or St. Louis cut





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

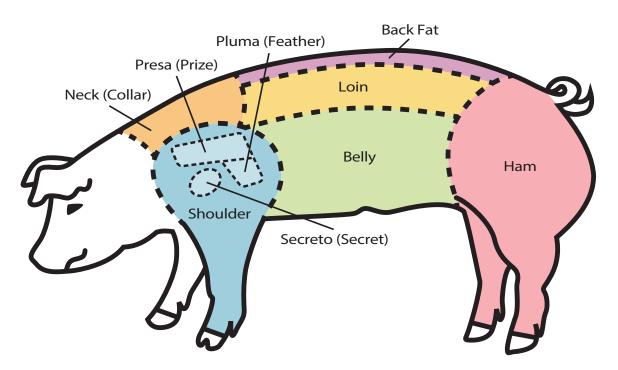
Large Black Hog Carcass Breakdown - Charcuterie Style

This style is a way to breakdown a pork carcass for curing whole muscle cuts and also results in some specialty high value cuts for cooking. There are slight variations in this method depending on the desired finished products and some primals can be further broken down for additional products. The method used in this research is a hybrid of Spanish and Italian methods as instructed by Chef and Charcutier Jay Denham of The Curehouse in Louisville, Kentucky.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 229.43 pounds with 2.66 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.66 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 4.23 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 32%.

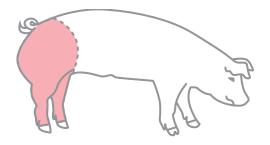
CHARCUTERIE STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



Large Black Hog

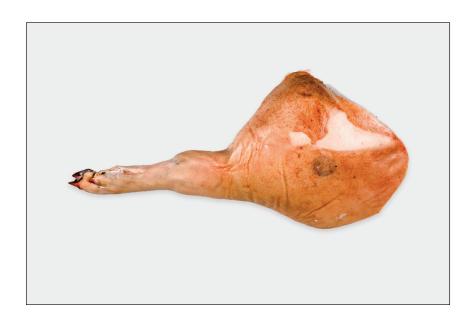
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Ham 23.95 pounds 21% of the carcass



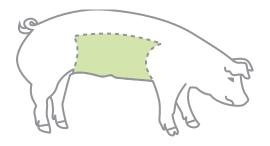
The ham is taken at the ball joint, the aitch bone is then removed and the open face of the ham is trimmed.



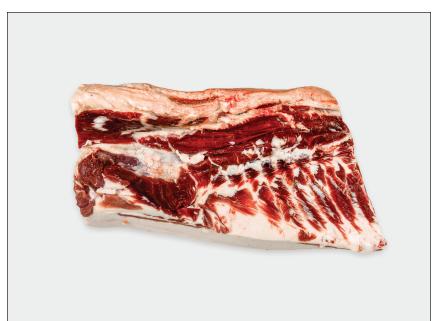


CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Belly 17.07 pounds, 15% of the carcass



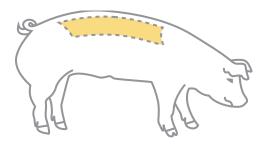
The belly contains more rib meat than the American style and is squared by trimming to facilitate curing.





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Boneless Loin 6.64 pounds, 6% of the carcass



The loin is deboned and trimmed leaving much of the back fat attached.

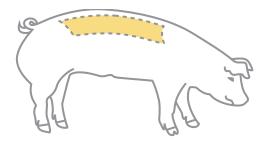




Large Black Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Tenderloin 1.58 pounds, 1% of the carcass



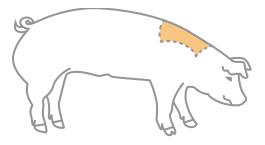
The tenderloin is pulled from the loin before boning to keep it intact and undamaged. It is cooked rather than cured.





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Neck (collar) 4.64 pounds, 4% of the carcass



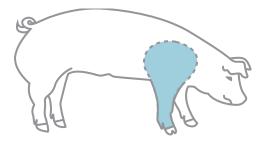
The collar is the top of the head of the loin and separated from the pluma and presa at a natural seam.



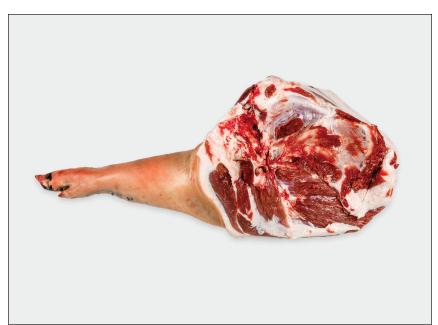


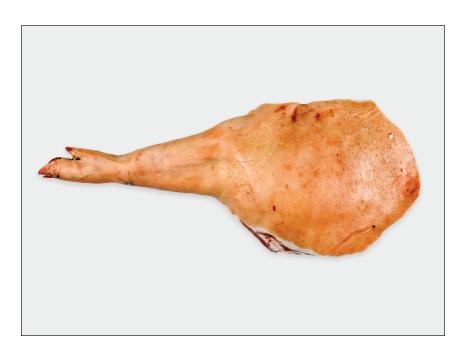
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Shoulder 18.49 pounds, 16% of the carcass



The shoulder is taken at the seventh rib. The collar, presa and pluma are removed as one piece which facilitates removal of the secreto afterward.

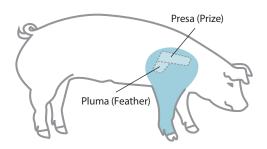




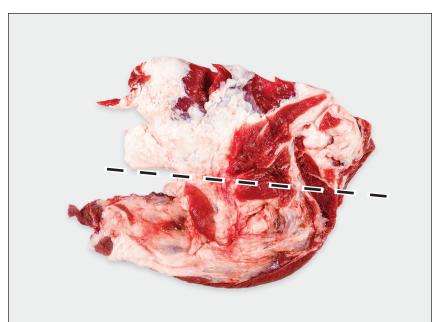
Large Black Hog

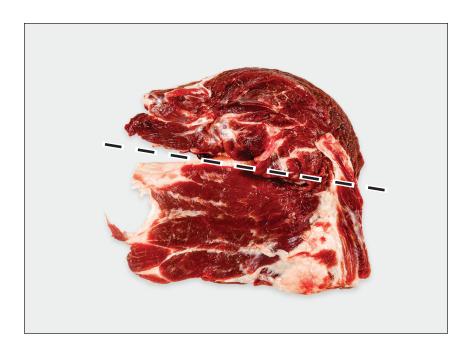
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Presa (prize) and Pluma (feather) 1.56 pounds, 1% of the carcass



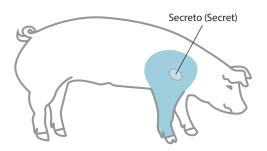
The presa (prize) is the bottom of the head of the loin below the collar. The pluma (feather) is the meat covering the first seven ribs. They are taken off the shoulder intact with the collar and separated later to be cooked rather than cured.





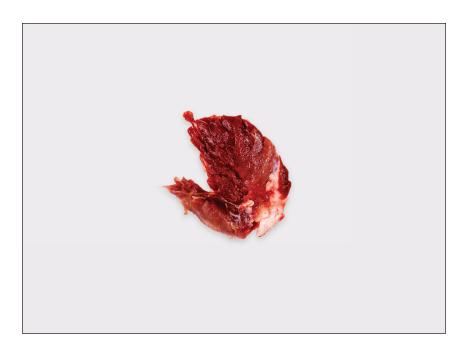
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Secreto (secret) 0.21 pounds, <1% of the carcass



This small piece lays inside the blade bone of the shoulder, under the presa and pluma, and is cooked rather than cured.





Summary of All Data

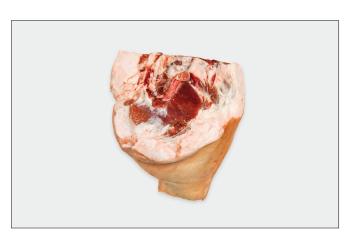
The saleable yield of a Large Black Hog, cut in the American style, is 69%. The overall percentage of lean muscle using the industry formula based on backfat at 1st and 10th rib, loin eye area and hot carcass weight is 32%. Cut for Charcuterie, the saleable yield is 66%.

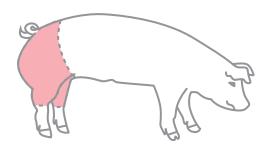
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Ham 21.22 pounds, 18% of the carcass

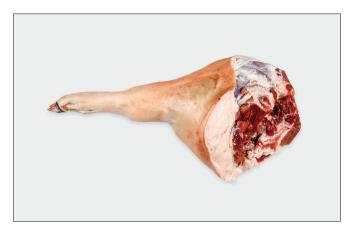


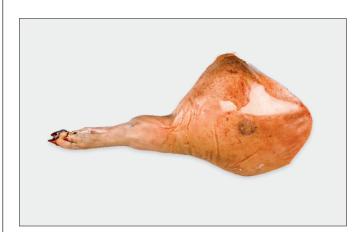


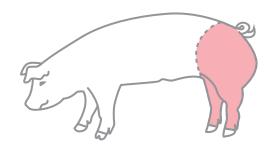


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Ham 23.95 pounds, 21% of the carcass







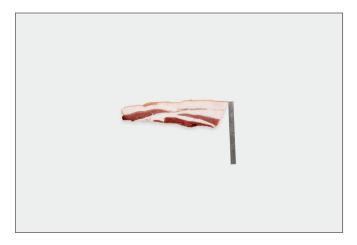
Large Black Hog

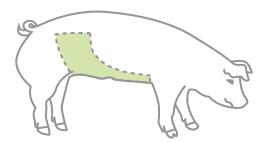
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Side (Belly) 18.90 pounds, 16% of the carcass





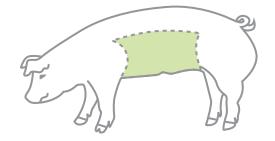


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Belly 17.07 pounds 15% of the carcass







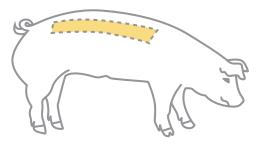
Large Black Hog

COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Loin (bone in, skin on) 19.86 pounds, 17% of the carcass





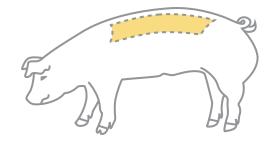
Charcuterie Style Cuts

Boneless Loin 6.64 pounds, 6% of the carcass



Tenderloin 1.58 pounds 1% of the carcass





Large Black Hog

COMPARING CUTS

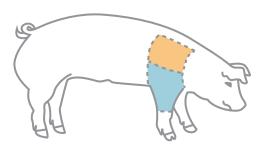
American Style Cuts

Boston Butt (skinless) 7.42 pounds, 6% of the carcass



Picnic 9.50 pounds, 8% of the carcass





Charcuterie Style Cuts

Neck (collar) 4.64 pounds, 4% of the carcass



Shoulder 18.49 pounds, 16% of the carcass

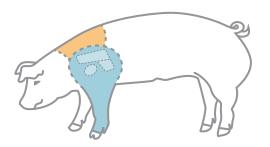


Presa and Pluma 1.56 pounds, 1% of the carcass



Secreto 0.21 pounds, <1% of the carcass







By Bob Perry





AMERICAN STYLE

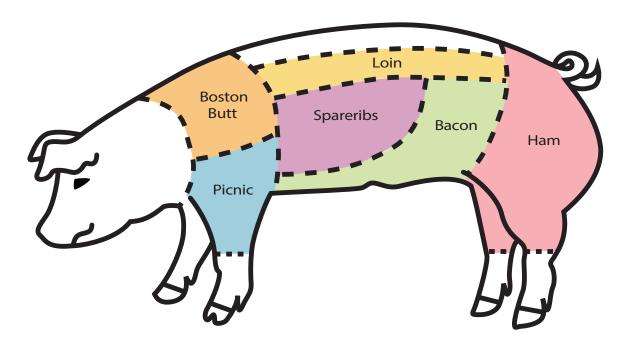
Mulefoot Hog Carcass Breakdown - American Style

The cuts of this style are the industry standards and the most common way to breakdown a pig carcass in the United States as instructed by Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, Ph.D., Department of Animal and Food Sciences, University of Kentucky. Most consumers will recognize them as they are the same cuts available at retail outlets and usually sold at farmers markets.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 208.75 pounds with 2.55 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.18 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 4.18 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 36%.

AMERICAN STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY

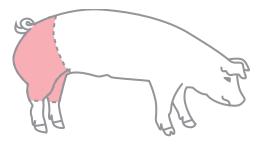


HUSBANDRY OF THE HOGS

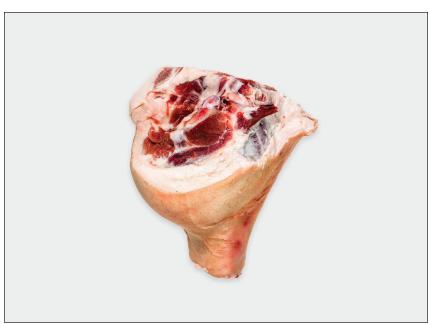
Seven piglets from each of the eight breeds in this study were transported to Berea College from various sources and grown out on pasture to market weight. The 1.5 acre pasture consisted primarily of fescue with some other grasses and broadleaf weeds present. Three hoop shelters with deep bedding and one shade tree provided protection from sun, wind, and rain. Free-choice feed, consisting of ground corn, soybean, and Fertrell swine premix, and water were available at all times. They were harvested and processed in three groups based on when they achieved market weight and a slot was available at the University of Kentucky meats lab.

AMERICAN STYLE

Ham 20.05 pounds, 19% of the carcass



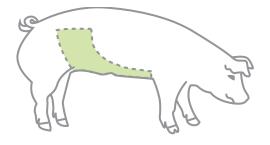
- Whole or two-piece raw ham
- Brined and cured "deli" ham
- Ham steaks





AMERICAN STYLE

Side (Belly) 17.77 pounds, 17% of the carcass



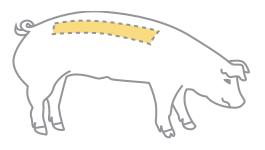
- Wet or dry cured for bacon
- Raw for braising





AMERICAN STYLE

Loin (bone in, skin on)
13.02 pounds, 12% of the carcass



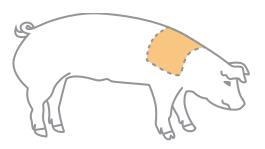
- Bone-in chops
- Boneless chops
- Tenderloin
- Sirloin roast
- Baby back ribs





AMERICAN STYLE

Shoulder Butt (skinless)
6.63 pounds, 6% of the carcass

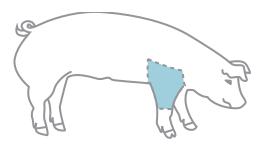


Common Cuts

- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Blade steaks
- Country ribs
- Boned for sausage



Shoulder Picnic 8.71 pounds, 8% of the carcass

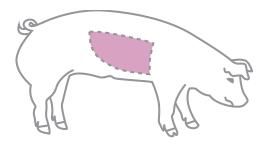


- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Boned for sausage



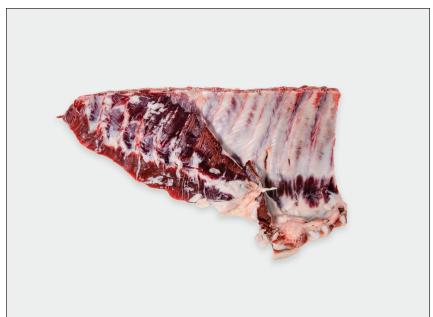
AMERICAN STYLE

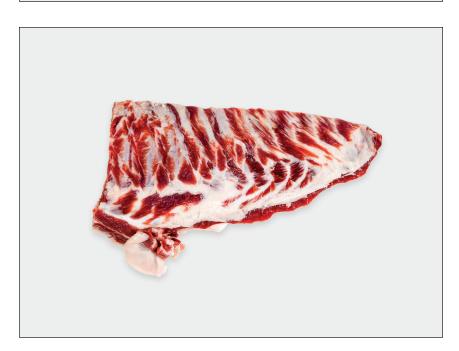
Spareribs 3.59 pounds, 3% of the carcass



Common Cuts

• Whole or St. Louis cut





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

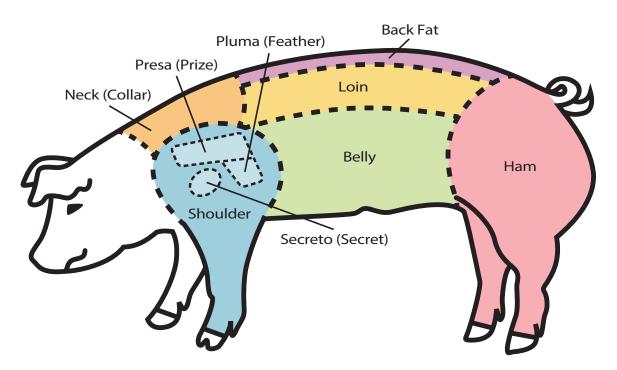
Mulefoot Hog Carcass Breakdown - Charcuterie Style

This style is a way to breakdown a pork carcass for curing whole muscle cuts and also results in some specialty high value cuts for cooking. There are slight variations in this method depending on the desired finished products and some primals can be further broken down for additional products. The method used in this research is a hybrid of Spanish and Italian methods as instructed by Chef and Charcutier Jay Denham of The Curehouse in Louisville, Kentucky.

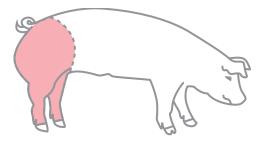
Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 208.75 pounds with 2.55 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.18 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 4.18 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 36%.

CHARCUTERIE STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY

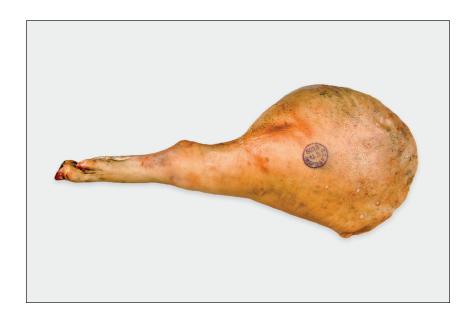


Ham 22.12 pounds 21% of the carcass

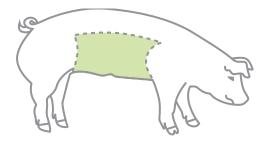


The ham is taken at the ball joint, the aitch bone is then removed and the open face of the ham is trimmed.

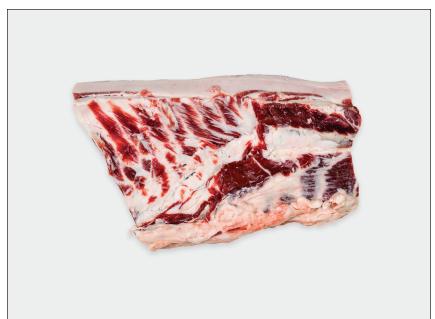




Belly 14.03 pounds, 13% of the carcass



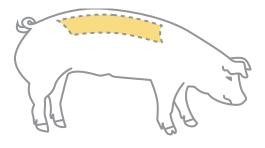
The belly contains more rib meat than the American style and is squared by trimming to facilitate curing.





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Boneless Loin 5.41 pounds, 5% of the carcass

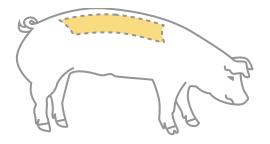


The loin is deboned and trimmed leaving much of the back fat attached.





Tenderloin 1.20 pounds, 1% of the carcass

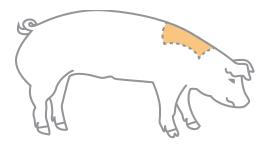


The tenderloin is pulled from the loin before boning to keep it intact and undamaged. It is cooked rather than cured.





Neck (collar) 3.79 pounds, 4% of the carcass



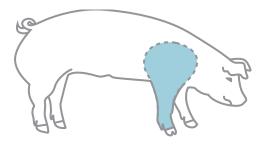
The collar is the top of the head of the loin and separated from the pluma and presa at a natural seam.



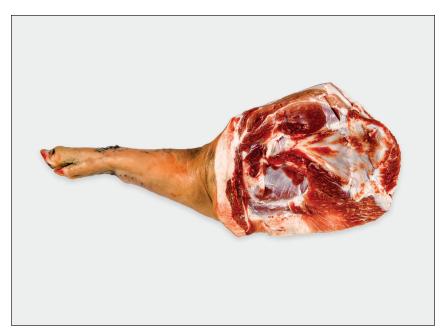


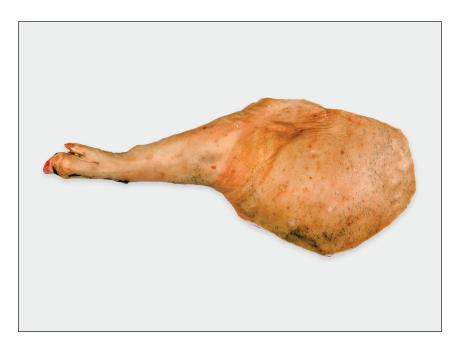
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Shoulder 17.70 pounds, 17% of the carcass



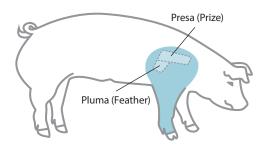
The shoulder is taken at the seventh rib. The collar, presa and pluma are removed as one piece which facilitates removal of the secreto afterward.



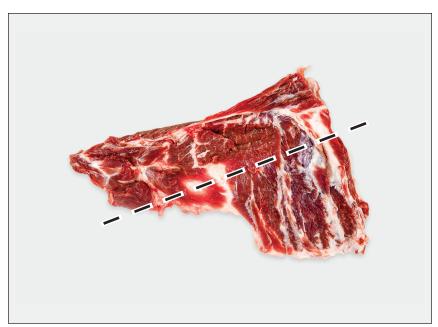


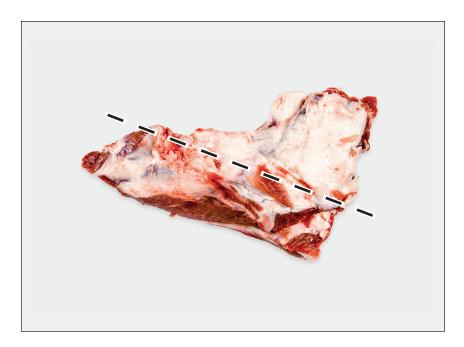
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Presa (prize) and Pluma (feather) 1.53 pounds, 1% of the carcass



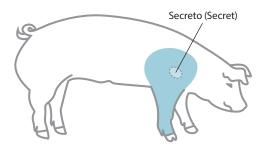
The presa (prize) is the bottom of the head of the loin below the collar. The pluma (feather) is the meat covering the first seven ribs. They are taken off the shoulder intact with the collar and separated later to be cooked rather than cured.



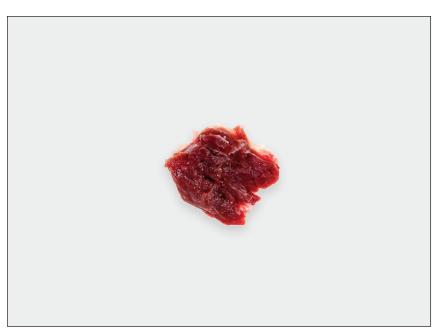


CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Secreto (secret) 0.20 pounds, <1% of the carcass



This small piece lays inside the blade bone of the shoulder, under the presa and pluma, and is cooked rather than cured.





Summary of All Data

The saleable yield of a Mulefoot Hog, cut in the American style, is 67%. The overall percentage of lean muscle using the industry formula based on backfat at 1st and 10th rib, loin eye area and hot carcass weight is 36%. Cut for Charcuterie, the saleable yield is 66%.

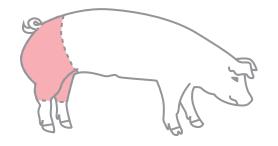
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Ham 20.05 pounds, 19% of the carcass

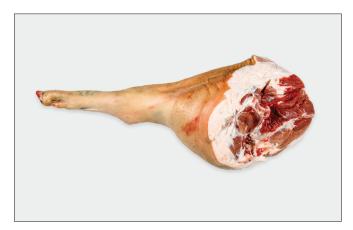




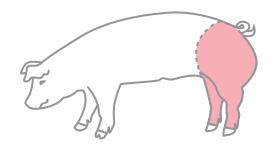


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Ham 22.12 pounds, 21% of the carcass







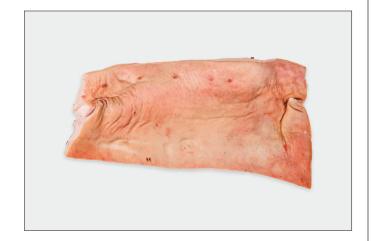
COMPARING CUTS

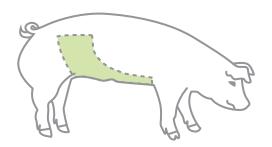
American Style Cuts

Side (Belly) 17.77 pounds, 17% of the carcass







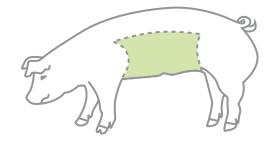


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Belly 14.03 pounds 13% of the carcass





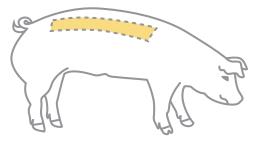


COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Loin (bone in, skin on) 13.02 pounds, 12% of the carcass





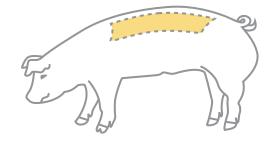
Charcuterie Style Cuts

Boneless Loin 5.41 pounds, 5% of the carcass



Tenderloin 1.20 pounds 1% of the carcass





Mulefoot Hog

COMPARING CUTS

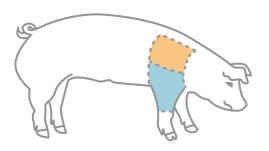
American Style Cuts

Boston Butt (skinless) 6.63 pounds, 6% of the carcass



Picnic 8.71 pounds, 8% of the carcass



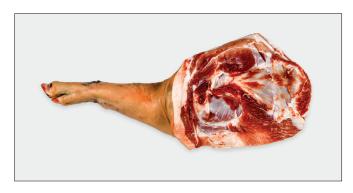


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Neck (collar) 3.79 pounds, 4% of the carcass



Shoulder 17.70 pounds, 17% of the carcass

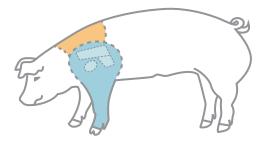


Presa and Pluma 1.53 pounds, 1% of the carcass



Secreto 0.20 pounds, <1% of the carcass







By Bob Perry





Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

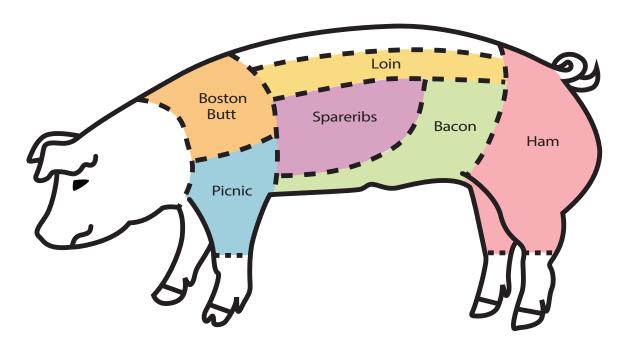
Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog Carcass Breakdown – American Style

The cuts of this style are the industry standards and the most common way to breakdown a pig carcass in the United States as instructed by Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, Ph.D., Department of Animal and Food Sciences, University of Kentucky. Most consumers will recognize them as they are the same cuts available at retail outlets and usually sold at farmers markets.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 156.00 pounds with 2.05 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 1.25 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 5.30 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 46%.

AMERICAN STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



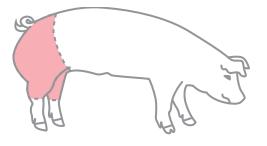
HUSBANDRY OF THE HOGS

Seven piglets from each of the eight breeds in this study were transported to Berea College from various sources and grown out on pasture to market weight. The 1.5 acre pasture consisted primarily of fescue with some other grasses and broadleaf weeds present. Three hoop shelters with deep bedding and one shade tree provided protection from sun, wind, and rain. Free-choice feed, consisting of ground corn, soybean, and Fertrell swine premix, and water were available at all times. They were harvested and processed in three groups based on when they achieved market weight and a slot was available at the University of Kentucky meats lab.

Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Ham 16.10 pounds, 21% of the carcass



- Whole or two-piece raw ham
- Brined and cured "deli" ham
- Ham steaks

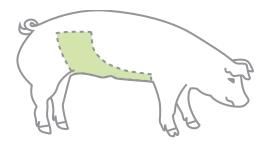




Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Side (Belly) 9.33 pounds, 12% of the carcass



- Wet or dry cured for bacon
- Raw for braising

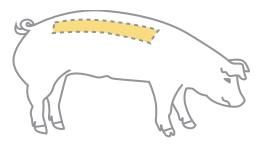




Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Loin (bone in, skin on)
13.35 pounds, 17% of the carcass



- Bone-in chops
- Boneless chops
- Tenderloin
- Sirloin roast
- Baby back ribs

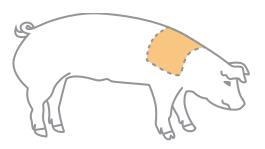




Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Shoulder Butt (skinless)
6.95 pounds, 9% of the carcass

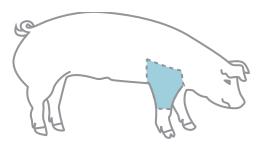


Common Cuts

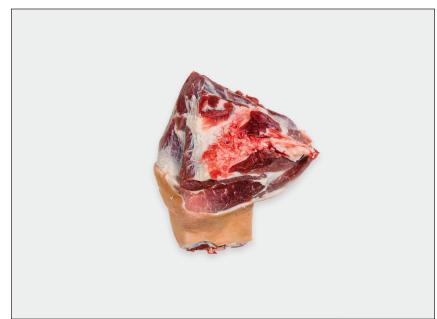
- · Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Blade steaks
- Country ribs
- Boned for sausage



Shoulder Picnic 6.68 pounds, 9% of the carcass



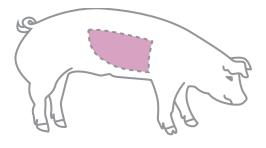
- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Boned for sausage



Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

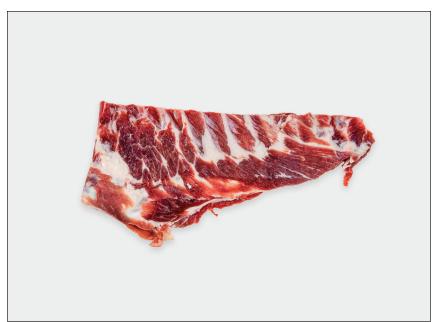
AMERICAN STYLE

Spareribs 2.98 pounds, 4% of the carcass



Common Cuts

• Whole or St. Louis cut





Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

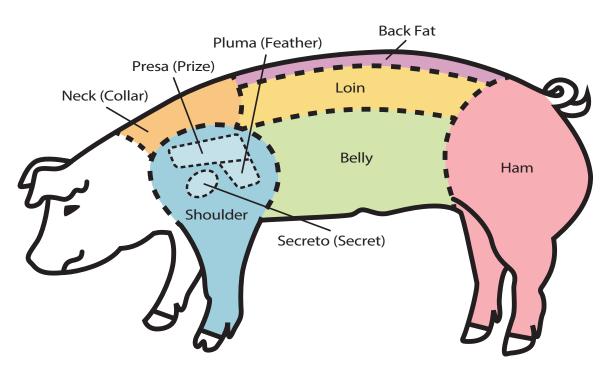
Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog Carcass Breakdown – Charcuterie Style

This style is a way to breakdown a pork carcass for curing whole muscle cuts and also results in some specialty high value cuts for cooking. There are slight variations in this method depending on the desired finished products and some primals can be further broken down for additional products. The method used in this research is a hybrid of Spanish and Italian methods as instructed by Chef and Charcutier Jay Denham of The Curehouse in Louisville, Kentucky.

Summary of the data

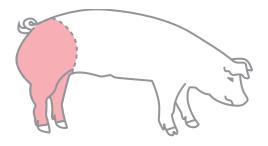
Average hot carcass weight 156.00 pounds with 2.05 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 1.25 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 5.30 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 46%.

CHARCUTERIE STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

Ham 18.73 pounds 24% of the carcass



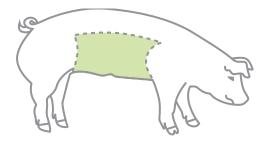
The ham is taken at the ball joint, the aitch bone is then removed and the open face of the ham is trimmed.





Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

Belly 9.48 pounds, 12% of the carcass



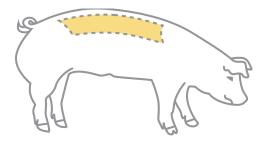
The belly contains more rib meat than the American style and is squared by trimming to facilitate curing.



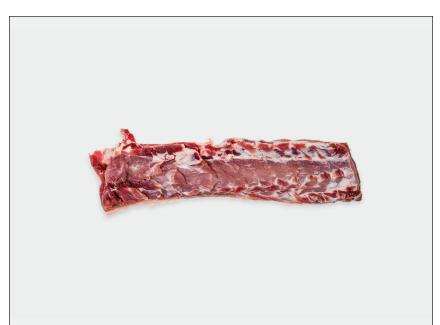


Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

Boneless Loin 5.80 pounds, 7% of the carcass



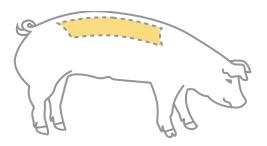
The loin is deboned and trimmed leaving much of the back fat attached.





Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

Tenderloin 1.15 pounds, 1% of the carcass



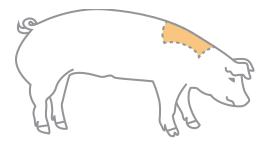
The tenderloin is pulled from the loin before boning to keep it intact and undamaged. It is cooked rather than cured.



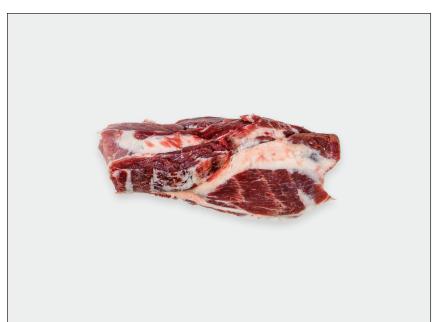


Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

Neck (collar) 3.90 pounds, 5% of the carcass



The collar is the top of the head of the loin and separated from the pluma and presa at a natural seam.

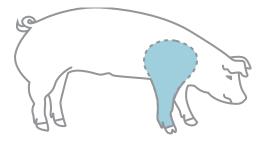




Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Shoulder 14.56 pounds, 19% of the carcass



The shoulder is taken at the seventh rib. The collar, presa and pluma are removed as one piece which facilitates removal of the secreto afterward.

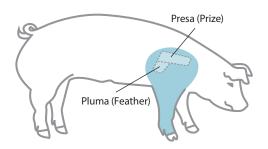




Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Presa (prize) and Pluma (feather) 1.24 pounds, 2% of the carcass



The presa (prize) is the bottom of the head of the loin below the collar. The pluma (feather) is the meat covering the first seven ribs. They are taken off the shoulder intact with the collar and separated later to be cooked rather than cured.

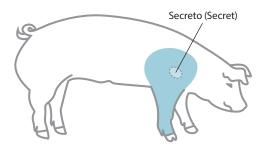




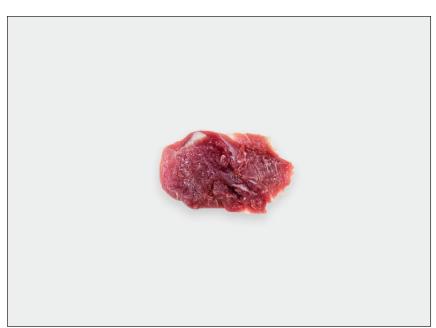
Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Secreto (secret) 0.20 pounds, <1% of the carcass



This small piece lays inside the blade bone of the shoulder, under the presa and pluma, and is cooked rather than cured.





Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

Summary of All Data

The saleable yield of a Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog, cut in the American style, is 71%. The overall percentage of lean muscle using the industry formula based on backfat at 1st and 10th rib, loin eye area and hot carcass weight is 46%. Cut for Charcuterie, the saleable yield is 71%.

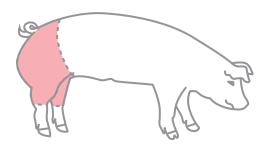
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Ham 16.10 pounds, 21% of the carcass





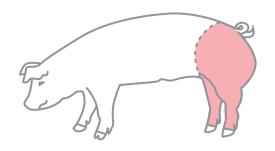


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Ham 18.73 pounds, 24% of the carcass







Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Side (Belly) 9.33 pounds, 12% of the carcass

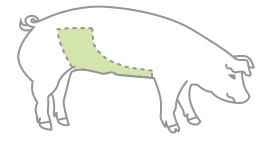


Charcuterie Style Cuts

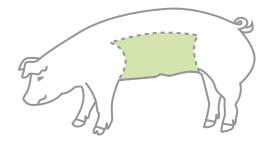
Belly 9.48 pounds 12% of the carcass











Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

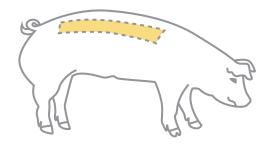
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Loin (bone in, skin on) 13.35 pounds, 17% of the carcass

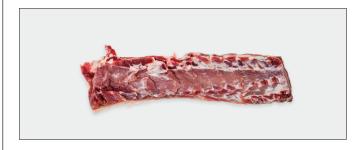






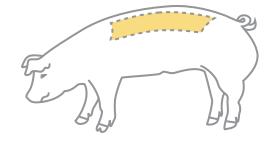
Charcuterie Style Cuts

Boneless Loin 5.80 pounds, 7% of the carcass



Tenderloin 1.15 pounds 1% of the carcass





Gloucestershire Old Spots Hog

COMPARING CUTS

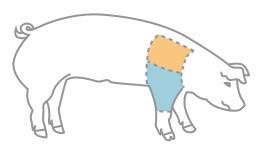
American Style Cuts

Boston Butt (skinless) 6.95 pounds, 9% of the carcass



Picnic 6.68 pounds, 9% of the carcass





Charcuterie Style Cuts

Neck (collar) 3.90 pounds, 5% of the carcass



Shoulder 14.56 pounds, 19% of the carcass

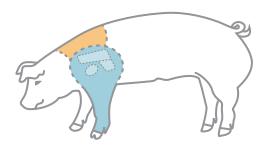


Presa and Pluma 1.24 pounds, 2% of the carcass



Secreto 0.20 pounds, <1% of the carcass







By Bob Perry





Heritage Hog Carcass Yields Ossabaw Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

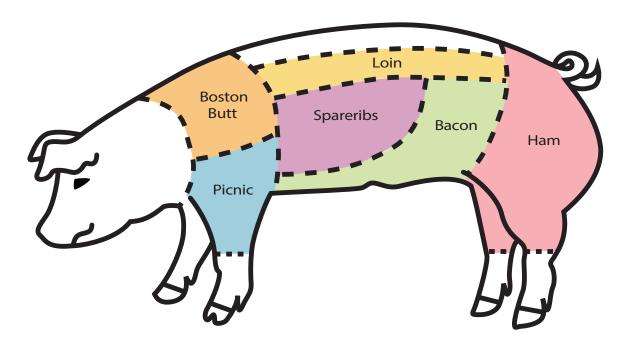
Ossabaw Hog Carcass Breakdown – American Style

The cuts of this style are the industry standards and the most common way to breakdown a pig carcass in the United States as instructed by Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, Ph.D., Department of Animal and Food Sciences, University of Kentucky. Most consumers will recognize them as they are the same cuts available at retail outlets and usually sold at farmers markets.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 187.86 pounds with 3.49 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.53 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 4.33 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 31%.

AMERICAN STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



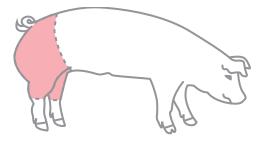
HUSBANDRY OF THE HOGS

Seven piglets from each of the eight breeds in this study were transported to Berea College from various sources and grown out on pasture to market weight. The 1.5 acre pasture consisted primarily of fescue with some other grasses and broadleaf weeds present. Three hoop shelters with deep bedding and one shade tree provided protection from sun, wind, and rain. Free-choice feed, consisting of ground corn, soybean, and Fertrell swine premix, and water were available at all times. They were harvested and processed in three groups based on when they achieved market weight and a slot was available at the University of Kentucky meats lab.

Ossabaw Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Ham 16.01 pounds, 17% of the carcass



- Whole or two-piece raw ham
- Brined and cured "deli" ham
- Ham steaks

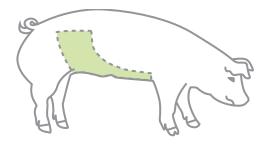




Ossabaw Hog

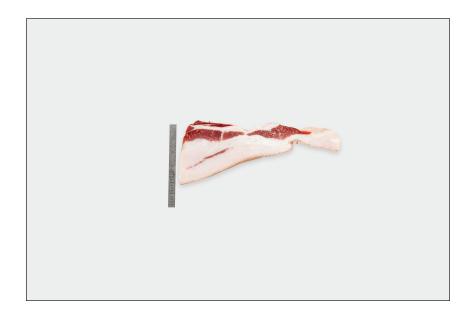
AMERICAN STYLE

Side (Belly) 18.26 pounds, 19% of the carcass



- Wet or dry cured for bacon
- Raw for braising

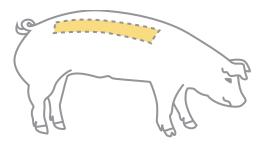




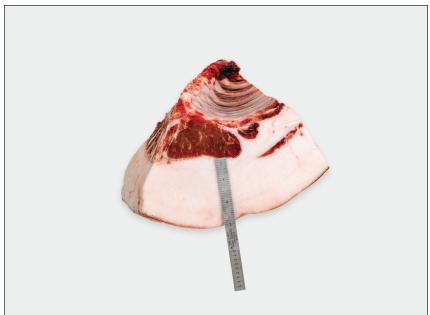
Ossabaw Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Loin (bone in, skin on)
13.81 pounds, 15% of the carcass



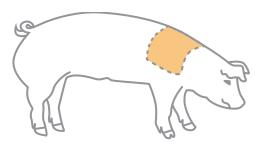
- Bone-in chops
- Boneless chops
- Tenderloin
- Sirloin roast
- Baby back ribs



Ossabaw Hog

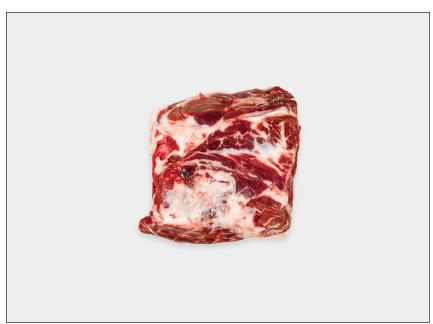
AMERICAN STYLE

Shoulder Butt (skinless)
5.37 pounds, 6% of the carcass

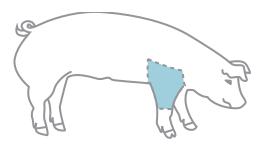


Common Cuts

- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Blade steaks
- Country ribs
- Boned for sausage



Shoulder Picnic 8.29 pounds, 9% of the carcass



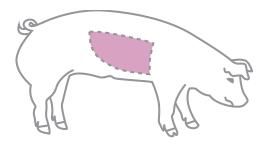
- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Boned for sausage



Ossabaw Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Spareribs 2.77 pounds, 3% of the carcass



Common Cuts

• Whole or St. Louis cut







By Bob Perry





AMERICAN STYLE

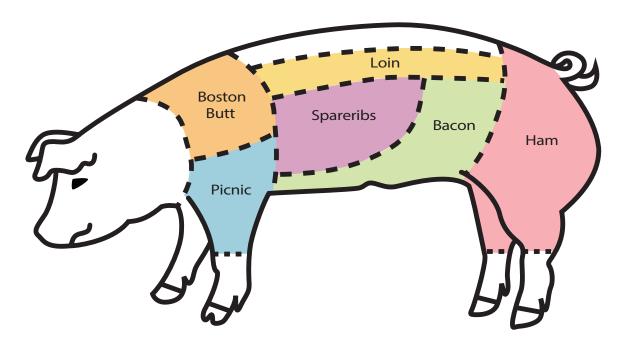
Red Wattle Hog Carcass Breakdown – American Style

The cuts of this style are the industry standards and the most common way to breakdown a pig carcass in the United States as instructed by Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, Ph.D., Department of Animal and Food Sciences, University of Kentucky. Most consumers will recognize them as they are the same cuts available at retail outlets and usually sold at farmers markets.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 223.75 pounds with 2.75 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.12 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 4.53 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 37%.

AMERICAN STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



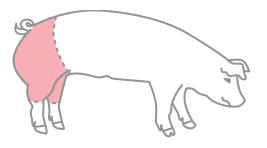
HUSBANDRY OF THE HOGS

Seven piglets from each of the eight breeds in this study were transported to Berea College from various sources and grown out on pasture to market weight. The 1.5 acre pasture consisted primarily of fescue with some other grasses and broadleaf weeds present. Three hoop shelters with deep bedding and one shade tree provided protection from sun, wind, and rain. Free-choice feed, consisting of ground corn, soybean, and Fertrell swine premix, and water were available at all times. They were harvested and processed in three groups based on when they achieved market weight and a slot was available at the University of Kentucky meats lab.

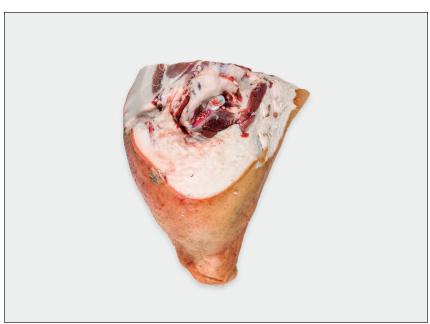
Red Wattle Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Ham 21.43 pounds, 19% of the carcass



- Whole or two-piece raw ham
- Brined and cured "deli" ham
- Ham steaks

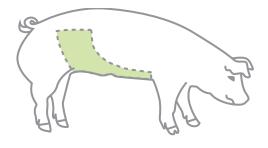




Red Wattle Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Side (Belly) 19.19 pounds, 17% of the carcass



- Wet or dry cured for bacon
- Raw for braising

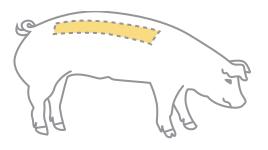




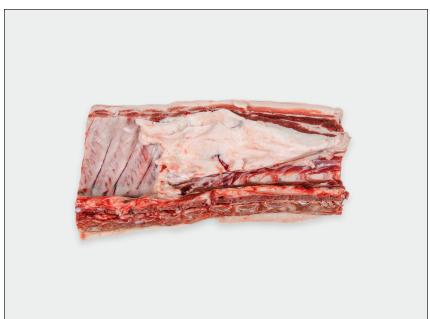
Red Wattle Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Loin (bone in, skin on)
13.89 pounds, 12% of the carcass



- Bone-in chops
- Boneless chops
- Tenderloin
- Sirloin roast
- Baby back ribs

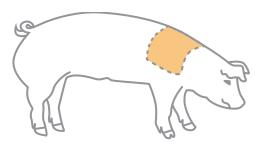




Red Wattle Hog

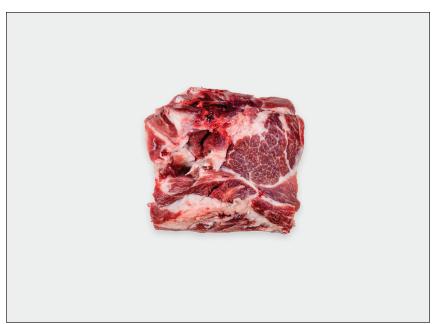
AMERICAN STYLE

Shoulder Butt (skinless)
7.00 pounds, 6% of the carcass

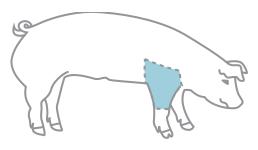


Common Cuts

- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Blade steaks
- Country ribs
- Boned for sausage



Shoulder Picnic 7.88 pounds, 7% of the carcass



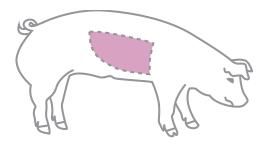
- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Boned for sausage



Red Wattle Hog

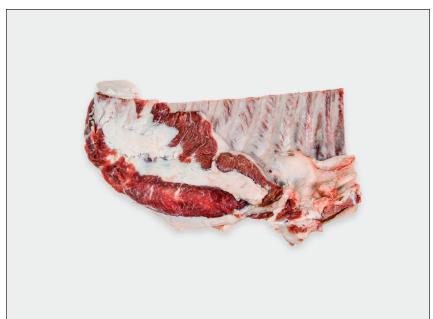
AMERICAN STYLE

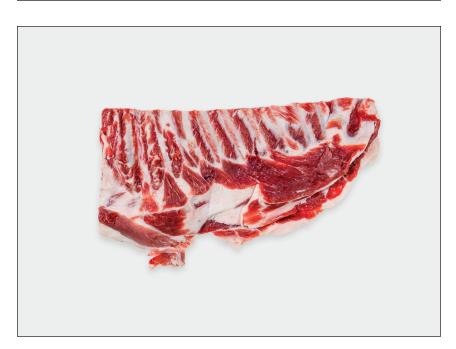
Spareribs 3.73 pounds, 3% of the carcass



Common Cuts

• Whole or St. Louis cut





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

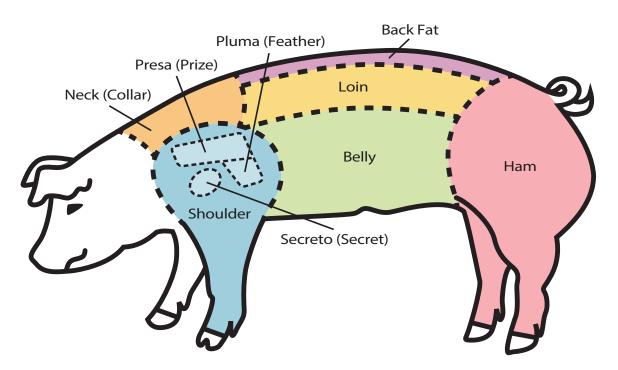
Red Wattle Hog Carcass Breakdown - Charcuterie Style

This style is a way to breakdown a pork carcass for curing whole muscle cuts and also results in some specialty high value cuts for cooking. There are slight variations in this method depending on the desired finished products and some primals can be further broken down for additional products. The method used in this research is a hybrid of Spanish and Italian methods as instructed by Chef and Charcutier Jay Denham of The Curehouse in Louisville, Kentucky.

Summary of the data

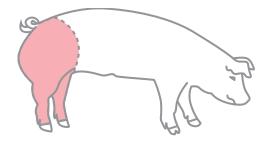
Average hot carcass weight 223.75 pounds with 2.75 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 2.12 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 4.53 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 37%.

CHARCUTERIE STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



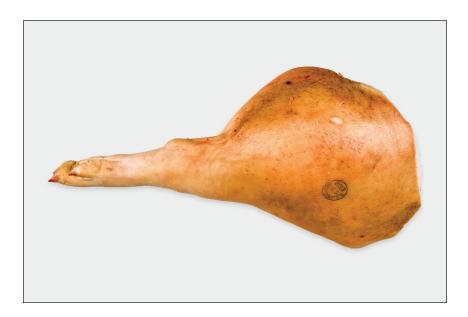
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Ham 22.98 pounds 21% of the carcass



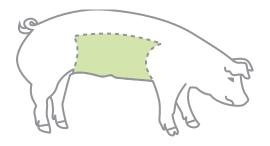
The ham is taken at the ball joint, the aitch bone is then removed and the open face of the ham is trimmed.



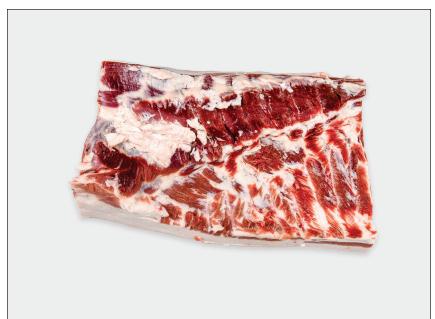


CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Belly 16.05 pounds, 14% of the carcass



The belly contains more rib meat than the American style and is squared by trimming to facilitate curing.

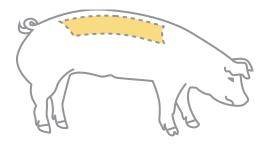




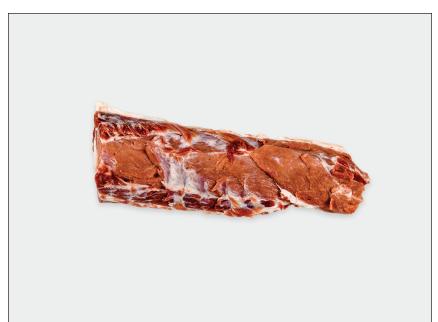
Red Wattle Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Boneless Loin 7.02 pounds, 6% of the carcass



The loin is deboned and trimmed leaving much of the back fat attached.

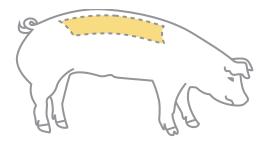




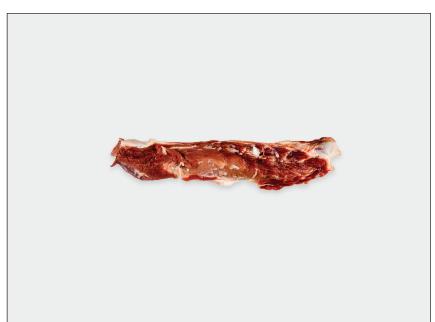
Red Wattle Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Tenderloin 1.14 pounds, 1% of the carcass



The tenderloin is pulled from the loin before boning to keep it intact and undamaged. It is cooked rather than cured.

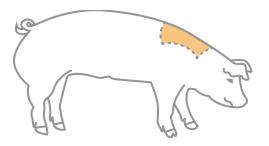




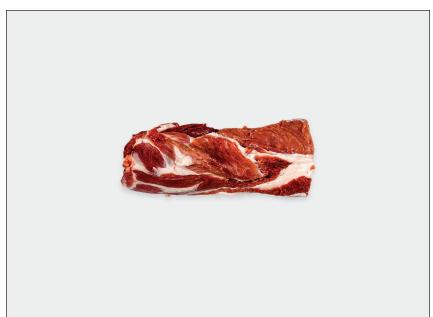
Red Wattle Hog

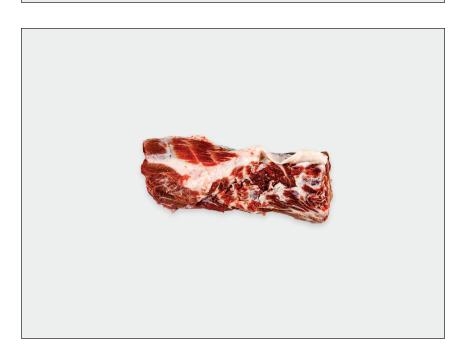
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Neck (collar) 3.80 pounds, 3% of the carcass



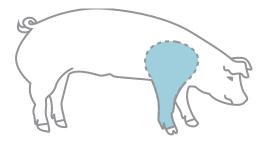
The collar is the top of the head of the loin and separated from the pluma and presa at a natural seam.





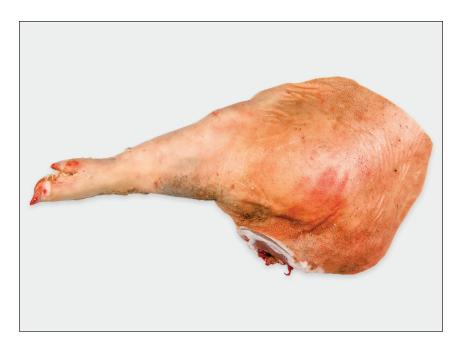
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Shoulder 18.18 pounds, 16% of the carcass



The shoulder is taken at the seventh rib. The collar, presa and pluma are removed as one piece which facilitates removal of the secreto afterward.

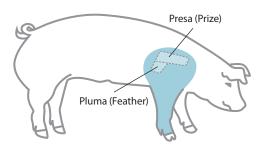




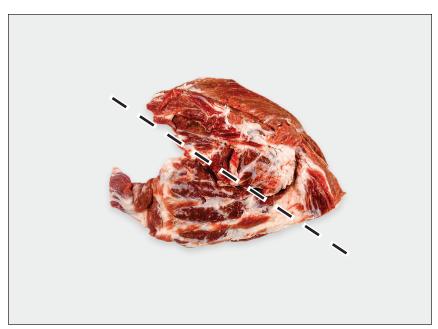
Red Wattle Hog

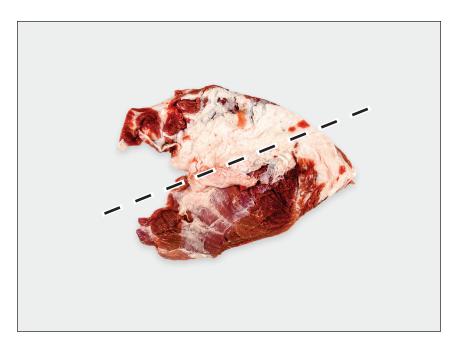
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Presa (prize) and Pluma (feather) 1.78 pounds, 2% of the carcass



The presa (prize) is the bottom of the head of the loin below the collar. The pluma (feather) is the meat covering the first seven ribs. They are taken off the shoulder intact with the collar and separated later to be cooked rather than cured.

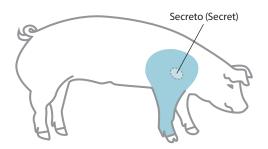




Red Wattle Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Secreto (secret) 0.19 pounds, <1% of the carcass



This small piece lays inside the blade bone of the shoulder, under the presa and pluma, and is cooked rather than cured.





Summary of All Data

The saleable yield of a Red Wattle Hog, cut in the American style, is 65%. The overall percentage of lean muscle using the industry formula based on backfat at 1st and 10th rib, loin eye area and hot carcass weight is 37%. Cut for Charcuterie, the saleable yield is 64%.

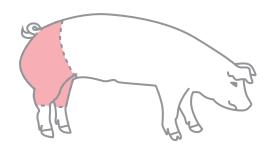
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Ham 21.43 pounds, 19% of the carcass

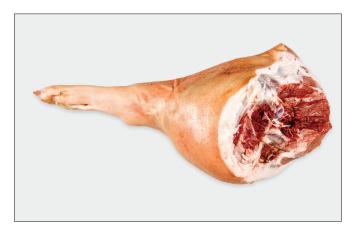




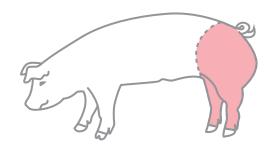


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Ham 22.98 pounds, 21% of the carcass







Red Wattle Hog

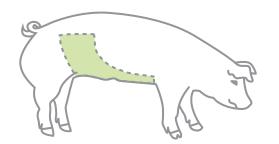
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Side (Belly) 19.19 pounds, 17% of the carcass





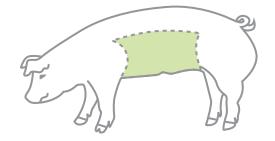


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Belly 16.05 pounds 14% of the carcass







Red Wattle Hog

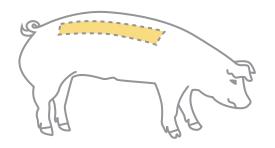
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Loin (bone in, skin on) 13.89 pounds, 12% of the carcass







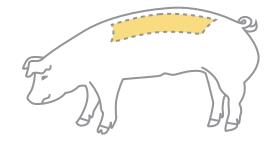
Charcuterie Style Cuts

Boneless Loin 7.02 pounds, 6% of the carcass



Tenderloin 1.14 pounds 1% of the carcass





Red Wattle Hog

COMPARING CUTS

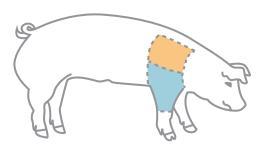
American Style Cuts

Boston Butt (skinless) 7.00 pounds, 6% of the carcass



Picnic 7.88 pounds, 7% of the carcass





Charcuterie Style Cuts

Neck (collar) 3.80 pounds, 3% of the carcass



Shoulder 18.18 pounds, 16% of the carcass

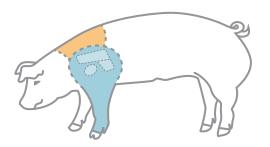


Presa and Pluma 1.78 pounds, 2% of the carcass



Secreto 0.19 pounds, <1% of the carcass







By Bob Perry





AMERICAN STYLE

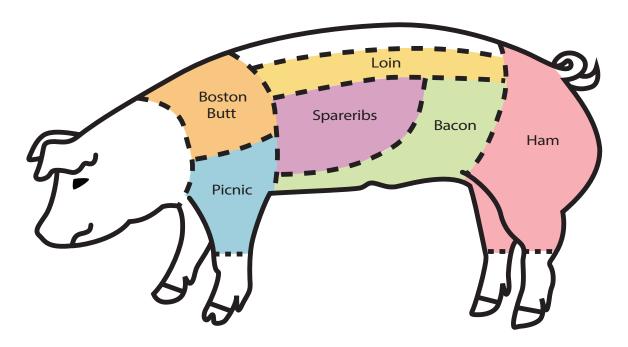
Tamworth Hog Carcass Breakdown – American Style

The cuts of this style are the industry standards and the most common way to breakdown a pig carcass in the United States as instructed by Dr. Gregg Rentfrow, Ph.D., Department of Animal and Food Sciences, University of Kentucky. Most consumers will recognize them as they are the same cuts available at retail outlets and usually sold at farmers markets.

Summary of the data

Average hot carcass weight 231.00 pounds with 2.09 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 1.81 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 6.09 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 43%.

AMERICAN STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



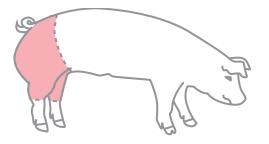
HUSBANDRY OF THE HOGS

Seven piglets from each of the eight breeds in this study were transported to Berea College from various sources and grown out on pasture to market weight. The 1.5 acre pasture consisted primarily of fescue with some other grasses and broadleaf weeds present. Three hoop shelters with deep bedding and one shade tree provided protection from sun, wind, and rain. Free-choice feed, consisting of ground corn, soybean, and Fertrell swine premix, and water were available at all times. They were harvested and processed in three groups based on when they achieved market weight and a slot was available at the University of Kentucky meats lab.

Tamworth Hog

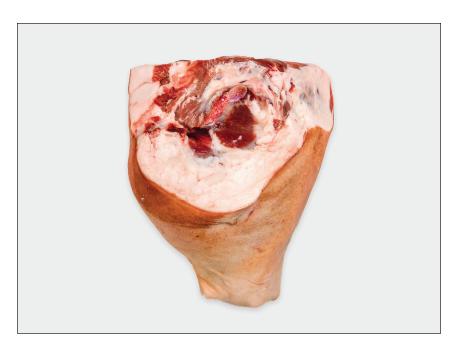
AMERICAN STYLE

Ham 23.93 pounds, 21% of the carcass



- Whole or two-piece raw ham
- Brined and cured "deli" ham
- Ham steaks

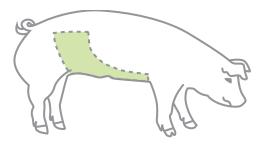




Tamworth Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Side (Belly) 18.34 pounds, 16% of the carcass



- Wet or dry cured for bacon
- Raw for braising

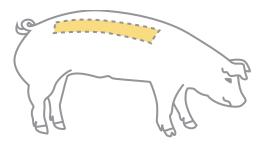




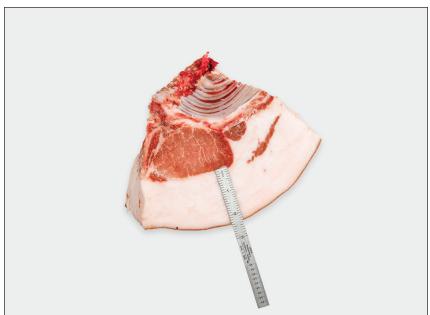
Tamworth Hog

AMERICAN STYLE

Loin (bone in, skin on) 21.06 pounds, 18% of the carcass



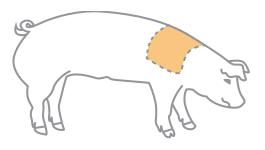
- Bone-in chops
- Boneless chops
- Tenderloin
- Sirloin roast
- Baby back ribs



Tamworth Hog

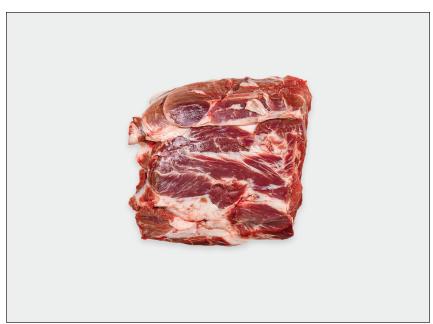
AMERICAN STYLE

Shoulder Butt (skinless) 8.44 pounds, 7% of the carcass

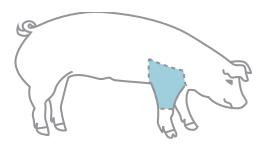


Common Cuts

- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Blade steaks
- Country ribs
- Boned for sausage



Shoulder Picnic 11.08 pounds, 10% of the carcass

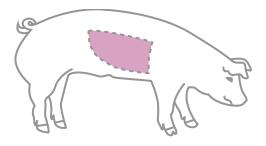


- Whole for BBQ or roasting
- Boned for sausage



AMERICAN STYLE

Spareribs 3.68 pounds, 3% of the carcass



Common Cuts

• Whole or St. Louis cut





CHARCUTERIE STYLE

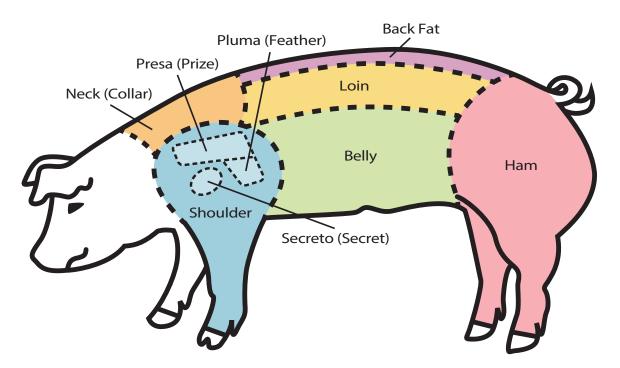
Tamworth Hog Carcass Breakdown - Charcuterie Style

This style is a way to breakdown a pork carcass for curing whole muscle cuts and also results in some specialty high value cuts for cooking. There are slight variations in this method depending on the desired finished products and some primals can be further broken down for additional products. The method used in this research is a hybrid of Spanish and Italian methods as instructed by Chef and Charcutier Jay Denham of The Curehouse in Louisville, Kentucky.

Summary of the data

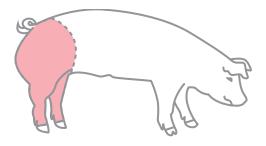
Average hot carcass weight 231.00 pounds with 2.09 inches of fat at the 1st rib and 1.81 inches at the 10th rib. The LEA (loin eye area) was 6.09 square inches and overall the average yield of lean muscle using the industry standard formula was 43%.

CHARCUTERIE STYLE CUTS OF PORK USED IN THIS STUDY



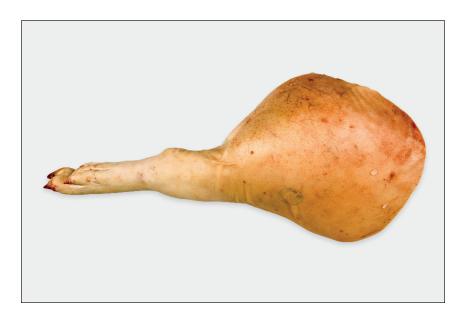
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Ham 29.05 pounds 25% of the carcass



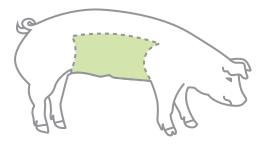
The ham is taken at the ball joint, the aitch bone is then removed and the open face of the ham is trimmed.



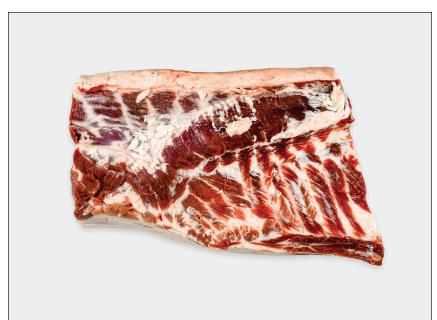


CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Belly 16.95 pounds, 15% of the carcass



The belly contains more rib meat than the American style and is squared by trimming to facilitate curing.

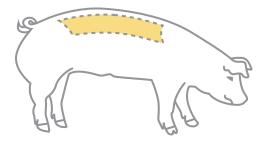




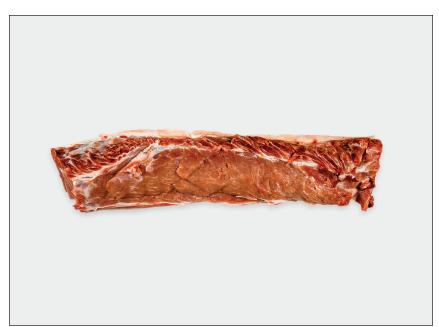
Tamworth Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Boneless Loin 7.12 pounds, 6% of the carcass



The loin is deboned and trimmed leaving much of the back fat attached.

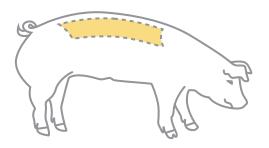




Tamworth Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Tenderloin 1.44 pounds, 1% of the carcass



The tenderloin is pulled from the loin before boning to keep it intact and undamaged. It is cooked rather than cured.

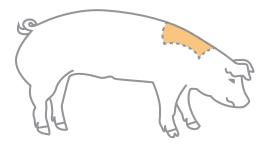




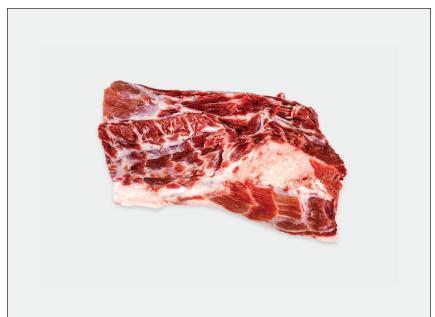
Tamworth Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Neck (collar) 5.86 pounds, 5% of the carcass



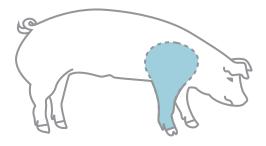
The collar is the top of the head of the loin and separated from the pluma and presa at a natural seam.



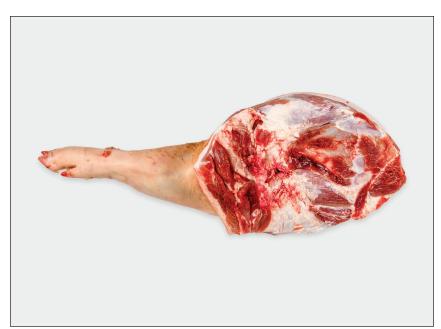


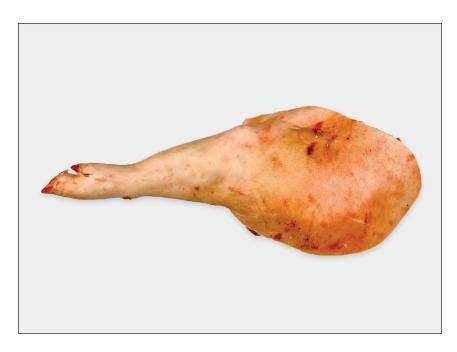
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Shoulder 19.80 pounds, 17% of the carcass



The shoulder is taken at the seventh rib. The collar, presa and pluma are removed as one piece which facilitates removal of the secreto afterward.

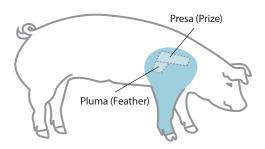




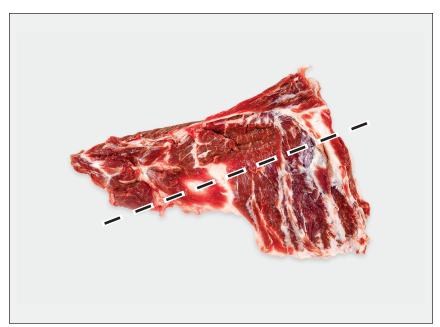
Tamworth Hog

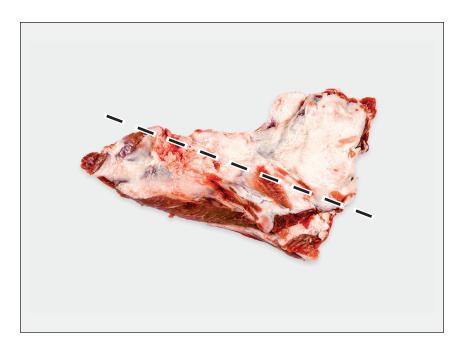
CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Presa (prize) and Pluma (feather) 1.84 pounds, 2% of the carcass



The presa (prize) is the bottom of the head of the loin below the collar. The pluma (feather) is the meat covering the first seven ribs. They are taken off the shoulder intact with the collar and separated later to be cooked rather than cured.

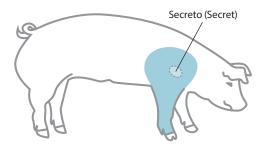




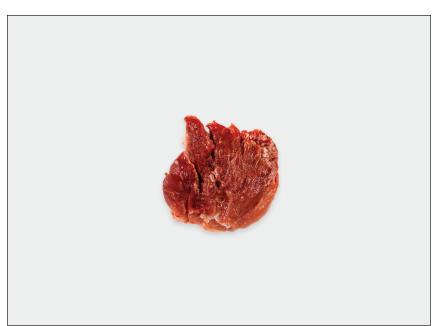
Tamworth Hog

CHARCUTERIE STYLE

Secreto (secret) 0.28 pounds, <1% of the carcass



This small piece lays inside the blade bone of the shoulder, under the presa and pluma, and is cooked rather than cured.





Summary of All Data

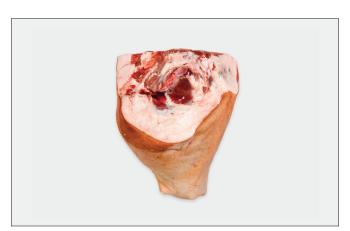
The saleable yield of a Tamworth Hog, cut in the American style, is 75%. The overall percentage of lean muscle using the industry formula based on backfat at 1st and 10th rib, loin eye area and hot carcass weight is 43%. Cut for Charcuterie, the saleable yield is 73%.

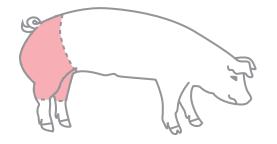
COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Ham 23.93 pounds, 21% of the carcass



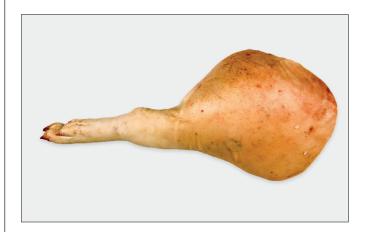


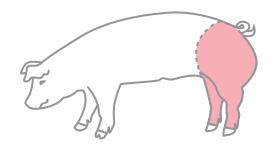


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Ham 29.05 pounds, 25% of the carcass







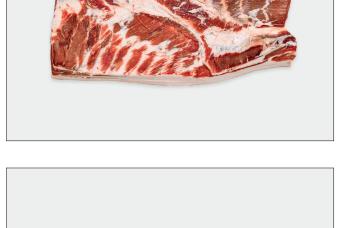
Tamworth Hog

COMPARING CUTS

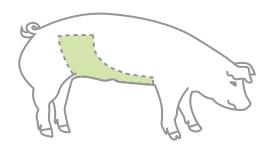
American Style Cuts

Side (Belly) 18.34 pounds, 16% of the carcass







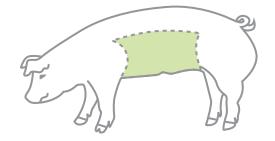


Charcuterie Style Cuts

Belly 16.95 pounds 15% of the carcass







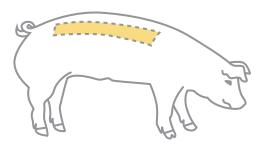
Tamworth Hog

COMPARING CUTS

American Style Cuts

Loin (bone in, skin on) 21.06 pounds, 18% of the carcass





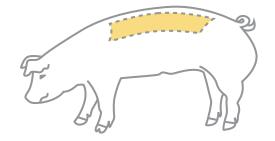
Charcuterie Style Cuts

Boneless Loin 7.12 pounds, 6% of the carcass



Tenderloin 1.44 pounds 1% of the carcass





Tamworth Hog

COMPARING CUTS

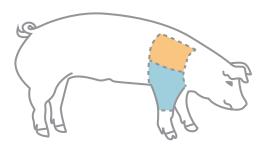
American Style Cuts

Boston Butt (skinless) 8.44 pounds, 7% of the carcass



Picnic 11.08 pounds, 10% of the carcass





Charcuterie Style Cuts

Neck (collar) 5.86 pounds, 5% of the carcass



Shoulder 19.80 pounds, 17% of the carcass



Presa and Pluma 1.84 pounds, 2% of the carcass



Secreto 0.28 pounds, <1% of the carcass



