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Selected Sections of a Food Safety Plan Teaching Example

Developed by:	PCQI	Date:	
Approved by:	Plant Manager	Date:	

The information in this example is for training purposes only and does not represent any specific operation. Processing steps may have been omitted or combined to facilitate its use for class exercises. It is not complete and contains both required and optional information. Because development of a Food Safety Plan is site specific, it is highly unlikely that this plan can be used in a specific facility without significant modification. Conditions and specifications used (e.g., validation information) are for illustrative purposes only and may not represent actual process conditions.

This Food Safety Plan example is modeled after forms developed for the FSPCA Preventive Controls for Human Food curriculum, and can be modified to reflect the needs of individual establishments. FSPCA has no input on Food Safety Plans for individual establishments.

There is no standardized or mandated format for a Food Safety Plan. The information should be arranged in a progressive manner that clearly explains the thought process for the Hazard Analysis and the individual steps in the Food Safety Plan. Forms used for process Preventive Controls may be adapted for other types of Preventive Controls, but other formats are entirely acceptable if it works for your organization and contains all of the required information.

The following forms are provided as examples. These worksheets can be copied for routine use, but if they are used for official use, they must include details that identify the commercial firm and related information.

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15. Add Rennet and Set Curd	16
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18. Add Water/Partial Drain	
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20. Drain Whey	
21. Add Seasoning	
22. Mold/Hoop	
23. Press	
24. Demold	
25. Transport to Aging Room	
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27. Adjust Brine	
28. Brine Cheese	
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30. Wax or Coat	22

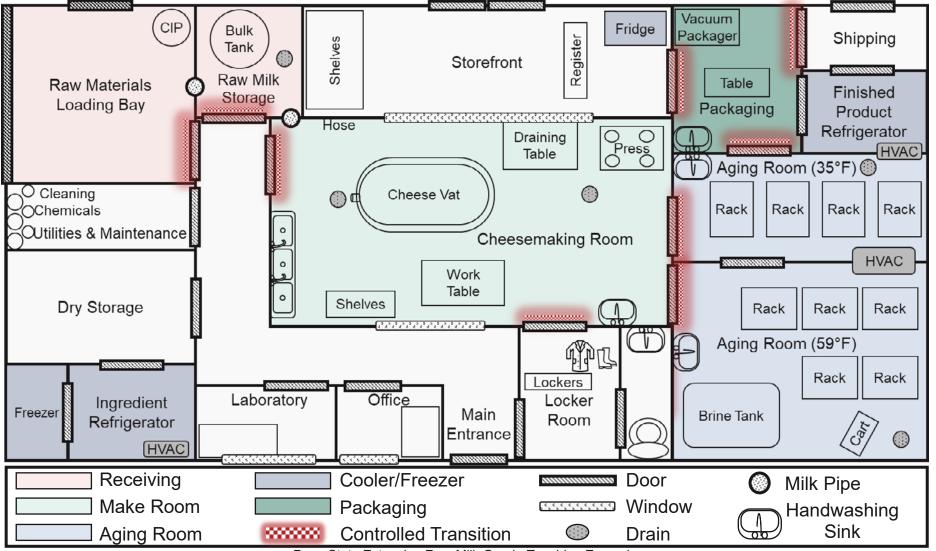
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Plant Layout

Plant layout is not to scale.



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Company Overview

Product Description

Product Description	Product Description Distribution, Consumers, and Intended Use			
Product Name(s)				
Product Description,				
Including Important				
Food Safety				
Characteristics				
Ingredients				
Packaging Used				
Intended Use				
Intended Consumers				
Shelf Life				
Labeling Instructions				
Storage and Distribution				
Approved:		Date:		
Signature:				
Print name:				

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Flow Diagram					
Receive Raw Milk	⁷ Store Raw Milk	Preheat Milk			Receive Packaging
Receive Frozen Ingredients Receive Refrigerated Ingredients	Frozen Storage 9 Refrigerated Storage	13 Milk into Cheese Vat 14 Add Culture and Ripen 15 Add Rennet and Set Curd			Material Packaging Storage
-Water		17 Stir Curd 18 Add Water/ Partial Drain 19 Cook Curd 20 Drain	Steps 14–20 take the cheese		
Shelf-Stable Ingredients	Shelf-Stable Storage	Whey 21 Add Seasoning 22 Mold	Disposal	²⁹ Air-Dry Wax or Coat	
		23 Press 24 Demold 25 Transport to Aging Room		31Age 32Cut/ Portion 33Package	
²⁶ Mix Brine	Adjust Brine	Brine Cheese		Store Cheese	Distribute Cheese

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Process Narrative

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Hazard Analysis

Highlighted rows denote examples where two different approaches can be used to manage a hazard. It is up to the cheesemaker to select the method most appropriate to their facility, practices, and product.

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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

^{*}Highlighted rows denote examples where two different approaches can be used to manage a hazard. It is up to the cheesemaker to select the method most appropriate to their facility, practices, and product.

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 11 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 12 of 41
PLANT NAME:	ISSUE DATE	
ADDRESS:	SUPERSEDES	

(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?
			•		

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 13 of 41
PLANT NAME:	ISSUE DATE	
ADDRESS:	SUPERSEDES	

(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

^{*}Highlighted rows denote examples where two different approaches can be used to manage a hazard. It is up to the cheesemaker to select the method most appropriate to their facility, practices, and product.

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 14 of 41
PLANT NAME:	ISSUE DA'	Ē
ADDRESS:	SUPERSEDI	

(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

^{*}Highlighted rows denote examples where two different approaches can be used to manage a hazard. It is up to the cheesemaker to select the method most appropriate to their facility, practices, and product.

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 15 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?
Steps 14–20 take place	in the cheese vat.				

^{*}Highlighted rows denote examples where two different approaches can be used to manage a hazard. It is up to the cheesemaker to select the method most appropriate to their facility, practices, and product.

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 16 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

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Penn State Extension Raw Milk Gouda Teaching Example

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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

^{*}Highlighted rows denote examples where two different approaches can be used to manage a hazard. It is up to the cheesemaker to select the method most appropriate to their facility, practices, and product.

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 18 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

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PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 19 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

^{*}Highlighted rows denote examples where two different approaches can be used to manage a hazard. It is up to the cheesemaker to select the method most appropriate to their facility, practices, and product.

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 20 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

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PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 21 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

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PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 22 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 23 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

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PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 24 of 41
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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

^{*}Highlighted rows denote examples where two different approaches can be used to manage a hazard. It is up to the cheesemaker to select the method most appropriate to their facility, practices, and product.

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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

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(1) Ingredient/processing step	(2) Identify potential food safety hazards introduced, controlled or enhanced at this step	(3) Do any hazards require a Preventive Control?	(4) Justify your decision for column 3	(5) What Preventive Control measure(s) can be applied to significantly minimize or prevent the food safety hazard?	(6) Is the Preventive Control applied at this step?

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Process Preventive Controls

Process Control	Hazard(s)	Critical		Monito			Corrective	Verification R	Records
Steps	Hazaru(s)	Limits	What	How	Frequency	Who	Action	verincation	Records

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Process Control Steps	Hazard(s)	Critical Limits	What	Monito How	ring Frequency	Who	Corrective Action	Verification	Records
Steps		Limits	wnat	пом	rrequency	VV IIO	Action		

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Process Control	Hazard(s)	Critical		Monitoring				Verification	Records
Steps		Limits	What	How	Frequency	Who	Action		

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Process Control	Hazard(s)	Critical		Monito	ring	ı	Corrective	Verification R	Records
Steps	Trazaru(s)	Limits	What	How	Frequency	Who	Action	vermeation	Records

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 31 of 41
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Process Control	Hazard(s)	Critical		Monito	ring		Corrective	Verification	Dagarda
Steps	Hazaru(s)	Limits	What	How	Frequency	Who	Action	verilication	Records

PRODUCT(S):		PAGE 32 of 41
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Process Control	Hazard(s)	Critical		Monito	ring	I	Corrective	Verification Re	Records
Steps	Trazaru(s)	Limits	What	How	Frequency	Who	Action	Vermeation	Records

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Food Allergen Preventive Controls

Allergen Verification Listing

Product	Allergen Statement	

Allergen Scheduling and Cleaning Implications

Production Line Allergen Assessment

		Intentional Allergens						1S	
Product Name	Production Line	Egg	Milk	Soy	Wheat	Tree Nut	Peanut	Fish	Shellfish

Scheduling Implications

Allergen Cleaning Implications

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Allergen Controls

Allergen			Monitoring			Corrective		-	
Control Step	Hazard(s)	Criterion	What	How	Frequency	Who	Action	Verification	Records

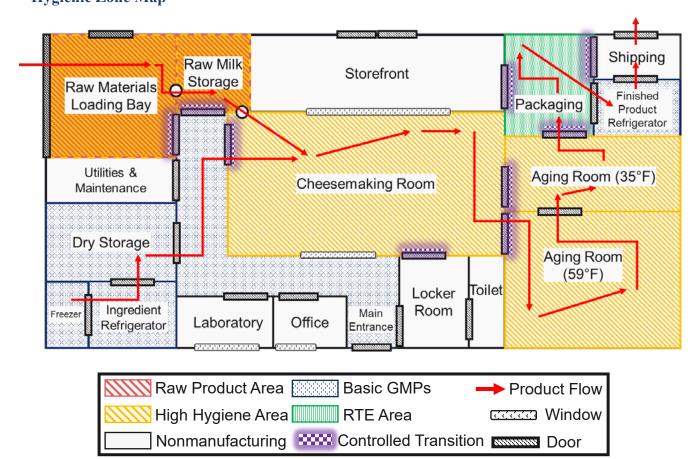
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Sanitation Preventive Controls

Cleaning and Sanitizing Procedure

Location	
Purpose	
Frequency	
Who	
Procedure	
Monitoring	
Corrections	
Records	
Verification Activities	

Hygienic Zoning Hygienic Zone Map



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Who

Procedures

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Corrections

_					_	
R	P	c	n	r	d	6

Verification Activities

Environmental Monitoring for Sanitation Control Verification

Purpose	
Sample Identification	
Sampling Procedure	
Laboratory	
Test Conducted	
Interpretation of Results	
Action of a Negative Result	
Corrective Action for a Positive Result	

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Supply-Chain-Applied Preventive Controls

Verification Procedures for Supply-Chain-Applied Control Ingredients

Raw Milk

Hazards Requiring a Supply-Chain-Applied Control	
Preventive Controls	
Applied by the Supplier	
Verification Activities	
and Procedures	
Records	

Seasonings (Pepper, Herbs)

Hazarda Daguiring a	
Hazards Requiring a	
Supply-Chain-Applied	
Control	
Preventive Controls	
Applied by the Supplier	
Verification Activities	
and Procedures	
Records	

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