Farm Viability & Finances Field Day

Brought to you by:















Enterprise Budget Exercise – Data:

Start Up Costs Per 100 Chickens: \$970

- Brooder set up (chicken wire, door,
- floor, light): \$500
- Heat lamps (3): \$20
- Hose (1): \$75
- Waterers (2 at \$50 each)): \$100
- Feeders (PVC Homemade): \$25
- Tractors: \$250

Ongoing Expenses Per 100 chickens: \$1,003.70

- Bag of Non-GMO feed (50lbs): \$15 x 1,300lbs (13 lbs per bird) = \$390
- Chicks (includes shipping): \$1.95 per bird x 100 birds = \$195
- Shavings for Brooder: \$5/bag x 20 bags = \$100
- Processing Kill, Vacuum seal whole (\$3.19 per bird, or \$287.10 for 90)
 plus hearts, livers, feet (\$31.60) = \$318.70

Income Per 100 chickens: \$1,666

- Whole chickens: 90 chickens with average weight of 4lb @ \$4.50/lb = \$1,620
- Livers: 8 x 1lb packages @ \$4/lb = \$32
- Hearts: 1 x 1lb packages @ \$4/lb = \$4
- Feet: 5 x 1lb packages @ \$2/lb = \$10

What Else?

- Marketing
- Transportation
 - Other?

Farm Viability & Finances Crash Course

Fall 2022

Let's Dive Into Farm Viability

- Reality Check: True/False
- What's "Farm Viability"?
 - Hear from Farmers: SARE Video
- Food Systems 101: What's a Food System and Why Does It Matter?
- Markets, Outlets & Looking Beyond the Farmers Market
- Business Plans
- Financials FAQ's
- Let's prep to serve three beginning farmers...Mardean, Anne, and Sierra

True / False

True / False:

IN is a major ag state,

but we import the majority of our food.

True / False: Midwest seek out local food

People in the Midwest seek out local food because it is organic.

Hold Up Fingers to Show: Farmers over 65 outnumber farmers under 35 by **3**:1 or by **6**:1.

When beginning farmers consider their

True / False:

"Farm Viability" they look primarily at economic success.

Farmers markets are small farmers'

main outlet for selling their food.

True / False:

Selling direct to customers

True / False:

lets farmers keep more of every dollar.

Small farms are more likely

True / False:

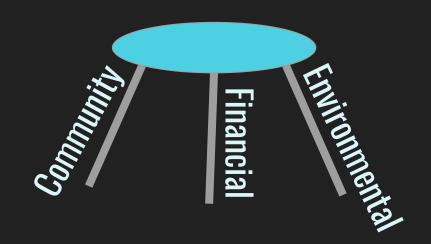
to be profitable than conventional farms.

What is Farm Viability? Let's be nosy.





Ask the farmer: How do you measure your bottom line?



- Food security
- Job training
- Connecting eaters to the land
- Vibrant local food economy
- Mental health
- Food justice
- Other?

- Cash flow for emergencies
- Profit
- Salary
- Retirement account
- Other?

- Biodiversity
- Soil health
- Water quality
- Pollinators
- Carbon sequestration
- Other?

Ask the farmer: Will the farmer still want to (and be able to) farm in 5 years?
15? More?



SARE "Farm Viability" video: https://youtu.be/JSW4JdldUzw

Food Systems 101:

What's a Food System and Why Does It Matter?

WASTE

What is not consumed is brought to the landfill, recycled, fed to animals, or composted into new soil for production

CONSUMPTION

Food is prepared and eaten.

Community
Food System

PRODUCTION

Plants and livestock are grown and harvested

PROCESSING

Raw ingredients are transformed into food for human consumption

DISTRIBUTION

Food is packaged, marketed, and transported to points of purchase.

"Eating is an agricultural act."

- Wendell Berry



LOCAL FOOD GROWS LOCAL ECONOMY

A small shift has a big impact

Let's look at Michigan, for example

Imagine If Michigan residents and institutions shifted just 20 percent of food purchasing to local sources. According to economist Michael Shuman's "The Eponomic Impacts System."* this shift in demand leads to a shift in supply that creates jobs, revitalizes communities and boosts the economy, it's a model for how communities and states can redesign their food system.

shift to local food purchasing

leads to

new food related jobs







equaling

economic benefit annually

annually in new wages

\$255 million in state and local tax collection

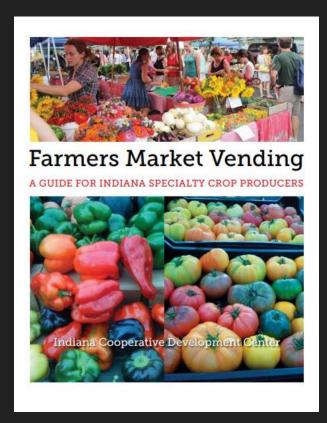
\$1.1 billion

in additional value added products

* Data from Time Economic Impacts of Eastering West gards Food System" by Microssi Billiamest, Coming Eggis Cabbool, John 2013.

Markets, Outlets & Looking Beyond the Farmers Market

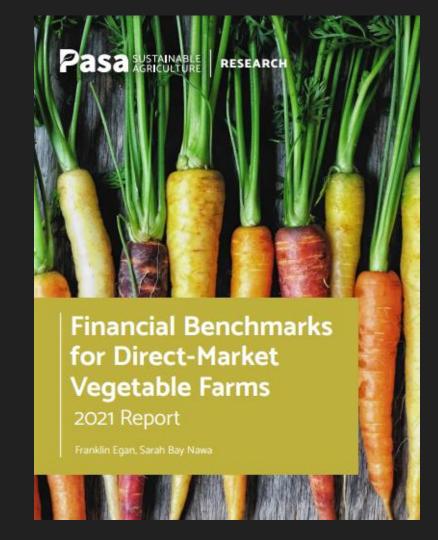
Where Can Farmers Direct-Market Their Products?



- Online marketplaces
- Farm stands
- Farm stops
- CSA's
- Cooperative CSA's
- Food hubs
- Restaurants
- Independent groceries
- Food co-ops
- Chain groceries
- Food pantries
- Schools
- Hospitals
- Factories
- Other?

Can direct-market vegetable farmers make a middle-class income?

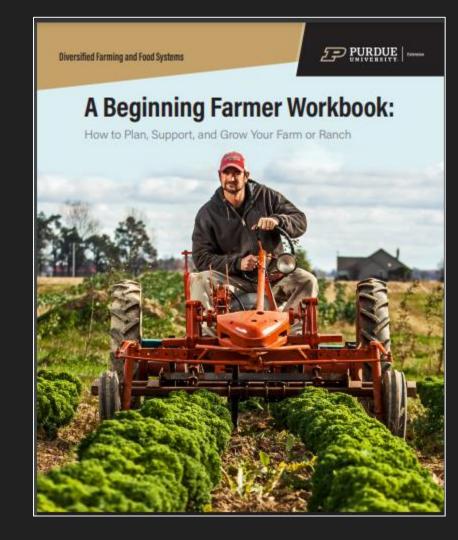
PASA studied 39 farms over three years to find out. Their study is the most comprehensive review of direct-market vegetable farm finances to date.



Business Plans

Even a one-page plan is key.

- What does success look like?
- What resources do you have to draw on? (Financial, social, natural)
- What are your strengths and weaknesses?
- What products will you raise?
- How will you sell them?
- What's your niche: why will your products stand out?
- What's a phased-in timeline look like?



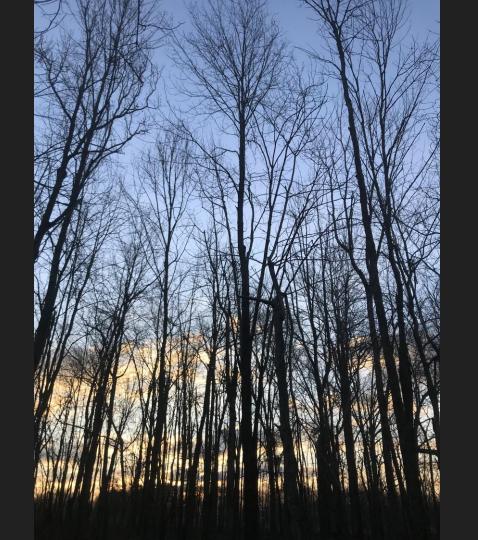
Key Resources You Can Share:

- Purdue's Beginning Farmer Workbook
- SARE's "Building a Sustainable Business" for over-achievers
- Small Business Administration???
- SCORE???
- Sample Business Plans:
 - https://smallfarms.oregonstate.edu/smallfarms/sample-business-plans



Financials FAQ's

I have ___ acres.
What should I do with my land?



Can I make

a living farming?



When can I quit my off-farm job?



Let's prep to serve three beginning

farmers...Mardean, Anne, and Sierra

Megan Ayers – Unvarnished Farm



Megan wants to purchase land to expand her urban farm.



- Megan ran a successful CSA in urban Cincinnati. She raises laying hens, ducks (for eggs), bees, fruit, and veggies.
- She's ready to expand on a rural property.
- Megan's husband works off-farm as a counselor, and Megan teaches college courses remotely.













- She has approached FSA and Farm Credit for a loan to purchase a 12-acre farm in southeast Indiana.
- FSA said she's not a farm.
- Farm Credit said the property she wants to purchase (12 acres) is too small and that she doesn't have ag collateral.



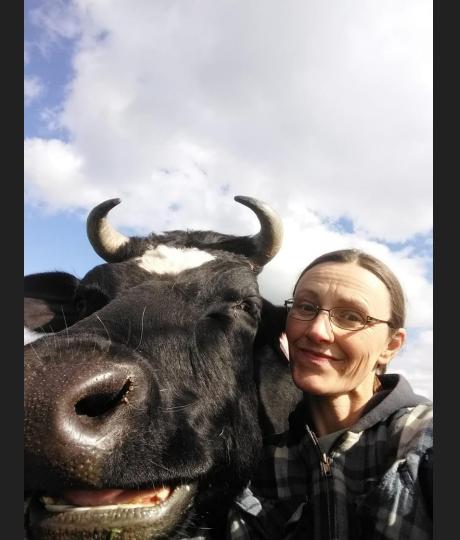
Megan wants to meet. How can we prep to serve Megan?

- What "farm viability" topics are key for this conversation?
- What resources do we need at our fingertips so that we can be useful?
- What should we ask to better understand her reality?
- What other ag professionals might be helpful to draw into the conversation?

Mardean Roach – Roach Family Farm

Mardean wants to sell chicken broth from her pasture-raised meat chickens.





- Mardean and her husband, a military veteran, raise livestock on pasture in southeast IN. Mardean works off-farm at a national wildlife refuge.
- They sell meat at the Madison
 Farmer's Market and via their on farm store: beef, chicken, goat,
 turkey, eggs. They sell by the cut
 and halves/wholes.



- Mardean parts up chickens...which leaves her with chicken backs.
- Mardean wants to develop a chicken broth that she can make and sell legally, that's not too expensive.



Mardean wants to meet. How can we prep to serve Mardean:

- What "farm viability" topics are key for this conversation?
- What resources do we need at our fingertips so that we can be useful?
- What should we ask to better understand her reality?
- What other ag professionals might be helpful to draw into the conversation?

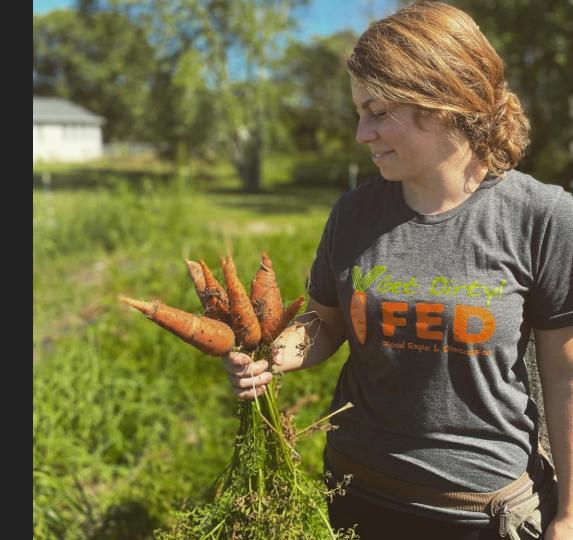
Anne Massie – Grounded Earth Farm



Anne Massie is seeking better work-life balance.



- Anne and her husband,
 Ben, raise organic
 vegetables in northwest
 IN. They have two kids (3 and 10).
- Anne is a beginning farmer who's trying to build a business that will support her family financially. Her husband works off-farm as an electrician.



- In year 3 of her farm, She sold via her 85-member CSA and one farmer's market. Anne sold \$85,000 of product.
- In year 4, Anne upped her game: she farmed year-round, hired labor, increased to two CSA's (125 members total), added a second farmers market, sold her goods (and other farmers' goods) from her on-farm store, sold to her local food hub, and holiday homedeliveries...but still only sold \$100,000 of product.



Anne wants to meet. How can we prep to serve her:

- What "farm viability" topics are key for this conversation?
- What resources do we need at our fingertips so that we can be useful?
- What should we ask to better understand her reality?
- What other ag professionals might be helpful to draw into the conversation?

