BIOFUMIGATION, REDUCED TILLAGE, & BATTLING PHYTOPHTHORA ON-FARM





Justin O'Dea¹, Sandy Menasha², & Meg McGrath³



Cornell University Cooperative Extension



RESULTS





- Negligible *P. capsici* blight all seasons (dry) & locations
- Both years on-farm: NSD in cucurbit yield response (p > 0.10) to treatments
- LIHREC- Biofumigation + CT > control; RT treatments NSD from either (weeds or nutrient issue?)



- 2-yr cumulative biofumigation
 + RT cover crop biomass returns to soils vs. standard control:
- □ ~4.9x more C (5402 kg ha⁻¹)
- □ ~3.5x more N (270 kg ha⁻¹)

- Soil health- largely NSD treatments on (p > 0.10)
- LIHREC- greater soil respiration in NT treatments, lower AWC, infiltration (compaction, incorporated rye?)

ON-FARM SOIL INFILTRATION RATE BY SOIL ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT



On-farm infiltration rates:
 1) Positive relationship with SOM content (r² = 0.87, p > 0.01)
 2) Negative relationship with soil sand content (r² = 0.83, p > 0.01)



CONCLUSIONS

- Longer-term studies may be needed re:
 1) Possible cumulative biofumigation & RT effects
 2) Assuring *P. capsici* blight incidence- opportunity to collect evidence!
- Better understanding of Brassica cover crop management and in-field biofumigation is in order



- Biof. + RT to help build SOM > improved infiltration rates over time?
- Robust rolled rye mulch: lower fruit/ P. capsici-infested soil contact?
 - improved RT weed control?

