

Supporting Relationships for Farm Success

Healthy on-farm relationships between spouses, employees, apprentices and family members are vital to a farm's success.

The University of Maine Cooperative Extension and the Beginning Farmer Resource Network of Maine started a project in the fall of 2016 focused on farmers and social sustainability. The project is supported by an Northeast SARE Professional Development Program Grant









Today's Presenters







Leslie Forstadt, University of Maine Cooperative Extension



Abby Sadauckas, University of Maine Cooperative Extension



Supporting Relationships for Farm Success

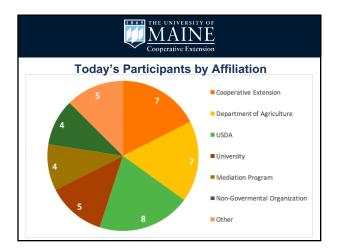
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Communication Type

What is your most frequently used form of communication with farmers?



What do we mean by Interpersonal Skills?

- Communication: Identifying the relationships and roles on the farm and tools to improve communication between family members, farm partners, employees, customers and other decision makers.
- Decision-making: Utilize existing tools to prioritize tasks and plan in advance. Have a clear understandings of management roles and responsibilities, and criteria on what decisions can be made by the person in charge and which require all stakeholders' input.
- Goal-setting: Develop farm goals that integrate quality of life values and relationship goal criteria into farm decision making.
- Time Management: Utilizing existing resources to assist farmers in optimizing farm roles and responsibilities.



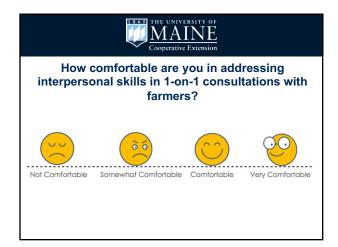
Performance Target

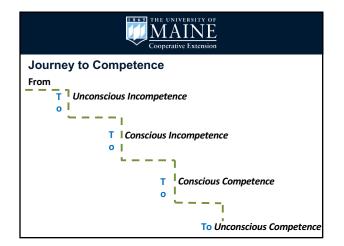
45 agricultural service providers increase competence and confidence to understand and respond to beginning farmer concerns about interpersonal relationships, and apply their new skills in one-on-one consultations with 90 farmers who manage 10,755 acres, with an aim to improve farm retention and farmer lifestyle satisfaction.

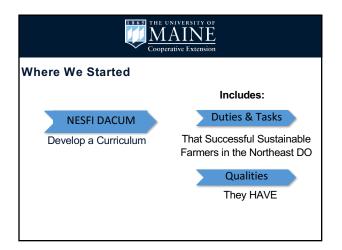




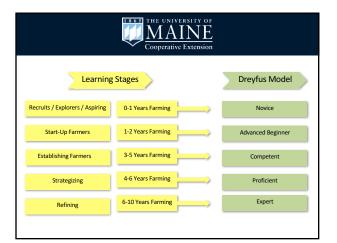
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-Robert Fetsch, Colorado State University Cooperative Extension		

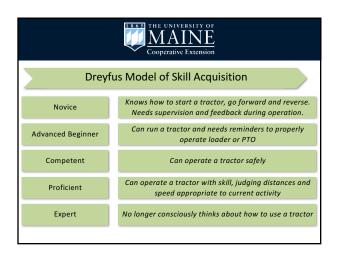


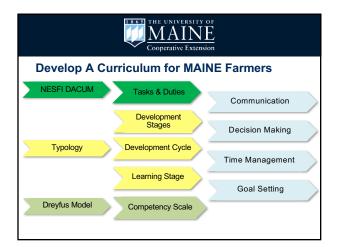


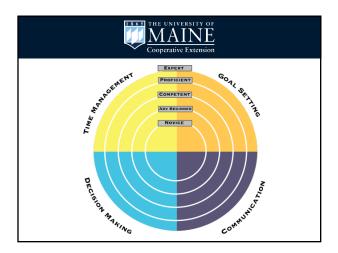


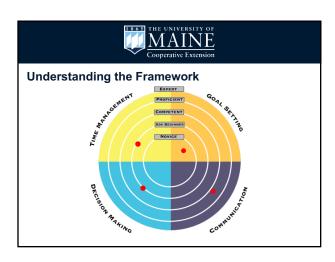
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What	t's Not Included?					
	Duties & Tasks					
A. B. C. D. E. G. H. I. J. K. L.	Manage Farm Business Pursue Education & Professional Development Nourish Family & Community Relations Manage Farm Labor Resources Manage Tools, Equipment & Supplies Manage Farm Infrastructure Manage Production & Natural Resources Raise Livestock Raise Crops Market Farm Products & Services	HOW? WHEN?				

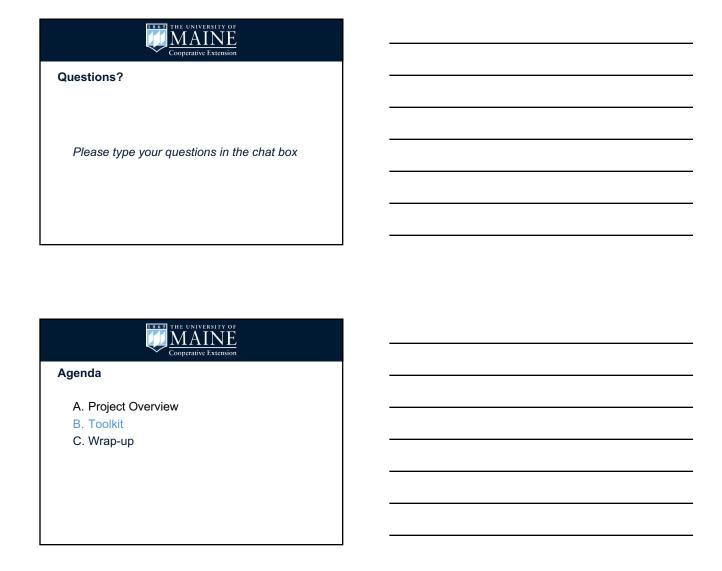


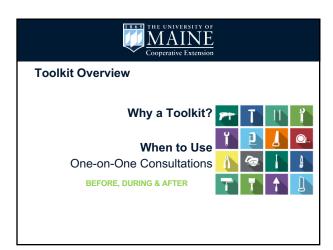








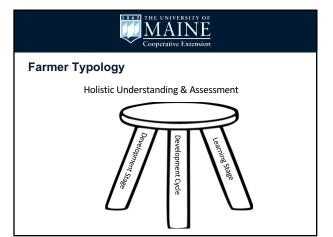






What's in the Toolkit?

- •Farmer Typology
- •Tips for Acting as a Guide
- Checklist
- Resources



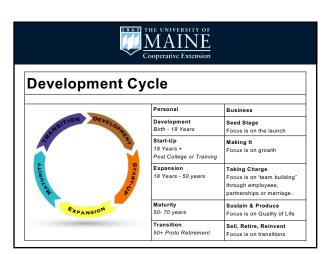
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Farm Development Stages	
Prospective Start-Up Establishing Strategizing Refining	
Start-up farmers How does this farmer describe their goals for the farm? Prospective farmers Has the farmer done any type of self-evaluation? (personality test, farming aptitude test) Establishing farmers Does this farmer have employees, apprentices or others for whom they are a supervisor? Strategizing farmers How is the farmer approaching the challenges associated with changes to their business? Refining farmers Are there skills or knowledge that this farmer still needs?	

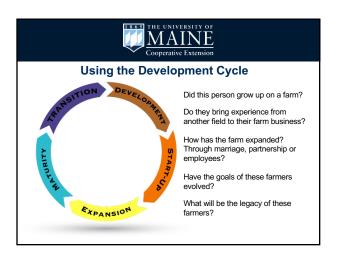


Using the Farmer Typology

- Think of a farmer you've worked with......
- •What is their development stage?
- •What are some of the characteristics that you've used to determine this?

Do you have questions about how to identify a farmer's development stage?







Using the Farmer Typology

- •What stage of the development cycle are they in?
- What characteristics indicate this stage?

 Please type your responses into the chat box.
- Are you curious to learn more about aspects of this stage?



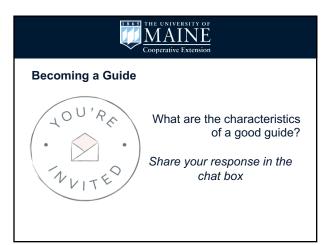


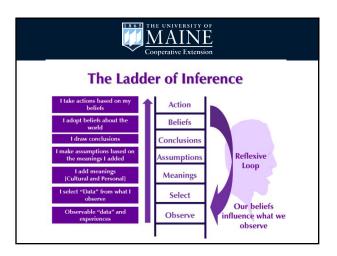
Using the Farmer Typology

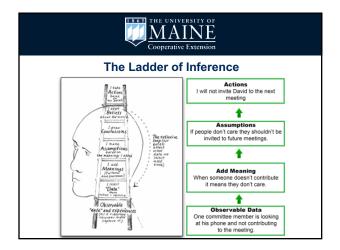
- What learning stage fits their production knowledge?
- How about their communication skills?
- Will these levels of skill be an asset or a challenge based on what you know?

Questions? Please type your questions into the chat box.











Questions about the Ladder of Inference?

Please type your questions in the chat box



Active Listening Tips

Asking open-ended questions

How will a new well impact your farm?

How will it change your production?

How will it change your finances?

How will it support your farm goals?

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Α	ctive Listening Tips Clarify
	can you tell me more about the sequence of
'	events?
	m not sure I understand, could you explain how
	you reached this conclusion?
С	can you remind me who was involved?
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Α	ctive Listening Tips
	Naming the Emotions
Н	low are you feeling about this challenge?
ľi	m sensing you are concerned about this. Can you
1	tell me more about what you're feeling?
V	What are some of your fears about this choice?
	•
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A	ctive Listening Tips Summarize
۶" ا	So what I've heard so far is"

"What I heard you say was....."

"These are some of things I've heard you say, ..."

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Words & Phrases to Avoid

"WHY"

Asking "why" something happened or "why" a particular decision was made can be tempting. This approach can trigger a defensive answer which may distract from assessing the situation.



Words & Phrases to Avoid

"I know what you mean"
"I've heard that before"
"That happened to me once..."
"In my experience..."

These phrases are barriers to communication and convey assumptions that the farmer might take as a cue(s) to stop talking.



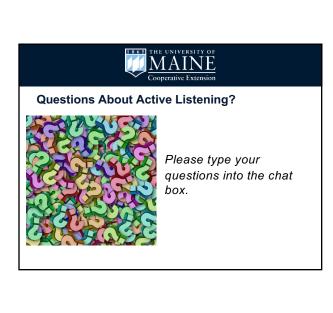
Words & Phrases to Avoid

"BUT" or "HOWEVER" or "SHOULD" or "COULD" or "WOULD"

These are phrases which can often draw attention back to you (the listener) as an active listener your goal is to have the attention remain with the speaker.

Try substituting "AND" where you might use "BUT."

For example, "This business plan is so helpful to my understanding of your farm goals AND I'll need additional information to assess whether our programs are the right fit for your funding needs."



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Feedback

Before offering feedback, clarify whether your feedback is meant to offer insight or add context to the speaker's point of view.

Some of these clarifying questions might include:

"What ideas do you have to address this?"
"Is there a specific way you would like my help?"
"Have you seen someone else facing this?
How did they approach it?"



Feedback

Ask before you share pertinent information, observations, insights and experiences.

"I have some information that might help with that, would you like to hear it?"

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Feedback

If the answer is yes, then keep these tips in mind. Keep the feedback loop open so there is opportunity for the farmer to correct what you may have misheard.

Limit Your Focus"Well we've discussed several interesting aspects of your operation, I can help you most with time management and your goal to finish your business plan this winter."

Prepare your Thoughts

"Because I heard you say you were having trouble prioritizing tasks on the farm, I suggest you look at this time management tool."

Keep it Positive & Focus on Improvement
"I like your ambition <u>and</u> I'd love to support you in writing your business plan. I'd
like to start by scheduling some meetings and corresponding deadlines.



Referrals

Types of Referrals

Self - You are aware of a resource

Provider - You contact an agency representative

Research - You may need to do more research prior to making a referral.



Effective Referrals

To ensure you have a good sense of the support this person has explored or is currently receiving it is a good idea to ask, "Who else have you been in touch with?" and then--

- Ask for Permission
- Explain the Referral
- Know your Limits
- Get to know the Network
- Verify the Need

Questions?

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Following Up The farmer may have already indicated how they would like to proceed with next steps. As a guide, you can remind them of their self-described process through use of	
paraphrasing and/ or open-ended questions.	
"You've told me you'd like to have "" done. When would you like to have it done by?"	
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Following Up If the farmer was unable to complete an action item or	
arrives to a consultation unprepared.	
Set a timeline or time framework with them on setting a realistic deadline.	
Consider if something else needs to be done or learned first. <i>Is this affecting completion of the action item.</i>	
Ask, "what motivates you?" Consider if follow-up can incentivize them to complete the task.	
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Following Up	
What type of follow-up do you use?	
You may type your responses into the chat box.	

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Using the Checklist

Please open the document, One-on-One Consultation Checklist. We'll go through it with some examples.

- Stage of Development
- Conversation Openers
- Area of Focus
- Skill Area (self-rating)
- Feedback
- Next Steps



Using the Checklist

Conversation Openers

What brings this farmer to your office?

What expectations do you have for the meeting?



Using the Checklist

Area of Focus

- Key Phrases
- Approach or Tactics
- · Who else?

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Case Study

In this example let's pretend you are a loan officer.

Jim and Karen come into your office and tell you about how the last two seasons of dry weather have impacted their business and their ability to grow crops for their markets.

They tell you about how they have been in business for 4 years, selling veggies at 3 farmers market during the growing season. They don't own their land. They rent a house and their fields on a year-to-year basis.

Their house well has gone dry several times which has been stressful. They've lost crops and are frustrated because this means they can't meet the consumer demand at their markets.

They've met with their NRCS agent who tells them they can put together an application for funding, but they won't know if the funding will be there until March or April. They have a quote of \$5,000 from a well driller.

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Using the Checklist

Skill Areas

Are there aspects of communication, decision making, goal setting, or time management in the farmer's area of focus?

Please type your responses into the chat box.



Case Study

How do Jim & Karen describe their relationship with their landlord?

How able are they to negotiate a longer term lease?

Does their current land meet the needs of their future goals?

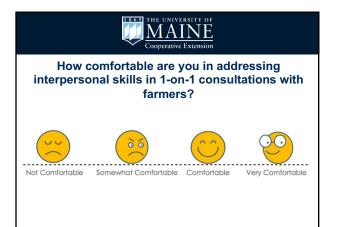


- Action PlanResources
 - Listed by project area

Questions?



- A. Project Overview
- B. Toolkit
- C. Wrap-up



Project Timeline 2017 Project Activities December Using the Tools & Feedback to Project Coordinators 2018 Project Activities January Complete Digital Resource Available to Participants January - February Follow-Up Survey (a draft has been emailed to you) April Digital Resource Available on project website	THE UNIVERSITY OF MAINE Cooperative Extension		
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& Feedback to Project Coordinators 2018	2017	Project Activities	
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	January	Complete Digital Resource Available to Participants	
April Digital Resource Available on project website	January - February	Follow-Up Survey (a draft has been emailed to you)	
	April	Digital Resource Available on project website	



Next Steps

- Complete the evaluation (see your email)
- Integrate the Service Provider Toolkit and Checklist into your day-to-day work.
- Ask the project team for help
- Provide feedback about successes, challenges and project materials
- Keep notes for follow-up survey (see your email)



THANK YOU!

We hope that you will leave today with new perspectives and tools to help deepen your understanding of the farmers with whom you work.



Presenter Emails:

Elaine Bourne - <u>elaine.bourne@voanne.org</u> Leslie Forstadt - <u>leslie.forstadt@maine.edu</u> Abby Sadauckas - <u>absadauckas@gmail.com</u>