SARE Report 12/17/07

Growing Winter Spelt as an Organic Grain or Forage for Dairy Cows

Henry Perkins Bullridge Farm Albion, ME

What I did and how I measured my results:

Working with Rick Kersbergen, we mapped out 18 plots on a field that had been previously in small grains, but had been fallowed for weed control tillage. Manure and lime were applied prior to planting.

We used organic winter spelt from Lakeview Organic Grain (Lot # o-wps-kum-5-06)

Planting dates we selected were:

9/1/06 120 lbs /acre (PD1) 9/15/06 120 lbs/acre (PD2)

10/14/06 120/lbs/acre (PD3)

Here are some pictures from the plots in late October of 2007. After the last planting date, we had significant rainfall that continued through December of 2007.





Top left- 3 planting dates

Left- 9/1/06 planting and 10/15/06 planting

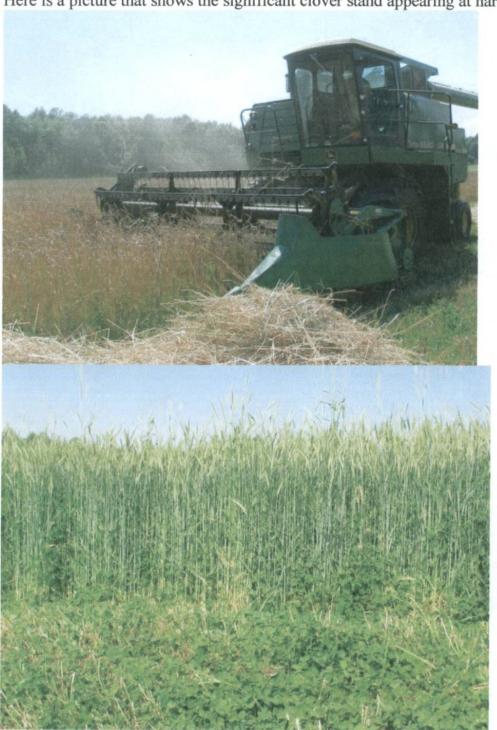
Above- 3 planting dates (early in the distance to late close)

Note: Significant rains occurred shortly after the 10/15/06 planting

One Lely cultivation was done on the early planted plots on 10/14/06 and on the PD3 plots just prior to planting.

In late March, I spun on red clover seed with a 4-wheeler and electric spin spreader attachment. The resulting stand of clover that appeared at harvest provided significant forage yield of high quality material in September of 2007.

Here is a picture that shows the significant clover stand appearing at harvest.



On May 31st 2007, I worked with the University farm crew to harvest the "boot stage" spelt forage. Samples were collated for nutrient analysis.

Boot stage harvest 5/31/07 28" X 10 ' plots kg

9/1/06 planting	9/15/06 planting	10/14/06 planting
23 % dry matter	21% dry matter	23% dry matter
R1PD1 2.78Kg	R1 PD2 2.36Kg	R1PD3 1.54Kg
R2PD1 3.90	R2 PD2 3.12	R2PD3 .56
R3PD1 4.16	R3PD2 2.96	R3PD3 .58

Ave 3.61Kg 2.81Kg .89 kg Kg
7.43 tons/acre 5.78 tons/acre 1.8 tons/acre
1.71 tons dry matter/acre 1.3 tons/acre dry matter .42 tons/acre dry mater

Stem counts along a one meter rule take 5/31/07

9/1/06 R1 pd 1 126 162 R2 pd1 107 114 R3 PD1 86 156 Ave 125 9/15/06 R1 pd 2 103 137 R2 PD2 59 103 R3 PD2 131 110 Ave 107 10/15/06 R1 pd3 70 115 R2 pd 3 81 63 R3 PD 3 99 75 Ave 84

Board Members Elect

Henry Perkins
Doug Hartkopf
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Erik Johnson
Steve Russell

Mary Castonguay Jeff Bragg George Nuite Randy Bates



40	-					
	STING LABOR	RATORY				
DAIRY ONE,				Sample Description I	Parm Code	Sample
	W YORK 148	350		FR WHEAT FORAGE		
				9/01/06 SPELT BOOT STA	AGE	
				Analysis Por	mıl ta	!
Sampled	06/04/07IC	Printed 8	STICOI	Components	As Fed	TM I
'			''	Components		****
	PERKINS			% Dry Matter		
HENRY PERK				% Neutral Detergent Fiber	11.6	59.0
156 BOG RD ALBION, ME				% Crude Protein % Calcium % Phosphorus % Magnesium % Potassium % Sodium PPM Copper PPM Iron	1.9	9.5
PLUDION, PA	04310			% Phosphorus	.07	37
				% Magnesium	.02	.10
				% Potassium	. 43	2.21
ENER	RGY TABLE -	- NRC 2001	L	% Sodium	.001	.006
			= 3.1	PPM Copper	1	7 1
				PPM Iron	37	190
Milk,	NEL	NEL	MLIK,	PPM Manganese	4	21
Lb	Mcal/Lb	Moal/Kg	Kg	PPM Zinc	3	16
Dry	0.61	1 35	Drw		6.8	34 4
40	0.59	1.29	18	1% NFC		22.3
	0.56	1.24	27	% TDN	12	
80	0.53	1.18	36		.11	.55
100	0.50	1.10	45	NEM, Mcal/Lb	.11	.55
120+	0.46	1.01	54+	NEG, Mcal/Ib Relative Feed Value	.06	
				Relative Feed Value		98
NEM3X		1.30				
NEG3X ME1X	0.33	0.72		% Moisture % Adjusted Crude Protein	80.3	0.5
DEIX	1.00	2.20		PPM Molybdenum	.2	.8
TDN1X,%	60	2.00		Horse TDN, %	9	
				Horse TDN, % Horse DE, Mcal/lb	.18	
				1		1
COMMENTS:				1		1
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	ENERGY WI			1		
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RICHARD K	ERSBERGER			l i	i	i
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FORAGE TES						
	STING LABOR	ATORY				***
DAIRY ONE	, INC.			Sample Description 1	Farm Code	Sample
730 WARREN	N ROAD			FR WHEAT FORAGE	1295	11143800
ITHACA, N	EW YORK 148	50	12501	0/15/06 07777 7007 077		
607-257-12	272 (fax	607-257-		9/15/06 SPELT BOOT STA		
				Analysis Re		
Sampled	Recvd Pr	rinted	STICOI			
1	106/04/0710	6/05/07	1 1	Components	As Fed	DM
	PERKINS			% Dry Matter		
	NETTO 100			10 45 1 3 5 1 1 5 1		
156 BOG RI	D			1% Crude Protein	2.3	11.8
ALBION, M	E 04910			% Calcium	.07	. 35
				% Phosphorus	. 08	.42
				% Magnesium	.02	.12
				% Potassium	. 56	2.84
ENE	RGY TABLE -	NRC 2001	L	% Sodium	.002	.009
BW = 1350	Fat% = 3.	7 Tprot%	= 3.1	% Neutral Detergent Fiber % Crude Protein % Calcium % Phosphorus % Magnesium % Potassium % Sodium PPM Copper PPM Iron PPM Manganese	1 1	8
				PPM Iron	47	240
Milk,	NEL	NEL	Milk,	PPM Manganese	4 4	22
Lib	Mcal/Lb 1	Mcal/Kg	Kg	PPM Zinc	4	19
Dans.	0.63			 % Acid Detergent Fiber	70	25 5
40 60	0.60	1 32	18	12 NEC	1.0	21.3
60	0.60 0.57	1.27	27	1% TON	12	
90	0.54	1.20	36	NEL Moal/Ib	.11	. 56
100	0.51	1.12	45	NEM, Mcal/Lb	.11	.56
120+	0.47	1.04	54+	NEG, Moal/Lb	.06	.56
				% TDN NEL, Mcal/Lb NEM, Mcal/Lb NEG, Mcal/Lb Relative Feed Value	i	98
NEMBX	0.60	1.33			i i	
NEG3X	0.34	0.75		% Moisture	80.2	
ME1X	1.02	2.24		% Adjusted Crude Protein PPM Molybdenum	2.3	11.8
DEIX	1.21	2.67		PPM Molybdenum	.2	. 9
TDNLX,*	60				9	
COMMENTS:					.19	. 96
DO NOT	ERGIES - SMA USE ENERGIA ILK. LARGE ENERGY WIT	ES BEYOND BREEDS -	80 USE		 	
CAUTION						
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Recvd Printe 6/04/07 06/05/ ERKINS NS 04910 Y TABLE - NRC :	257-1350) d ST CO 07	Sample Description	295 300T sults As Fed	11143820
ROAD YORK 14850 2 (fax 607- Recvd Printe 6/04/07 06/05/ ERKINS NS 04910 Y TABLE - NRC : Fat% = 3.7 Tpm	257-1350) d ST CO 07	10/15 planting SPELT Analysis Res	295 300T sults As Fed	11143820
YORK 14850 2 (fax 607- Recvd Printe 6/04/07 06/05/ ERKINS NS 04910 Y TABLE - NRC : Fat% = 3.7 Tpm	257-1350) d ST CO 07	10/15 planting SPELT Analysis Res	295 300T sults As Fed	11143820
2 (fax 607-	257-1350) d ST CO 07	10/15 planting SPEIT Analysis Res	Sults As Fed	DM
2 (fax 607-	257-1350) d ST CO 07	10/15 planting SPEIT Analysis Res	Sults As Fed	DM
Recvd Printe 6/04/07 06/05/ ERKINS NS 04910 Y TABLE - NRC :	d ST CO	Analysis Res Components Dry Matter	sults As Fed	DM
6/04/07 06/05/05/06/05/05/05/06/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/	07	Components	21.0	DM
6/04/07 06/05/05/06/05/05/06/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/	07	Components	21.0	DM
ERKINS 04910 Y TABLE - NRC: Fat% = 3.7 Tpm		% Dry Matter	21.0	54.0
NS 04910 Y TABLE - NRC : Fat% = 3.7 Tpm		10 Marsham 7 Datamant William	1 11 4 1	FAO
04910 Y TABLE - NRC:	2001	% Crude Protein % Calcium % Phosphorus % Magnesium % Potassium	3.3	15.6
Y TABLE - NRC :	2001	% Calcium % Phosphorus % Magnesium % Potassium	.10	.47
Y TABLE - NRC :	2001	% Phosphorus % Magnesium % Potassium	.10	
TABLE - NRC : Fat% = 3.7 Tpn	2001	% Magnesium	. 10	47
TABLE - NRC : Fat% = 3.7 Tpn	2001	% Potassium		1.4
TABLE - NRC : Fat% = 3.7 Tpn	2001	to Potassium	.03	2 21
Fat% = 3.7 Tpm	2001	19 Cadism	. 67	3.21
	-40 - 2 -	t socium	.002	.010
	Dt = 3.1	PPM Copper	2	220
	241.7.2	PPM IFON	1 /1	339
NEL NEL	Milk,	PPM Manganese	7	34
Mcal/Lb Mcal/	ng ng	PPM Zinc	4	20
			6.7	32 1
0.63	39 18	19 NEC	1 47 1	22.1
0.60 1	33 27	1% TON		
0.67 1.	26 26	INET Mon 1 /Th		
0.57 1.5	10 45	DEM, MORI/ID	.12	
0.54 1	18 45	NEM, MCal/LO	.12	.58
0.50 1.0	J9 54+	NEG, MCal/LD	.07	
0.63 1.4	10	1		110
0.37 0.8	32	1% Moisture	790	
1.06 2.3	34	1% Adjusted Crude Protein	3.3	15 6
1.25 2.	77	I PPM Molybdenum	2 1	1.0
61		Horse TDN %	11	53
		Horse DE. Mcal/lb		
E ENERGIES BES C. LARGE BREE	OND 80 OS - USE			
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SBERGER		1	1	
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	0.66 1.4 0.63 1.3 0.60 1.3 0.57 1.2 0.54 1.3 0.50 1.6 0.63 1.4 0.37 0.8 1.06 2.3 1.25 2.7 61 THES - SMALL BE E ENERGIES BED T. LARGE BREEN NERGY WITH EXTERISES	0.66 1.45 Dry 0.63 1.39 18 0.60 1.33 27 0.57 1.26 36 0.54 1.18 45 0.50 1.09 54+ 0.63 1.40 0.37 0.82 1.06 2.34 1.25 2.77 61 ELES - SMALL BREEDS - E ENERGIES BEYOND 80 C. LARGE BREEDS - USE NERGY WITH EXTREME	0.63	0.66 1.45 Dry % Acid Detergent Fiber 6.7 0.63 1.39 18 % NFC 4.7 0.60 1.33 27 % TDN 13 0.57 1.26 36 NEL, Mcal/lb .12 0.54 1.18 45 NEM, Mcal/lb .07 0.50 1.09 54+ NEG, Mcal/lb .07 0.63 1.40

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Conclusions from Boot stage harvest:

Obviously, we suffered a huge yield penalty from the late planting dates, indicating that if growers want a forage yield from a winter grain, they should be planting in September if at all possible. Interestingly, maturity of the crop was also impacted by planting dates, with crude protein dropping dramatically from the early planting to the late planting. This would suggest that a mid-late September planning may be more desirable for forage quality if your harvest window is late May or early June. Stem counts indicated a decrease in tillering and plant counts from the early to late planting as well. There was not a severe decline from 9/1/06 to the 9/15/06 dates.

In July, I again went out and harvested subplots for forage yield and quality in the "soft dough" stage

7/10/07 Soft dough stage harvest 28" x 10' plots Kg

R1PD1 5.22 R2PD1 5.84 R3PD1 3.34	Average yield 4.8 9.88 tons 3.66 to	Average dry matter 37.1 ons of dry matter
R1PD2 4.64 R2PD2 4.92 R3PD2 4.16		Average dry Matter 34.3 tons of dry matter
R3PD3 2.8 R1PD3 1.6 R2PD3 2.24	Average yield 2.21 4.55 tons	Average dry matter 34.7 1.58 tons of dry matter



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	STING LABOR	RATORY				
DAIRY ONE				Sample Description		
730 WARRE					295	
	EW YORK 14					
607-257-1	272 (fa:	x 607-257	-1350)	1		
				Analysis Re	sults	
	Recvd					
I	07/12/07	07/16/07	1 1	Components	As Fed	DM
SPELT	/SOFT DOUG	H 9/01/06			37.1	
HENRY PER				1% Neutral Detergent Fiber	22.6	61.0
156 BOG R	D			% Crude Protein	2.4	6.6
ALBION, M	E 04910			18 Calcium	1 .07	.20
				% Phosphorus	.09	.25
				% Magnesium	.04	.10
				% Potassium	. 28	.76
ENE	RGY TABLE	- NRC 2003	1	% Sodium	.002	
BW = 1350	Fat% = 3	.7 Tprot%	= 3.1	PPM Copper	1 3 1	8
					26	69
Milk,	NEL	NEL	Milk,	PPM Manganese	6 1	16
	Mcal/Lb				1 7 1	20
				Annual section of the		20.5
Dry	0.59	1.31	Dry	% Acid Detergent Fiber	14.7	
40 60	0.57	1.25	18	% NFC	8.4	
80					22	
100	0.52	1.14	45	NEL, Mcal/Ib	.20 .20	
120+	0.40	0.00	544	NEM, Mcal/Ib	.11	.54
1201	0.44	0.90	J4T	NEG, Mcal/Ib Relative Feed Value		89
NEM3X	0.57			I restaute seed value	iii	03
	0.31			% Moisture	62.9	
ME1X	0.97	2.14		% Adjusted Crude Protein	2.4	6.6
DE1X	1.16	2.14 2.57		PPM Molybdenum	.2	.6
TDN1X,%	59			Horse TDN, %	15	41
				Horse DE, Mcal/lb	.31	.83
COMPATEL .				1		
COMMENTS:						
1.THIS S	AMPLE WAS	TESTED TW	CE	i	i i	i
FOR CR	UDE PROTEIN	N TO CONFI	IRM	1	i i	i
THE VA	LUE LISTED			I	i i	i
2.NRC EN	ERGIES - SI	MALL BREE	os -	I	i i	i
DO NOT	USE ENERG	IES BEYON	08 0	I	i i	i
LBS. M	ILK. LARGE	E BREEDS -	- USE	I	1 1	1
120 LB	. ENERGY W	ITH EXTREM	Œ	1	l I	- 1
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FORAGE TES	STING LABOR	RATORY				
DAIRY ONE	, INC.			Sample Description FR TRITICALE/PEA FOR	Farm Code	Sample
730 WARREN				FR TRITICALE/PEA FOR	1291	11279040
ITHACA, NE	EW YORK 148	350				
	272 (fax			1		1
	,					
				Analysis Re	sults	1
Sampled	Recvd I	Printed 18	TICOL	Anarysis ke		
1	07/12/07[0	07/13/07	1 1	Components	As Fed	DM
SPELT	SOFT DOUGH	9/15 pla	inting	% Dry Matter	34.3	1
HENRY PER				% Neutral Detergent Fiber	22.1	64.4
156 BOG R	0					
ALBION, ME				% Crude Protein % Calcium	.06	.18
						.23
				% Magnesium	. 04	. 11
				% Phosphorus % Magnesium % Potassium	. 28	.83
	RGY TABLE -					.003
				PPM Copper	1 3	8
				PPM Iron	21	61
Milk.	NEL	NEL	Milk,	PPM Manganese	1 6	17
Lb	Mcal/Lb	Mcal/Kg	Ko	IPPM Zinc	1 7	19
					i	i
Dry	0.58	1.28	Drv	% Acid Detergent Fiber	1 14.5	42.2
40	0.55	1.22	18		7.3	
60	0.53	1.22	27	1% TDN	20	
80	0.50	1.11	36	INEL Mcal/Ib	.17	
100	0.47	1.04	45	NEL, Mcal/Lb NEM, Mcal/Lb	.18	
	0.43	0.96	54+	NEG, Mcal/Ib	.09	
1201	0.45	0.50		Relative Feed Value	1	81
NEM3X	0.55	1.22		I	i	1
				% Moisture	65.7	
ME1X	0.95			% Adjusted Crude Protein		63
DE1X	1 15	2.52		PPM Molybdenum	.3	
	58			Horse TDN, %	14	40 1
IDELLE, o				Horse DE, Mcal/lb	. 28	
COMMENTS:				1		
DO NOT LBS. M	ergies - Si use energi ilk. Largi . Energy Wi n.	IES BEYOND E BREEDS -	0 80 - USE		 	
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RICHARD F	KERSBERGER			i	i	
MACHINE I	THE PERSON			i		

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FORAGE TES DAIRY ONE, 730 WARREN ITHACA, NE 607-257-12	INC. N ROAD IW YORK 14	850		Sample Description FR TRITICALE/PEA FOR 	291	11279050
I Sampled I	Pecuri I	Printed IS	 STICOI	Analysis Re	sults	
1 1	07/12/07	07/13/07	1 1	Components	As Fed	DM
SPELT/SOFT DOUGH 10/15/06 HENRY PERKINS 156 BOG RD ALBION, ME 04910			% Dry Matter % Neutral Detergent Fiber % Crude Protein % Calcium % Phosphorus % Magnesium	34.7 23.8 2.3 .09 .10	68.6 6.6 .27 .29	
ENER	RGY TABLE	- NRC 2001	L		.001	1.03
Milk,	NEL Mcal/Lb	NEL Mcal/Kg	Milk,	PPM Iron PPM Manganese	31 6 8	
100	0.57 0.54 0.52 0.49 0.46 0.42 0.54 0.28 0.93 1.13	1.25 1.20 1.15 1.08 1.01 0.93 	18 27 36 45 54+	% Acid Detergent Fiber		17.3 57 .46 .50 .25 72 6.6 1.6 39
DO NOT LBS. MI	USE ENERG LK. LARG ENERGY W	MALL BREED IES BEYOND E BREEDS - ITH EXTREM	80 USE			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
RICHARD K	ERSBERGER					

At the soft dough stage of harvest, the nutrient qualities between the early planting and late planting were reversed, with the early planting having the lower fiver levels and higher digestible energy. I was disappointed with the quality of this forage, but we may have been a little early for the harvest. From talking to Rick Kersbergen, harvest stage for soft dough is a short window, and we may have been a little early to see good grain/starch levels in the seed head.

In August, (8/2/07) at the field day we held at my farm, we again did a harvest of the grain from the sub plots.

Grain sample weights from Henry Perkins spelt taken on 08/02/2007

Rep/plot	Pd 1 (g) lbs/acre	Pd 2 (g) lbs/acre	Pd 3 (g) lbs/acre
Rep 1	214.3 1014lb	149.8 709	27 128
Rep 2	184.2 872	168.5 798	14.1 68
Rep 3	131 620	226.8 1074	22.7 107

Ave 835 lbs/acre Ave 860 lbs/acre Ave 100 lbs/acre

Lbs/acre at 87 % dry matter equivalent

This data was from small plots and combined through a small plot combine. We had significant loss during the combining process, but the relative yields are important. There was a significant penalty from the delayed planting beyond the 9/15/07 planting date.

We also sent spelt and other grains to Aurora Mills LLC in Houlton Maine for processing into flour. We were interested in the resulting by-products from this process as feed for our cattle. Attached are the sample analysis from three various samples we received as by-product from the mill. We felt that there is significant feeding value to this material. This product is currently being fed to an organic dairy herd in Washington County as an energy supplement.

Also attached are a news release from the field day at our farm (approx 35 people attended) and an article that Rick Kersbergen wrote for a NODPA News article that appeared in late summer.



FORAGE TEST DAIRY ONE, 730 WARREN ITHACA, NEV 607-257-12	INC. ROAD W YORK 14	850		Sample Description OATS, Dry	465	11820650
				Analysis Res	sults	i
1 11	11/09/071	11/12/071	1 1	Components	As Fed	DM I
OAT WAS UNIV OF MA EXTENSION (LIEBY HALL, ORONO, ME (ENER(BW = 1350	STE INE CO-OF CROPS TEA 04469 GY TABLE Fat% = 3	EXTENSION M - NRC 2001	= 3.1	% Moisture % Dry Matter % Crude Protein % Adjusted Crude Protein % Acid Detergent Fiber % Neutral Detergent Fiber % NFC % TDN NEL, Mcal/Lb	12.0 88.0 14.0 14.0 2.9 7.7 59.1 75 .81	15.9 15.9 15.9 3.2 8.8 67.1 85
Milk.	NEL.	NEL	Milk.	NEG. Mcal/Lb	.86	.98 .67
Lb	Mcal/Lb	Mcal/Kg	Kg	% Calcium	.59	.06
					.42	
	1.05	2.31	Dry		.12	
40 60	0.97	2.22	27	% Potassium % Sodium	.36	
	0.93	2.04	36	% Sodium PPM Iron	54	
100	0.88	1.93	45	IPPM Zinc	32	
120+	0.82	1.80	54+	I DEL C		3 1
				PPM Copper PPM Manganese	45	
NEM3X	1.01	2.23		PPM Molybdernum	.3	.4
				Horse TDN, %	78	88 I
ME1X	1.61	3.55		Horse DE, Mcal/lb	1.56	1.77
DE1X		3.95		1		1
TDN1X,%	89			!		1
DO NOT T	USE ENERG LK. LARG ENERGY W	MALL BREED IES BEYOND E BREEDS - ITH EXTREM	80 USE			



FORAGE TESTING LABORATORY
DAIRY ONE, INC.
730 WARREN ROAD
ITHACA, NEW YORK 14850
607-257-1272 (fax 607-257-1350)

|Sampled | Recvd |Printed |ST|CO| | |11/09/07|11/12/07| | |

SMALL GRAIN BRAN UNIV OF MAINE CO-OP EXTENSION EXTENSION CROPS TEAM LIBBY HALL ORONO, ME 04469

	Fam Code	
MISC., Energy Dry	1460	11820730
Anning Do		
Analysis Res	BUICS	
Components	As Fed	DM
% Moisture	10.3	1
% Dry Matter	89.7	I
% Crude Protein	12.2	13.6
% Adjusted Crude Protein	12.2	13.6
% Acid Detergent Fiber	7.0	7.8
% Neutral Detergent Fiber		20.8
% Calcium	.05	.05
% Phosphorus	.63	.70
% Magnesium % Potassium	.23	.26
% Sodium	<.001	
PPM Iron	52	58
PPM Zinc	40	44
PPM Copper	4	5
PPM Manganese	54	60
PPM Molybdernum	.7	.8
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SMALL GRAIN BY PRODUCT							
SMALL GRAIN BY PRODUCT							
UNIV OF MAINE CO-OP EXTENSION % Dry Matter 14.2 16.1 EXTENSION CROPS TEAM % Crude Protein 14.2 16.1 LIBBY HALL % Adjusted Crude Protein 14.2 16.1 ORONO, ME 04469 % Acid Detergent Fiber 2.6 2.9 % Neutral Detergent Fiber 6.9 7.8 % Neutral Detergent Fiber 6.9 7.8 % Neutral Detergent Fiber 7.8 8.8 % New Series % NFC 63.6 71.9 % NFC % NFC 63.6 74.9 % NFC % NFC % NFC 63.6 74.9 % NFC % NFC % NFC 74.9 % NFC % NF					•		
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ORONO, ME 04469			•				
% Neutral Detergent Fiber 6.9 7.8							
Second S	0110110 / 122	01105			% Neutral Detergent Fiber	6.9	7.8
ENERGY TABLE - NRC 2001 % TDN					1% NFC		
BW = 1350 Fat% = 3.7 Tprot% = 3.1 NEL, Mcal/Lb					•		
Milk, NEL NEL Milk, NEG, Mcal/Lb .55 .62					• -		
Milk, NEL NEL Milk, NEG, Mcal/Lb .55 .62 Lb Mcal/Lb Mcal/Kg Kg % Calcium .05 .05 .5 % Phosphorus .45 .51 Dry 0.97 2.14 Dry % Magnesium .13 .15 40 0.93 2.06 18 % Potassium .36 .41 60 0.90 1.98 27 % Sodium .001 .001 80 0.86 1.89 36 PPM Iron .65 .73 100 0.81 1.78 45 PPM Zinc .36 .40 120+ 0.75 1.66 54+ PPM Copper .2 .2							
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PPM Manganese	100	0.81	1.78	45	PPM Zinc		40
NEM3X		0.75	1.66	54+	PPM Copper	2	2
NEG3X 0.65 1.42 Horse TDN, % 79 89 ME1X 1.51 3.33 Horse DE, Mcal/lb 1.57 1.78 DE1X 1.70 3.74 TDN1X, % 84 COMMENTS: 1.THIS SAMPLE WAS TESTED TWICE FOR CRUDE PROTEIN TO CONFIRM THE VALUE LISTED. 2.NRC ENERGIES - SMALL BREEDS - DO NOT USE ENERGIES BEYOND 80 LBS. MILK. LARGE BREEDS - USE 120 LB. ENERGY WITH EXTREME					PPM Manganese	45	51
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News Release

For Immediate Release

Grain Production Workshop and Field Day Aug 2nd Rainbow Valley Farm in Sidney, and Bullridge Farm in Albion. 10-2 Lunch by RSVP only

The Maine Organic Milk Producers and the University of Maine Cooperative Extension are excited to announce a field day for interested producers to visit farms that have been experimenting with grain production on their farm to supplement the diets of their dairy cows.

Rainbow Valley Farm, owned and operated by the Bragg family is a research partner with the University of Maine on a Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education (SARE) project focused on organic grain production. For the past year, Jeff Bragg has planted both winter and spring grains on his farm to complement the research being conducted at the University of Maine and at the research site of the ARS New England Plant Soil and Water Lab in Newport. On August 2nd, starting at 10:00, we will tour grain plots that will be ready to harvest at the farm in Sidney. Rick Kersbergen will discuss the plantings and also lead a discussion about the value of winter grains as both a forage and grain crop for reducing feed costs. Rick will also report on some of the nutrient issues related to growing winter grains in Maine.

Later that afternoon, the tour will head to Bullridge Farm in Albion, owned and operated by Henry Perkins and his daughter Jackie. Henry is also a research cooperator on the SARE project and also is one of eight Maine Organic Milk Producers who are collaborating on the USDA Integrated Organic Project "Reducing Off-farm Grain Inputs on Organic Dairy farms in the Northeast." Henry also received funding to conduct his own research project on winter spelt, a grain that has received increasing attention for its use in human food chain as well as the livestock feeding market. At Henry's farm, we will tour plots of small grains, including the spelt plots and the see some trials involving soybeans. Lauren Kolb, a graduate student at the University of Maine, will be on hand to discuss some interesting weed control techniques in small grains that are being implemented in Europe and experimented with at the Maine Experiment Station farm in Orono.

Lunch will be provided by RSVP at a cost of \$5.00. Interested participants can call the Waldo Extension Office at 1-800-287-1426 (in Maine) and 207-342-5971 outside of the state.

This field day is based on research and funding provided by Northeast SARE and the USDA/CSREES Integrated Organic Program and the Northeast Center for Risk

Management Education. Additionally, the Maine Department of Agriculture has recently funded MOMP to continue organic grain trials for meeting the growing need of artisan bakers in Maine. Nutrient management and pesticide recertification credits are being requested.

Rainbow Valley Farm is on the River Rd in Sidney, and the field day will be North of the farm near the Waterville line. Bullridge farm is located on the Bog road in Albion, approximately 1 mile from RTS. 202 and 9.

For more information, please contact Rick Kersbergen at <u>richardk@umext.maine.edu</u> or call 1-800-287-1426 (in Maine) or 207-342-5971.

Winter Grain Research in Maine Rick Kersbergen (UMCE), Tim Griffin (USDA/ARS) and Tom Molloy (MAFES)

There has been a lot of interest in winter grain production, especially in light of the wild grain prices we are experiencing in both the conventional and organic grain markets. Last year, we started a SARE project "Expanding Grain Production in Maine and Vermont LNE06-240" with Heather Darby and Sid Bosworth from UVM and Tim Griffin from the USDA /ARS New England Plant Soil and Water Lab in Orono. The spring grains we planted in 2006 were a disappointment, both in terms of forage yields, (harvested in either the boot stage or soft dough stages) and grain yields (remember the weather last year?).

In the fall of 2006 we planted a number of winter grains and experimented with planting dates as well as trying to evaluate how best to provide fertility to these grains in an organic system. Concurrently, Henry Perkins from Bull Ridge Farm in Albion initiated a SARE Farmer/Grower trial investigating winter spelt production for forage and grain production. Henry also is evaluating three different fall planting dates.

While all the data we have so far on winter grains is preliminary and relates to forage yield, we can draw some conclusions, especially about planting dates and the impact on forage yields the following spring.

We have data on the boot stage harvest from some replicated trials at the University of Maine Rogers Farm, with spelt, wheat, rye and Triticale. Table 1 shows the two planting dates 9/20 and 10/17 and the impact of boot stage forage yield in pounds of dry matter per acre.

Table 1.

Early Planting (Sept 20 2006),
Rogers West

	DM Yld lbs.
Date	Per
Harvested	acre
21-May	926
8-Jun	3377
8-Jun	2583
29-May	3068
4-Jun	1419
8-Jun	3186
8-Jun	2639
	Harvested 21-May 8-Jun 8-Jun 29-May 4-Jun 8-Jun

Late Planting (Oct 17 2006), Rogers West

Rye	29-May	303
Oberhuaser		
Spelt	15-Jun	2592
Sungold Spelt	11-Jun	2164
Tritical 336	4-Jun	1083
Trical 815	15-Jun	723

The pictures of the following plots indicate the difference we saw in the planting dates of Triticale 336 and Oberhauser Spelt earlier this spring.

Alzo Triticale 15-Jun 1988

Richland

Wheat 11-Jun 2208



Trical 336 planted 10/17/06

Trical 336 planted 9/20/06



At Henry's farm we measured the yield of winter spelt in replicated trials in the boot stage (5/31/07) planted at three different dates last fall (9/15, 9/30 and 10/15).

Table 2.

Bull	Ridge	Farm	Winter
Spel	t		

	15-	30-	
Planting Date	Sep	Sep	15-Oct
Yield DM lbs/acre	3400	2600	840
Stems/meter row	125	107	84



Winter spelt planted at Henry Perkins on 9/15/06 (left) and 10/15 (right). The unwilling participant in the picture is about 5'8" tall.

Another of our farmer researchers in Maine, Jeff Bragg from Rainbow Valley Farm in Sidney planted a number of winter grains for us on his farm on 9/16/06. His yield data for Trical 336 in the boot stage yielded 3.56 tons of dry matter per acre on May 31st! His yields of other small grains were similar to our data from the early planted Rogers Farm.

Table 3.

Rainbow Valley Farm Boot Stage 5/31/07

Yield lbs/acre Dry matter 7120

Trical 336

Wheat (Frederick)	3260
Spelt	3400
Wheat (Richmond)	2800
Rye	3120



Triticale Harvest Boot stage 5/31/07 (Yield of 3.56 tons dry matter/acre)

We have been very excited about the opportunities for organic dairy farmers to grow winter grains to reduce the cost of purchased supplements. We will continue to trial both spring and winter grains to try and fine tune organic management practices. Tim Griffin is researching nitrogen management practices for winter grains and alternative methods that organic farmers might be able to use to apply manure to winter grains in the spring to provide some needed nitrogen.

Many of these trials have also been replicated in Vermont under the watchful eyes of Heather Darby.





