

Response of determinate field tomatoes to foliar nutrients

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Thank you for taking a few
minutes to fill out the survey!

Research Question:

A fertilizer dealer and formulator recommends
several foliar fertilizer sprays during the season

**Does foliar feeding improve
tomato crop quality or yield?**

Foliar feeding defined:

- Application of Fertilizers directly to plant surfaces**
- Fertilizers (by definition) contain essential plant nutrients**

A photograph of a dense field of green tomato plants. The leaves are large and serrated, with prominent veins. The plants are growing in rows, and the background is filled with more foliage. The text "Foliar feeding trials in 2017" is overlaid in the center in a yellow, sans-serif font.

Foliar feeding trials in 2017

Production Methods

- Determinate variety 'Red Deuce'
- Grown on raised black plastic w/drip, single-row beds
- No staking or cages
- 2' between plants, 6' between rows = 3,630 plants/ac
- Pre-plant fertilizer/acre: 72 lbs N, 42 lbs P₂O₅, 78 lbs K₂O, 84 lbs Ca, 24 lbs S;
- N is polyacrylamide coated = "controlled release"
- High P fertilizer at transplanting



Study sites

FARM 1

- Loamy sand
- pH 6.2
- O.M. 1.5%
- Soil Test: all macros
“below optimum” except
P (“excessive”)
- No Rye cover

1.2 ac strip w/ 2 foliar sprays

1.2 ac strip w/o foliar sprays



FARM 2

- Sandy loam
- pH 6.2
- O.M. 3%
- Soil Test: all macros
“optimum” except Ca
 (“below optimum”)
- No Rye cover

3/4 ac strip w/ 3 foliar sprays

3/4 ac strip w/o foliar sprays



URI

- Silt loam
- pH 6.7
- O.M. 3.4%
- Soil Test: all macros
“optimum” except Ca
 (“excessive”)
- Rye cover turned in

4 plots w/ 3 foliar sprays

4 plots w/o foliar sprays

Total of 1/6 ac (50' x 130')



What was applied?

- Total of 5 different products of various analyses
- 4 liquid concentrates, 1 water soluble
- All tank-mixed with fungicide (but not at URI)
- 3 separate applications on Farm 2 and URI,
2 times on Farm 1
- **PRODUCT DETAILS LATER**

Sampling for yield and quality





08/16/2017

Four subsamples from sprayed

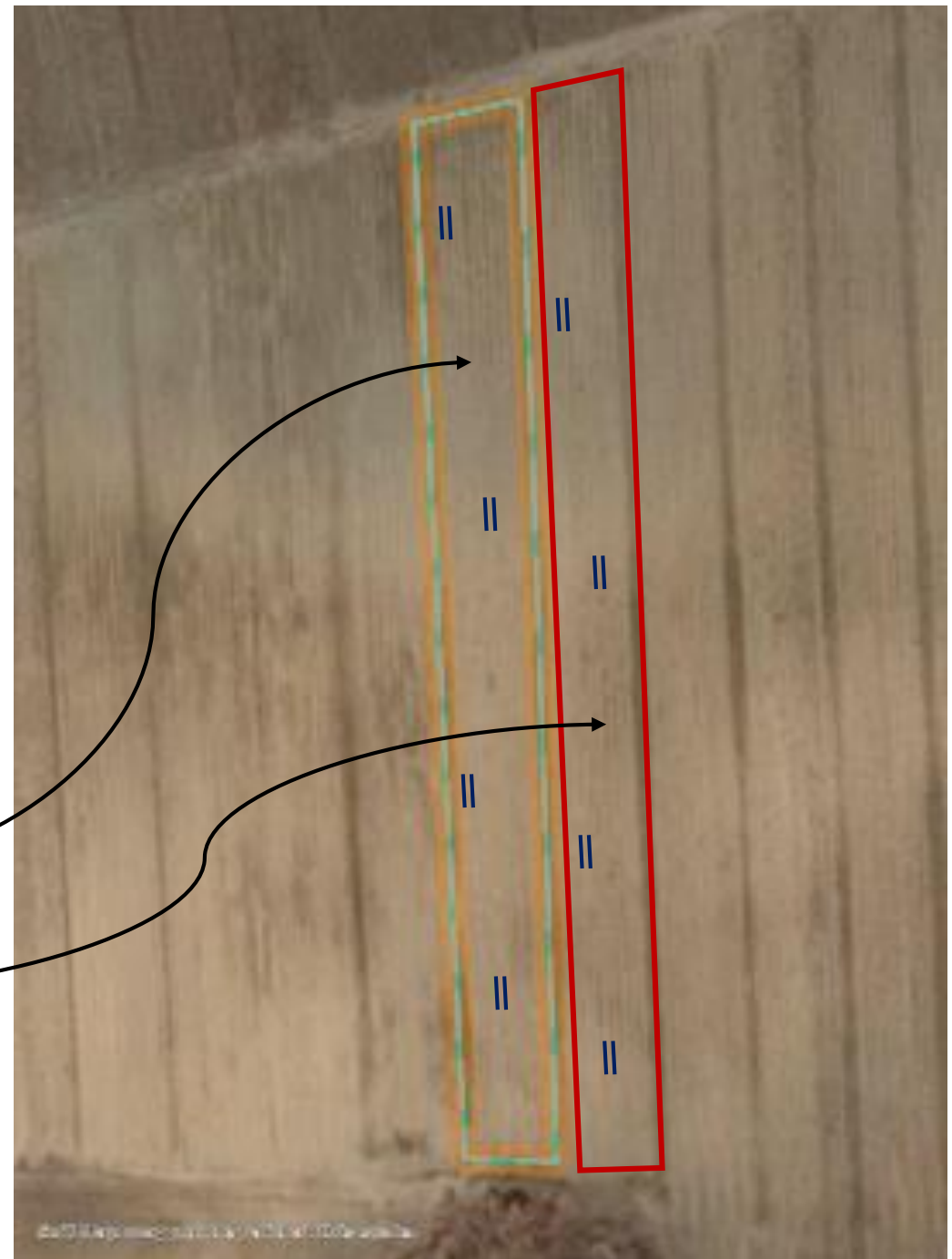
Four subsamples from unsprayed

Each subsample was 24 row-feet

from all three sites

Unsprayed

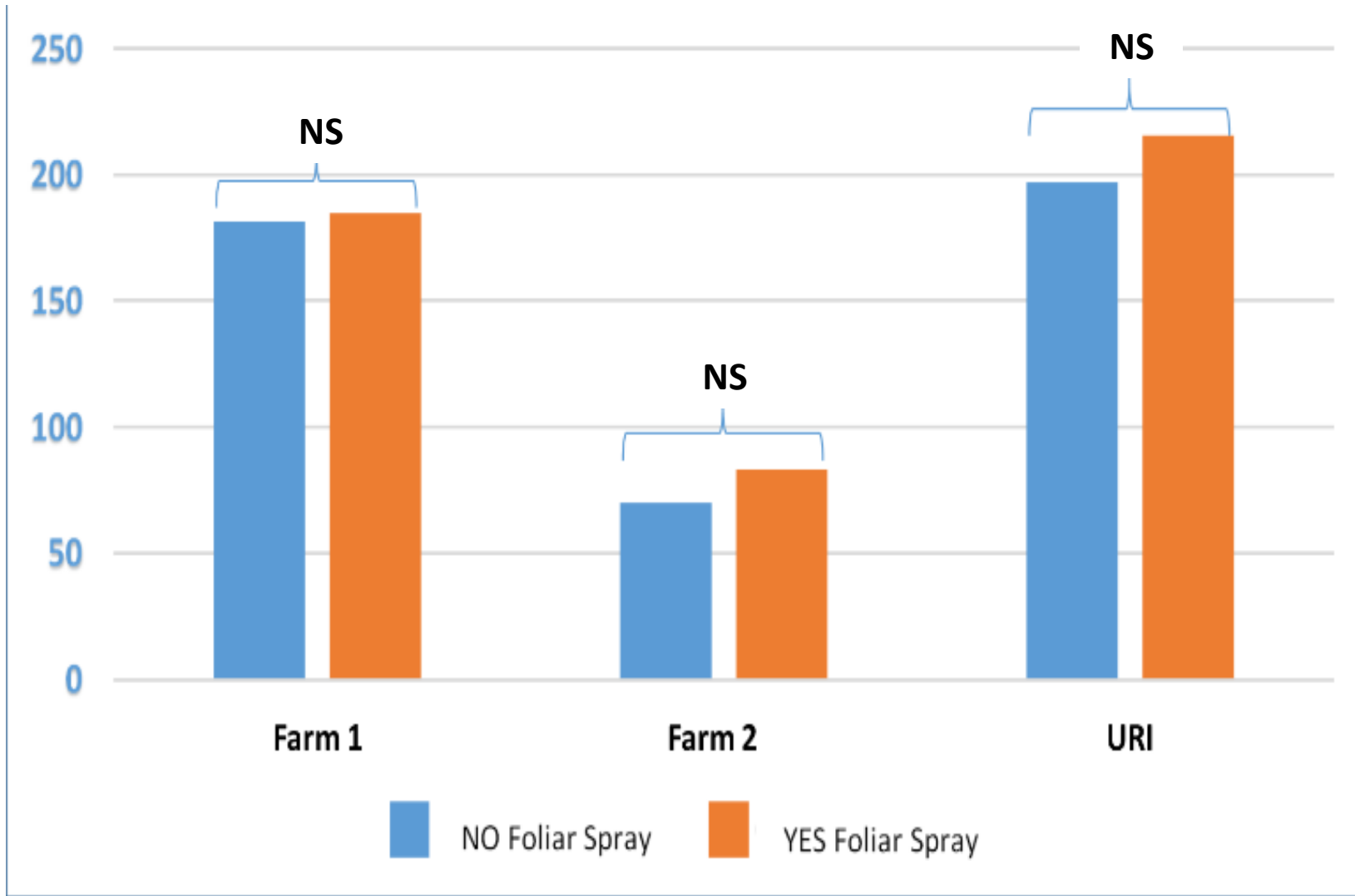
Sprayed



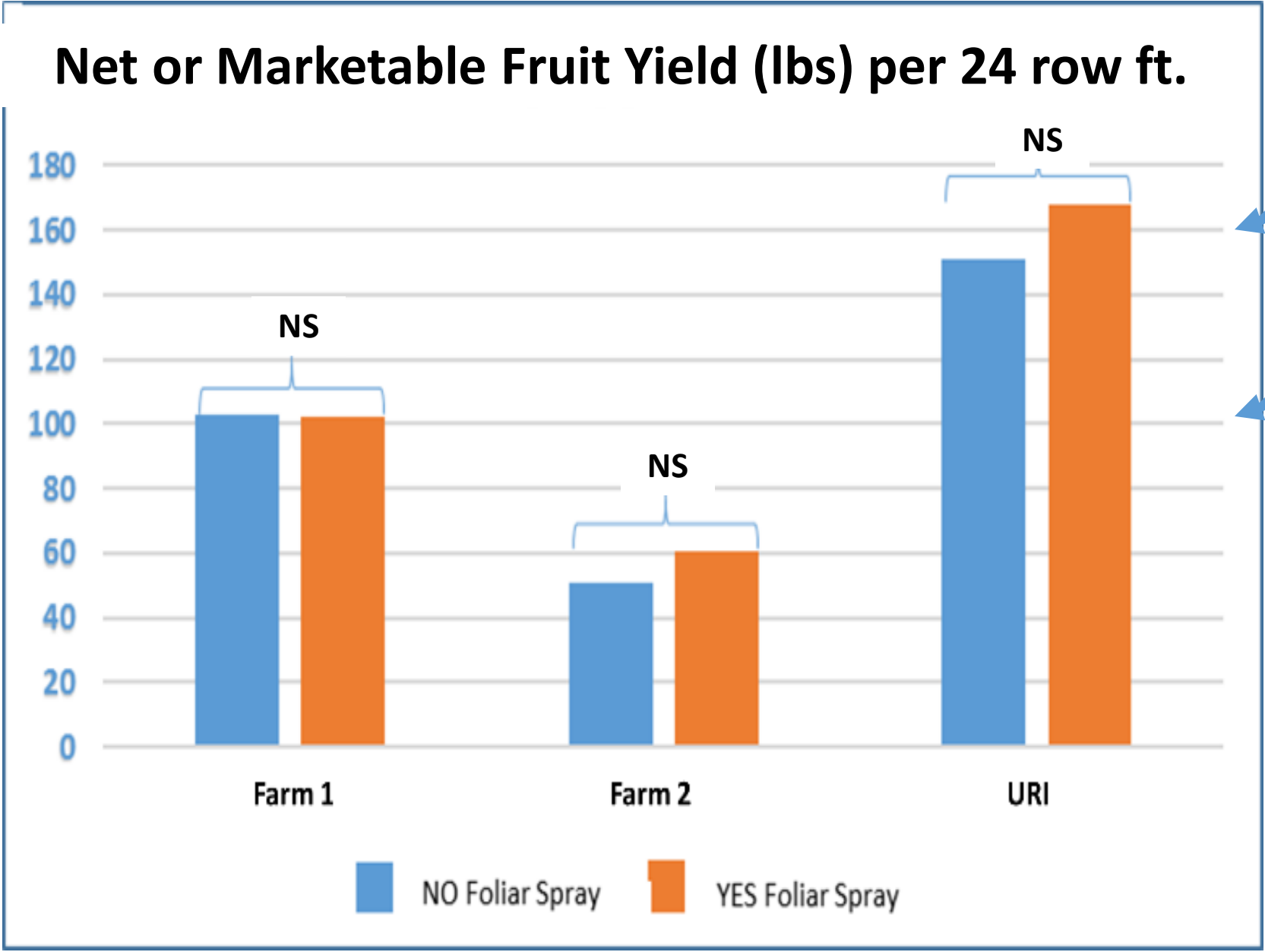
A hand is holding a large, ripe red tomato in the center of the frame. The tomato is bright red with a small green stem at the top. The word "Results" is written in a yellow, sans-serif font across the middle of the tomato. The background shows a field of green plants, some white buckets, and a thatched roof made of straw or hay in the foreground.

Results

Gross Fruit Yield (lbs) per 24 row ft.



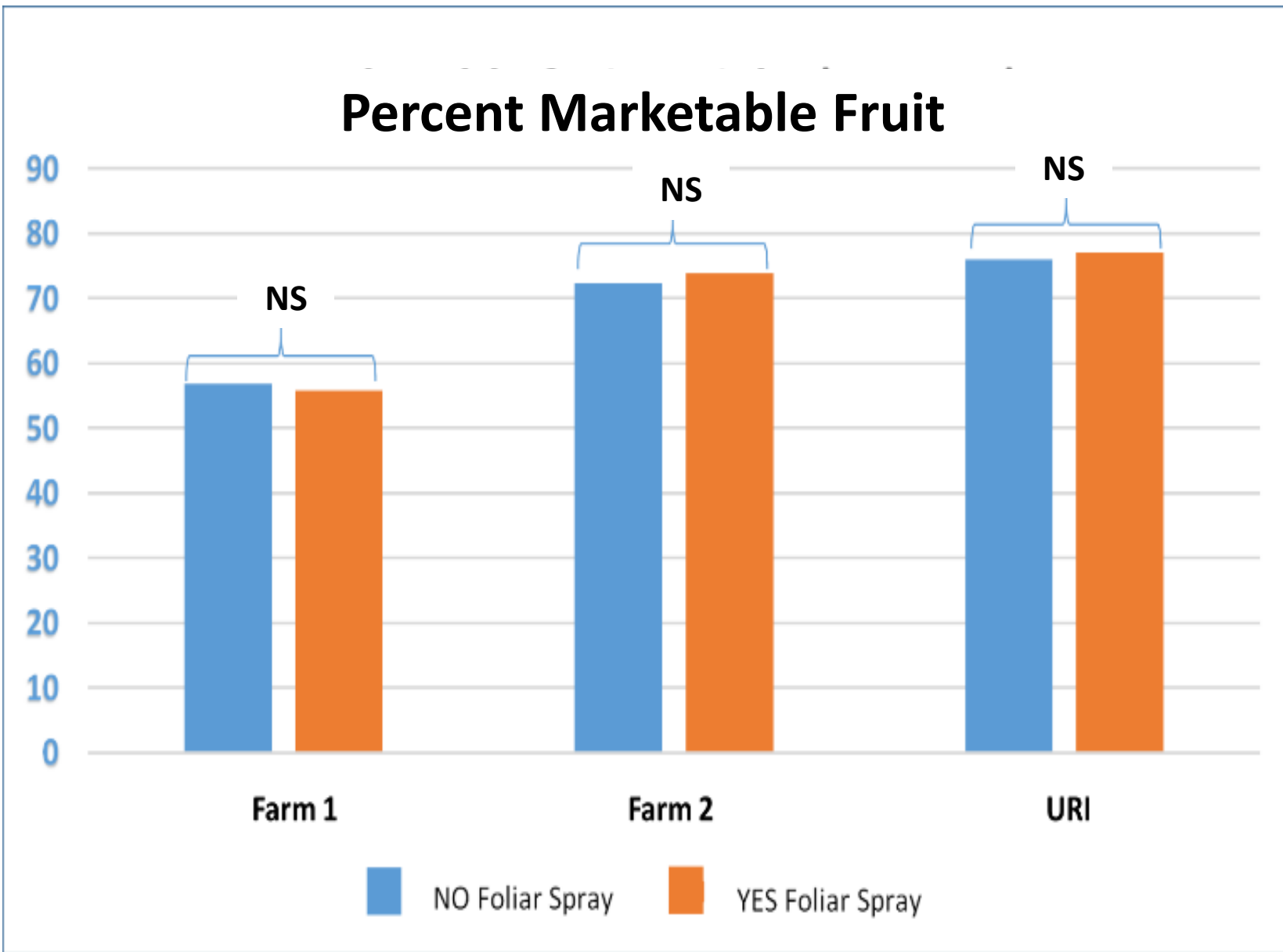
No difference between sprayed and unsprayed at all three sites [$p >> 0.05$]



~25 T/ac

~15 T/ac

No difference between sprayed and unsprayed at all three sites [$p \gg 0.05$]



No difference between sprayed and unsprayed at all three sites [$p \gg 0.05$]



Unforeseen Circumstances...





Product Details

%N	%P ₂ O ₅	%K ₂ O	Additional	Vol/ac	lbs/ac	Effective lbs/per ac (total)
4	0	0	24 Ca; <u>UREA- N</u>	4 qt	14	0.6 N, 3.4 Ca
3	0	8	<u>Mostly UREA- N</u>	3 qt	7.65	0.23 N, 0.6 K
3	0	15	<u>Mostly UREA- N</u>	3 qt	8.3	0.25 N, 1.2 K
3	0	20	8 S; 0.2 B; 0.1 Mn	6 qt	16.9	0.5 N, 3.4 K, 1.4 S, 0.04 B, 0.02 Mn
5	10	27	chelated Ca, Mg, Co, Cu, Mn and Zn, plus B and Mo	n.a.	3.12	0.16 N, 0.31 P, 0.84 K, 0.12 Ca, 0.05 Mg, miniscule amounts of micronutrients

Tissue Testing

- URI plants consistently had higher nutrient concentrations across the board except B and Cu
- Especially higher in N^{*}, K^{*}, Fe
- Farms fertigated with a lot of Zinc Humate- no real boost in tissue Zn

Interpretation

- We did not see significant differences between sprayed and unsprayed tomatoes but...
- There were a lot of problems:
 - Fertigation may have masked any effects of foliar spraying, though not at URI
 - Bacterial Canker may have also masked effects- plants were maybe too sick to respond
 - Probably not an intensive enough foliar spray regimen

Capsicum 22 days - from seed

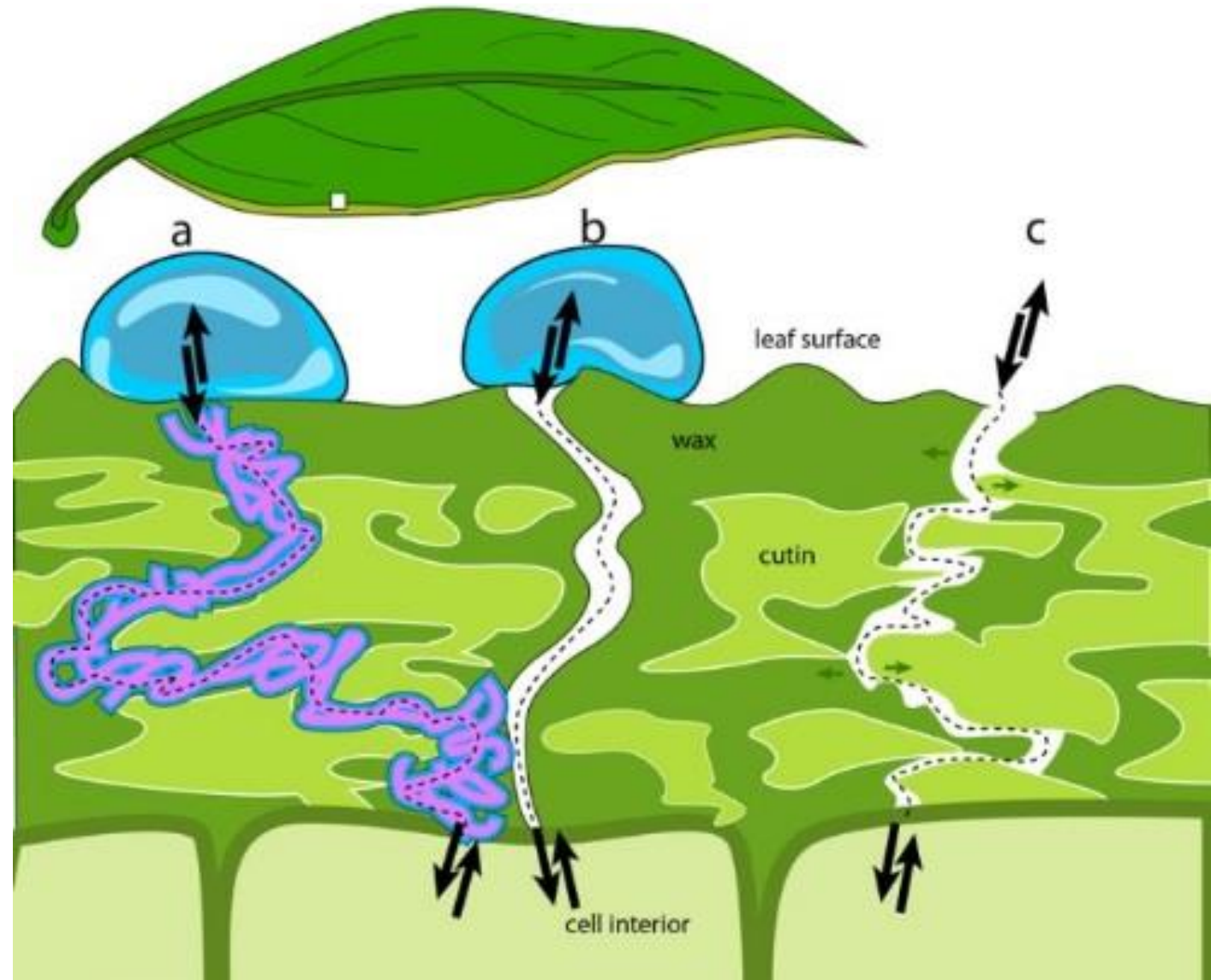
NUTRI-WOW! Foliar spray

Untreated control



Nutrient molecules and ions mainly pass through “aqueous” pores in **cuticle**

Stomatal penetration unclear



MANY FACTORS influence ABSORPTION:

- Plant **SPECIES**
- Plant **PHYSIOLOGICAL STAGE**
- Plant **STRUCTURE**: fruit (young vs immature), leaf (new vs fully expanded), bracts, stems
- **ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS** at the time of application
- **WATER SOLUBILITY** of active ingredient
- **SIZE** of molecules, **CHARGE** of molecules
- Tank **MIXING**

Thanks!

Our cooperating GROWER

Alex Wojtkowiak, Coastal Fellow student assistant

Gabriel Torphy, staff Research Assistant

Timothy Sherman, URI Farm Manager

Peter Naumann, RI's only Certified Crop Adviser (besides me)

Heather Faubert, fellow Extension Agent, Plant Diagnostician and
No. 1 Steam-Blow-Off Receiver



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