

Figure Legends

Figure 34. Mean percent survival for large surfclams in experimental units of two sizes at Mud Hole Cove, Beals, Maine (3 December 2021). Experiment was initiated on 1 April 2021 (246 days). ANOVA indicated a significant difference in survival between unit sizes (Table 6; $P = 0.0027$). $n = 30$

Figure 35. Size-frequency distribution of initial and final sizes of large, live surfclams recovered from experimental units on 3 December 2021 at Mud Hole Cove, Beals, Maine.

Figure 36. Interaction plot demonstrating how mean percent survival varies across stocking densities in both small (2 ft²) and large (4 ft²) experimental units ($P = 0.0404$; Table 10). $n = 10$

Figure 37. Size-frequency distribution of initial and final sizes of small, live surfclams recovered from experimental units on 3 December 2021 at Mud Hole Cove, Beals, Maine.

Figure 38. Three-way interaction plot of mean absolute growth for small Arctic surfclams at Mud Hole Cove, Beals, Maine (1 April to 3 December 2021). Bars without error bars represent $n = 1$, otherwise $n = 2-5$ depending on survival. See Table 11.

Figure 39. Size-frequency distribution of green crabs in experimental units at Mud Hole Cove, Beals, Maine on 3 December 2022. $N = 47$

Figure 40. Relationship between maximum carapace width of green crabs in each experimental unit and percent survival of A) small surfclams ($P = 0.6850$), and B) large surfclams ($P = 0.0220$; $Y = 35.84 + 0.777X$, $r^2 = 0.0871$). Black line is the regression line and blue lines represent the 95% CI around the fitted line. ($n = 60$)

Figure 34.

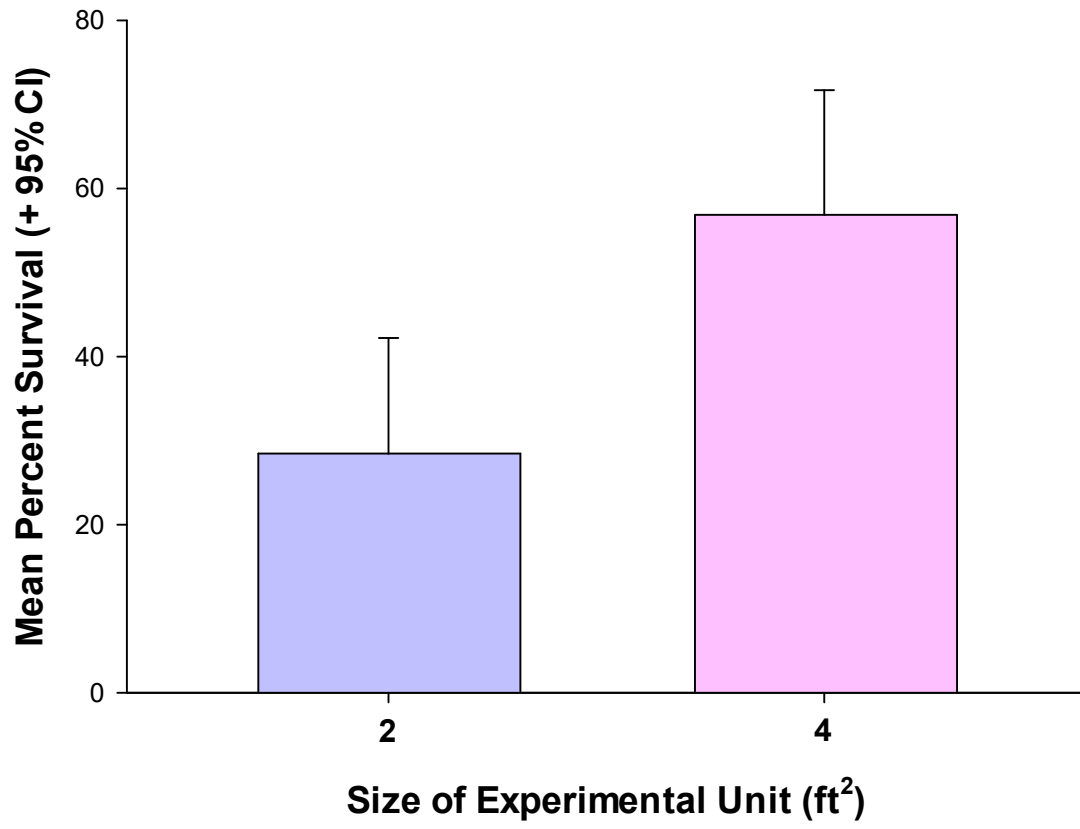


Figure 35.

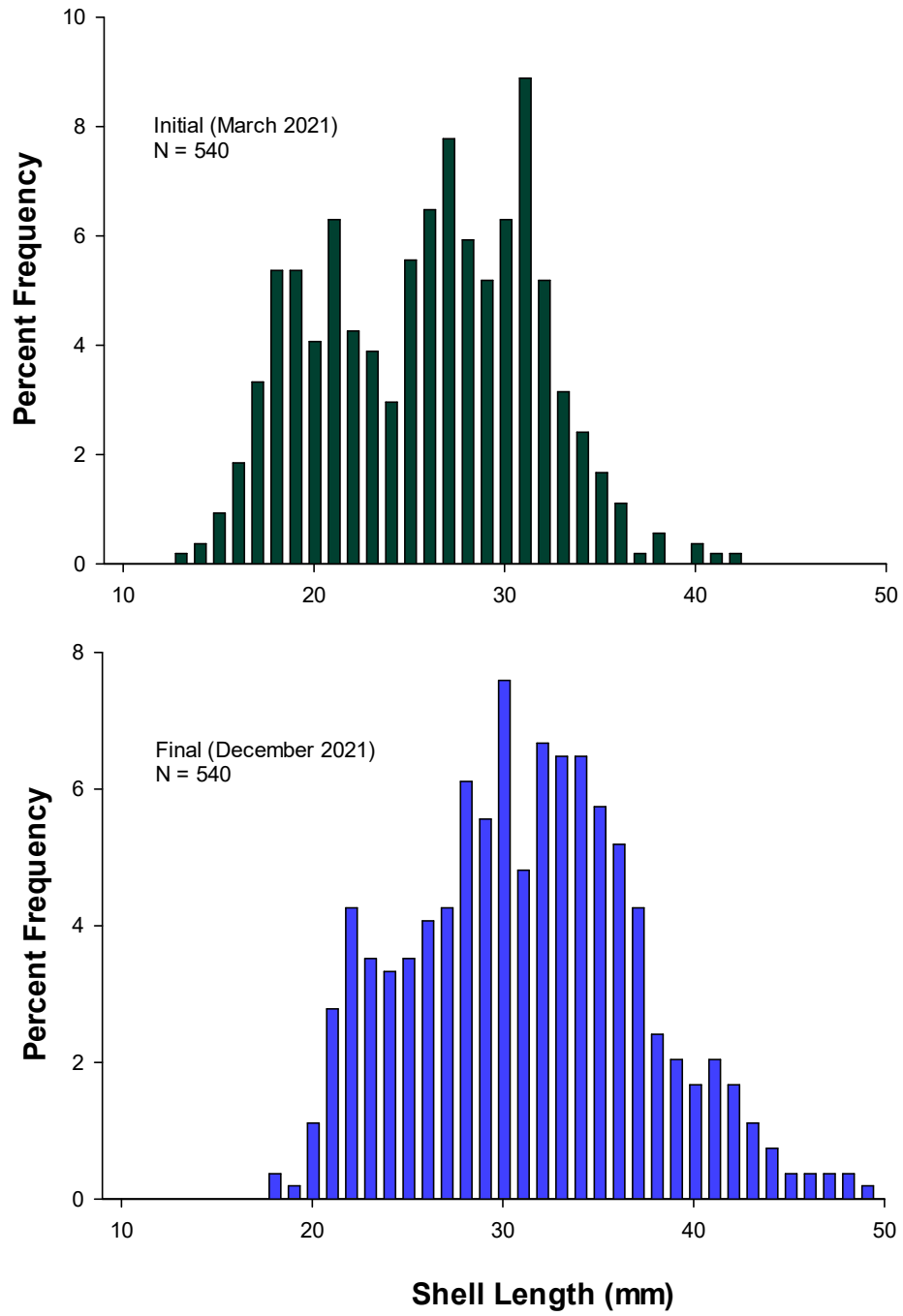


Figure 36.

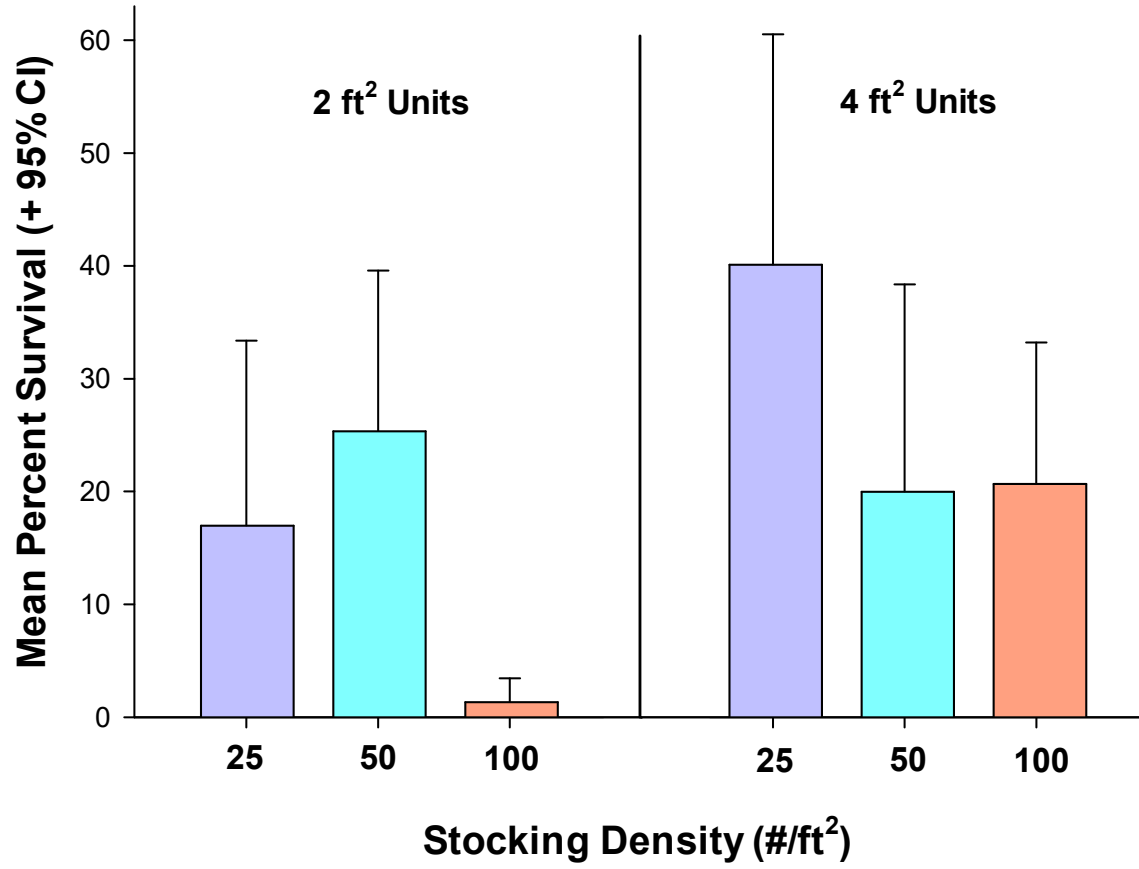


Figure 37.

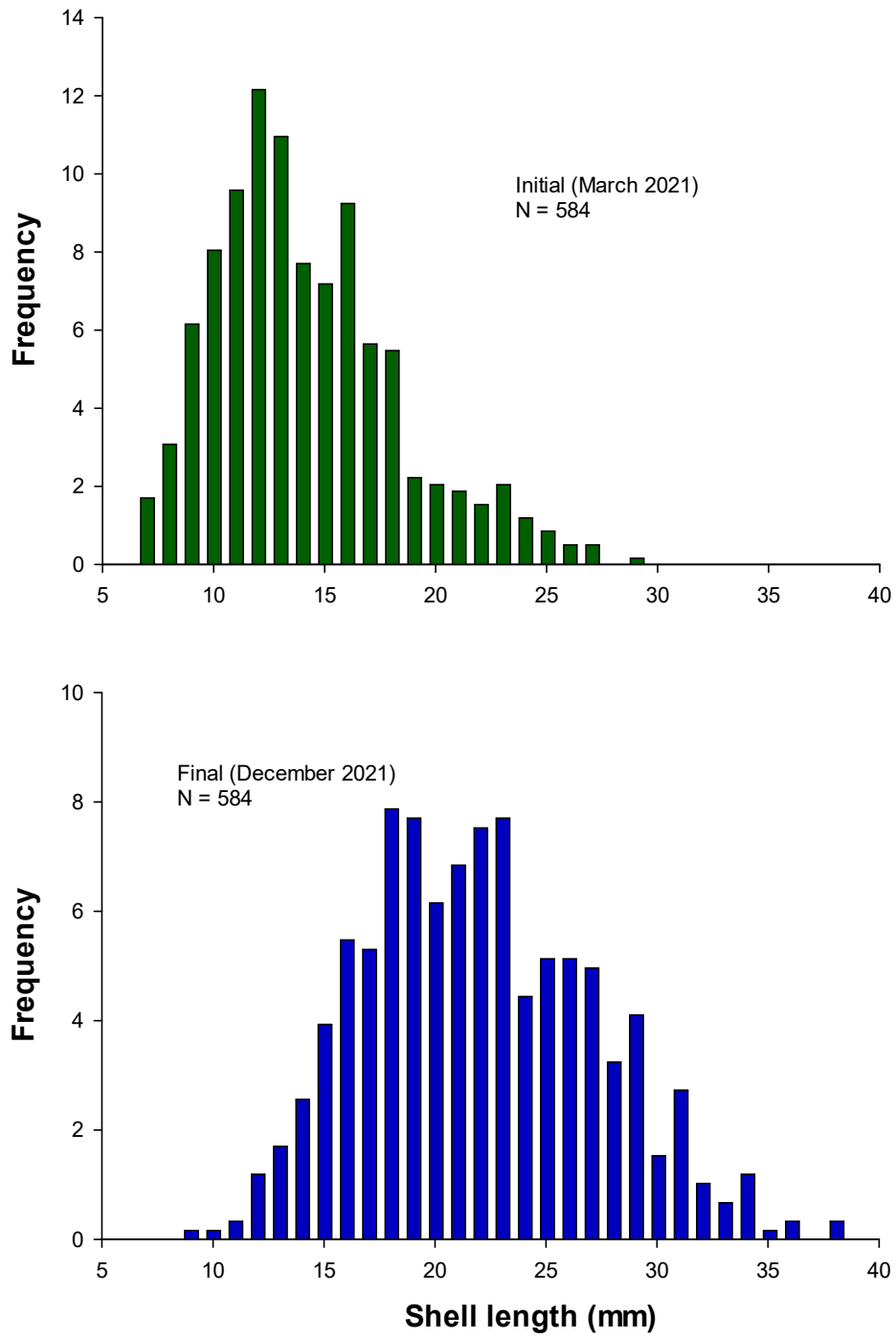


Figure 38.

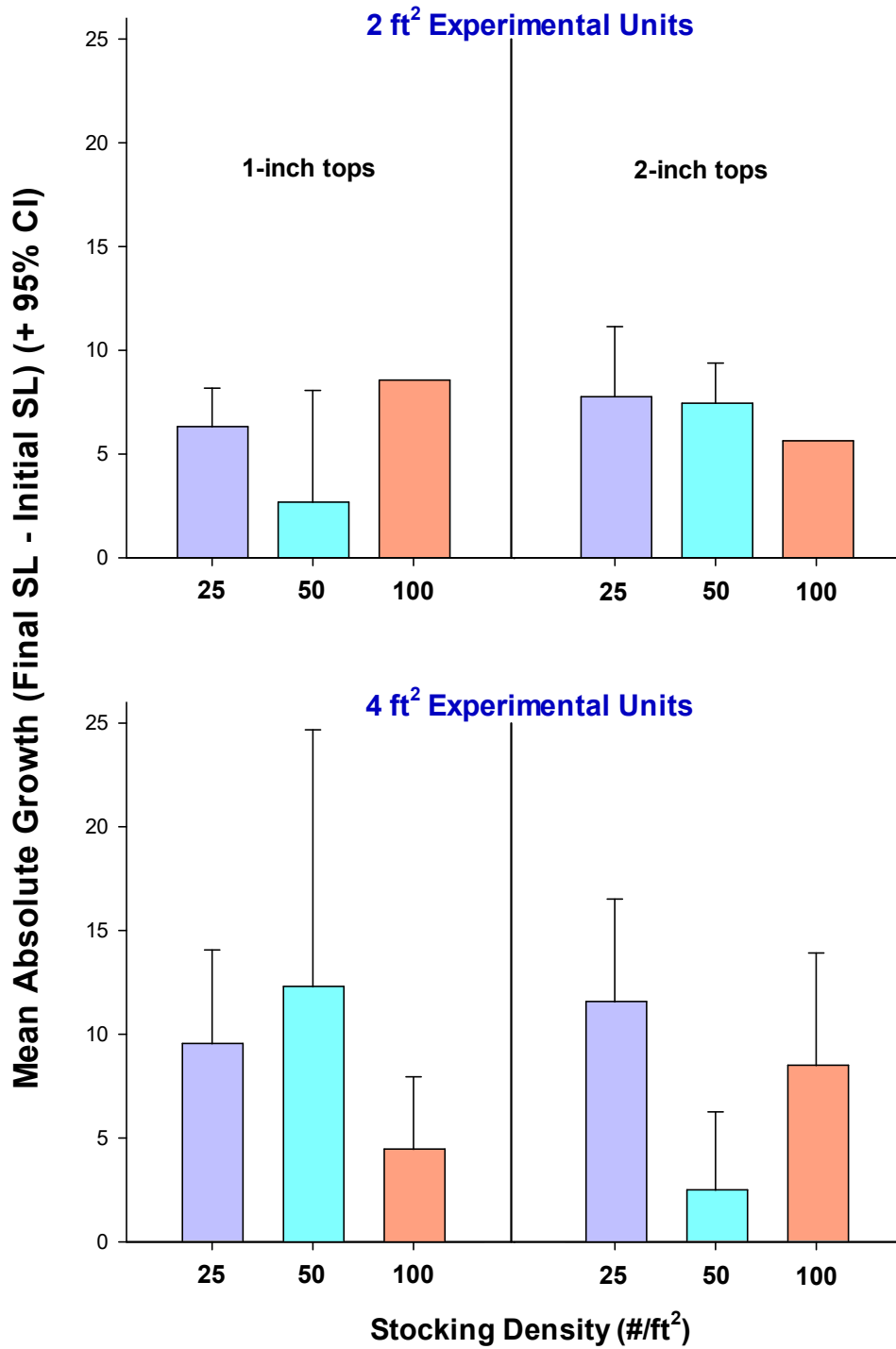


Figure 39.

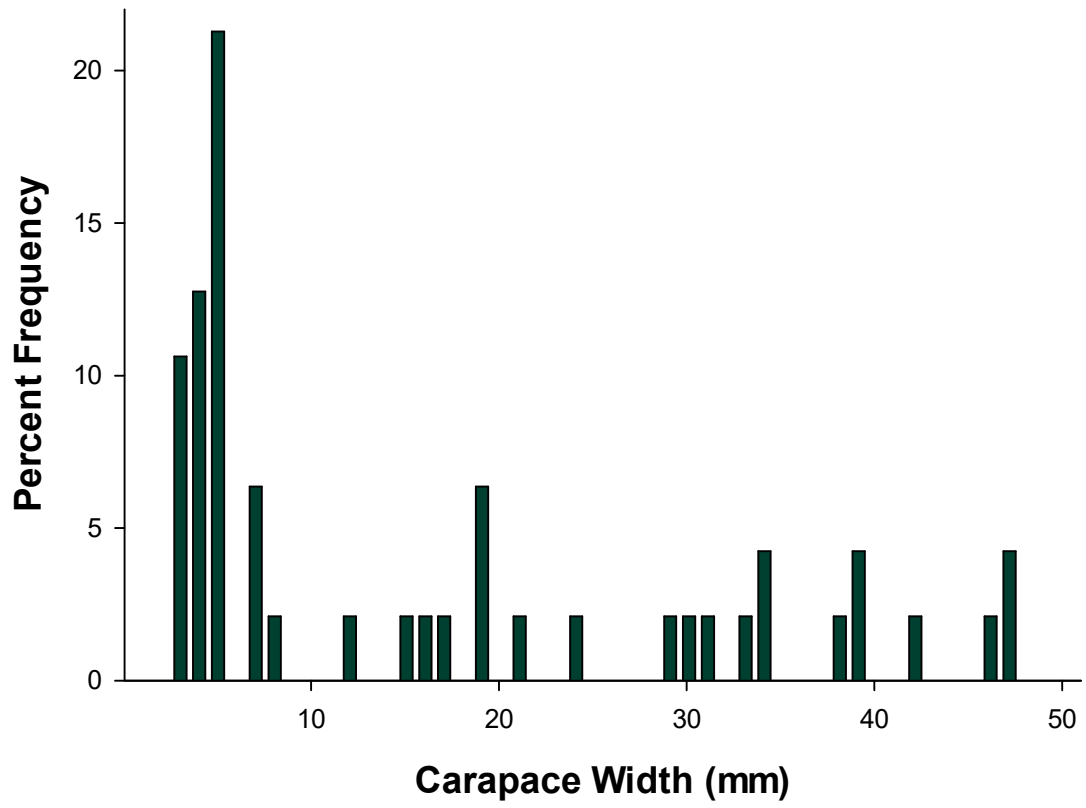


Figure 40.

