

How do you find those oyster cages on your deep water farm?

The application of side-scan technology for visualizing cages on the bottom

Dale Leavitt



Rationale

- Oyster farms are moving from shallow water (<2
 feet depth) to deeper water (>20 feet depth) as
 local nearshore areas become limiting
- The technology to properly manage those deeper water cages is lacking
 - For example in placing cages on the bottom with
 - The proper cage orientation (sitting upright on supporting runners)
 - In a distribution pattern that optimizes space use on the farm

Rationale

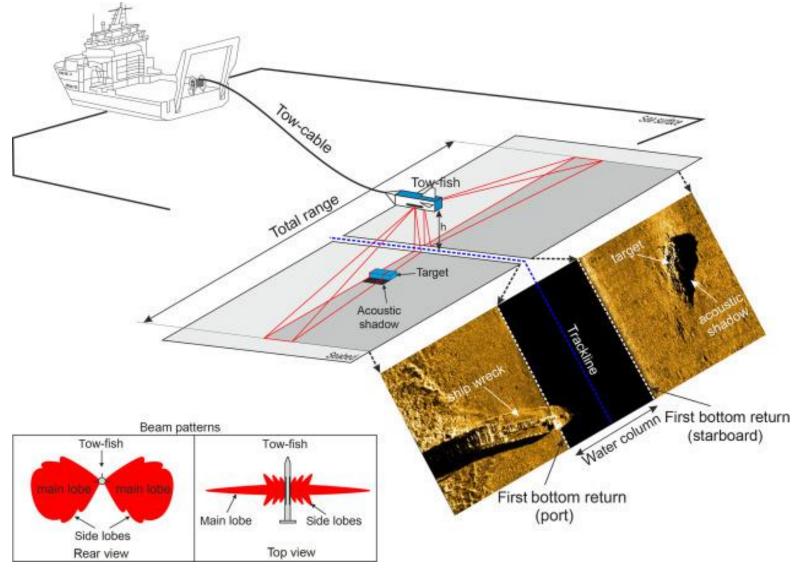
- Regulatory agencies are getting more concerned with the presence of vertical lines used to mark bottom cages
 - Just ask any local lobsterman!
- For example, on my deeper water farm,
 NOAA/Army Corp review conditioned us to
 - Reduce the number of vertical lines by one-half
 - i.e. run our cages in trawls of 20 rather than 10
 - Insert 600 lb. breakaway links on all vertical lines

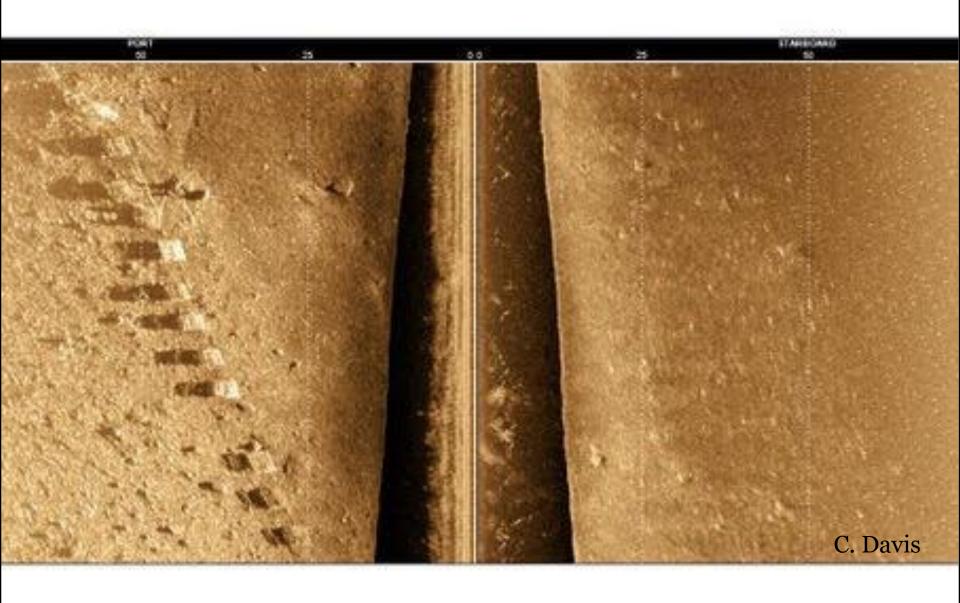


Farmer's Grant

- Develop a method to visualize the orientation and placement of cages on the bottom using commercially available "fish finder" technology
- With the application of side-scan sonar, can one observe a three-dimensional representation of the array of cages on the bottom with fine enough resolution to monitor
 - overall placement relative to other cages
 - the orientation of the cage as it lands

Conventional Sidescan Sonar





Sidescan sonar image of an series of oyster bottom cages in the Damariscotta River (ME). Image produced by a Starfish Sidescan Sonar (Chris Davis – Pemaquid Oyster Farm).

Starfish 452F you

- Conventional sidescan sonar
- Towed fish provides acoustic signal
- Return signal interpreted by computer



Conventional Sidescan

- Towed "fish"
 - May need special winch and davit to tow properly
 - Challenging to tow fish among a array of buoyed lines
- Requires separate laptop attached to operate
- Cost
 - Starfish 452f = \$7,000
 - "Ruggedized" Laptop computer = \$2,000-\$4,000

What we needed:

- Simple to operate
- Contained in one integrated unit
 - No separate laptop
- Portable between different boats
- Reasonable cost

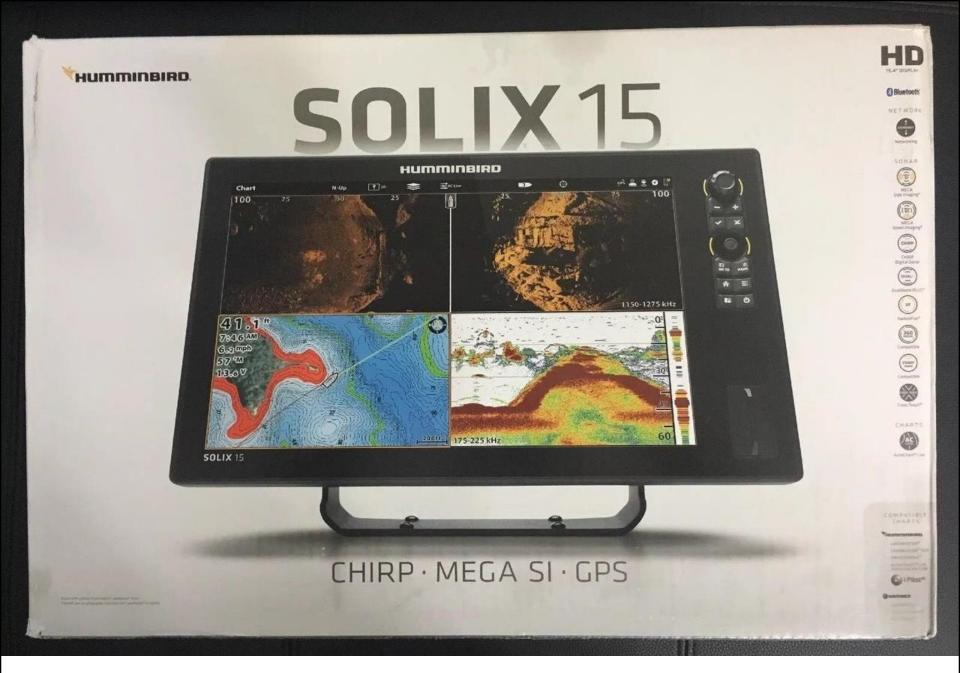
A better option?

• In 2019, I became aware of a project in Delaware retrieving derelict crab pots using a fishfinder to visualize traps on the bottom

Crab traps = oyster cages?

 Communicated with Kate Fleming (DE Sea Grant) and Art Trembanis (U Del) to get more info on their technology

• They referred me to Vince Capone of Black Laser Learning Inc. for more details



Humminbird Solix 15 Fish Finder with top-down and sidescan sonar capabilities

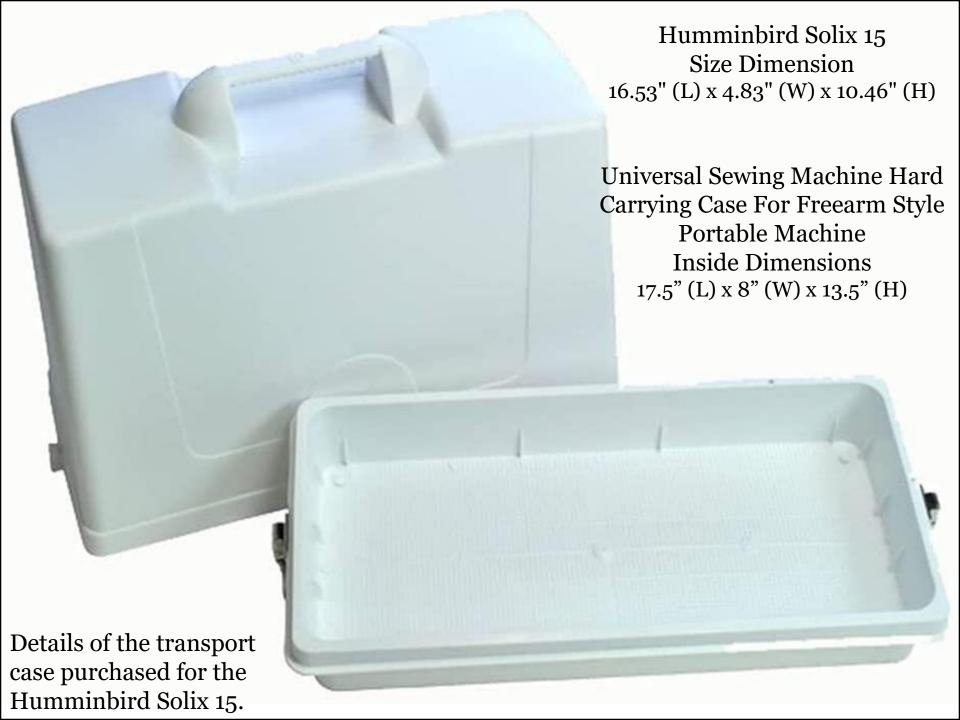


Example of a sidescan image (left side) and navigational aid (right side) in a split plot display on a Humminbird Solix 15 Fish Finder



Humminbird Solix 15 Size Dimension 16.53" (L) x 4.83" (W) x 10.46" (H)

Details of the side of a Humminbird Solix 15 Fish Finder



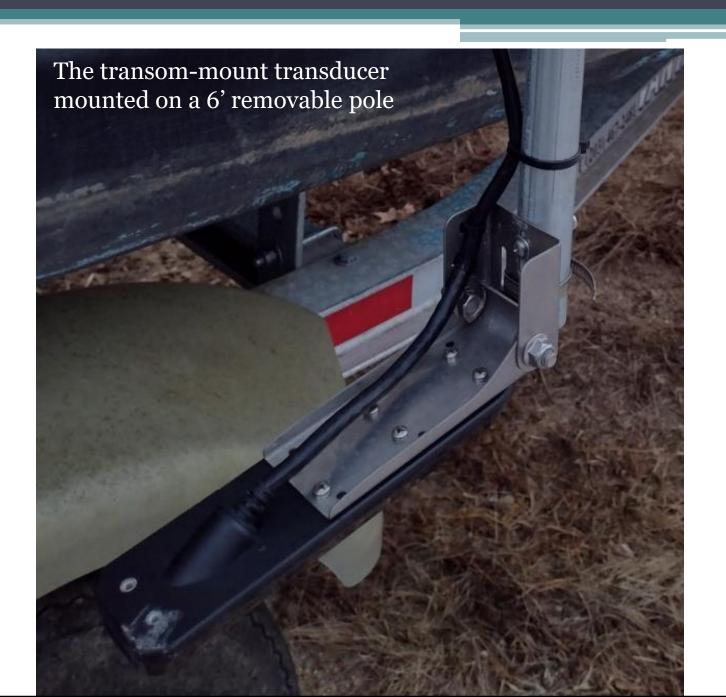








The transom-mount transducer required for the Humminbird Solix 15.

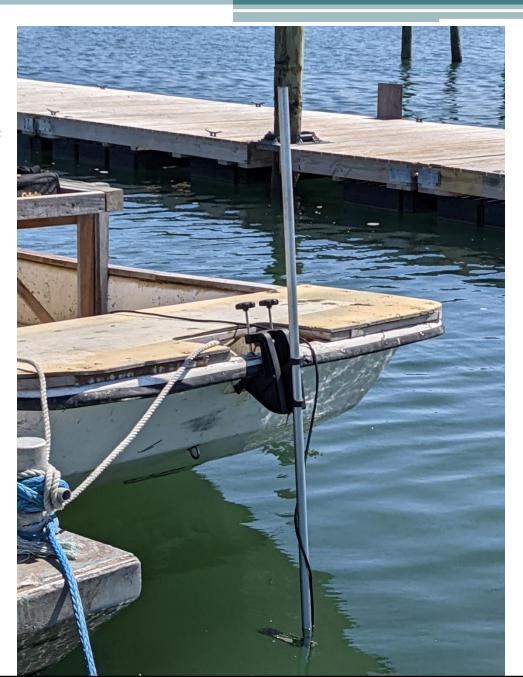




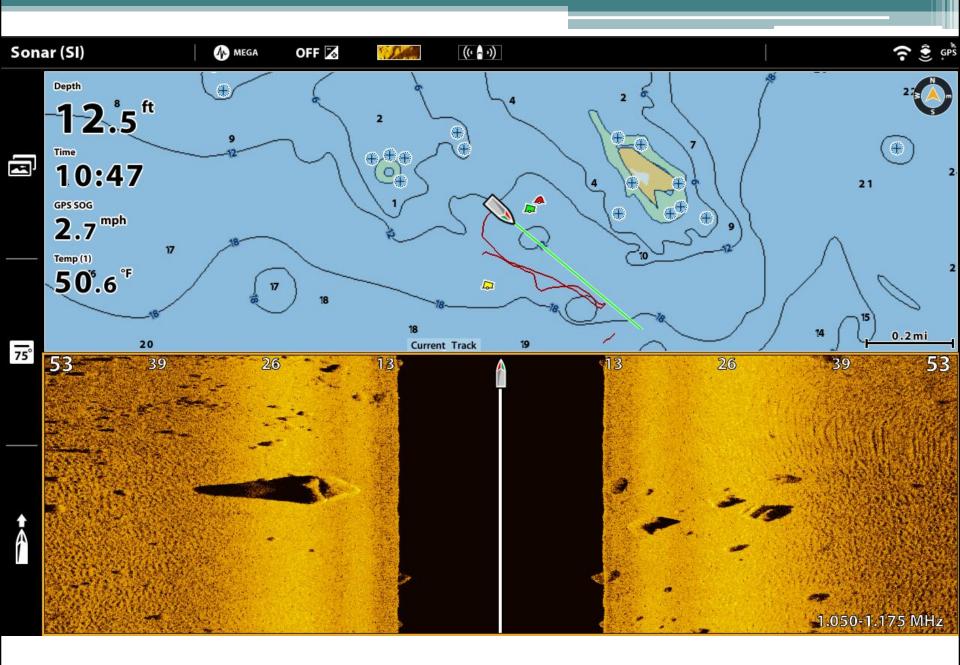
The transom-mount transducer attached to the work-skiff gunnel

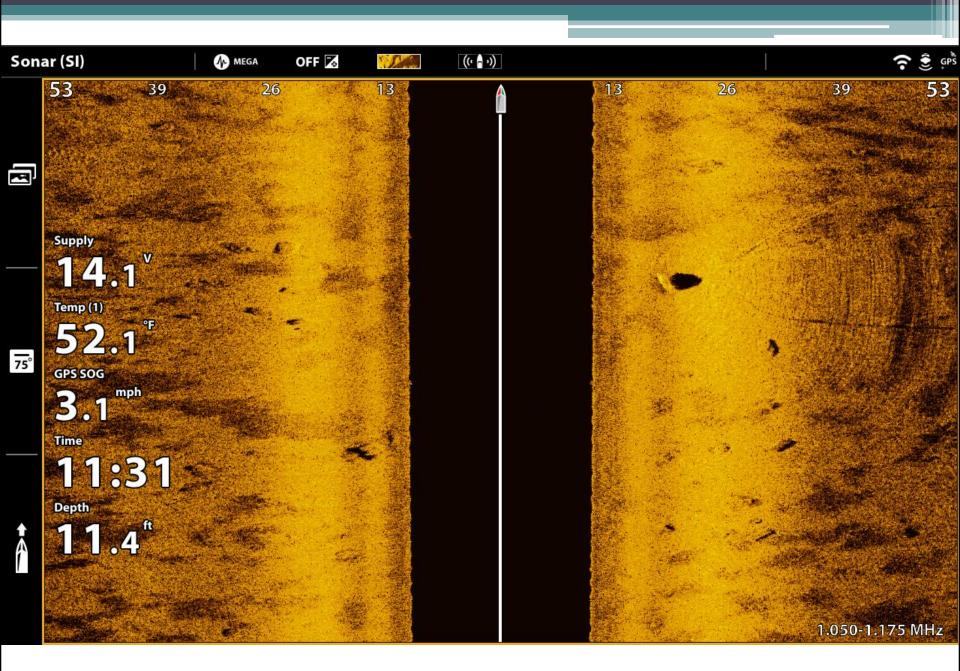


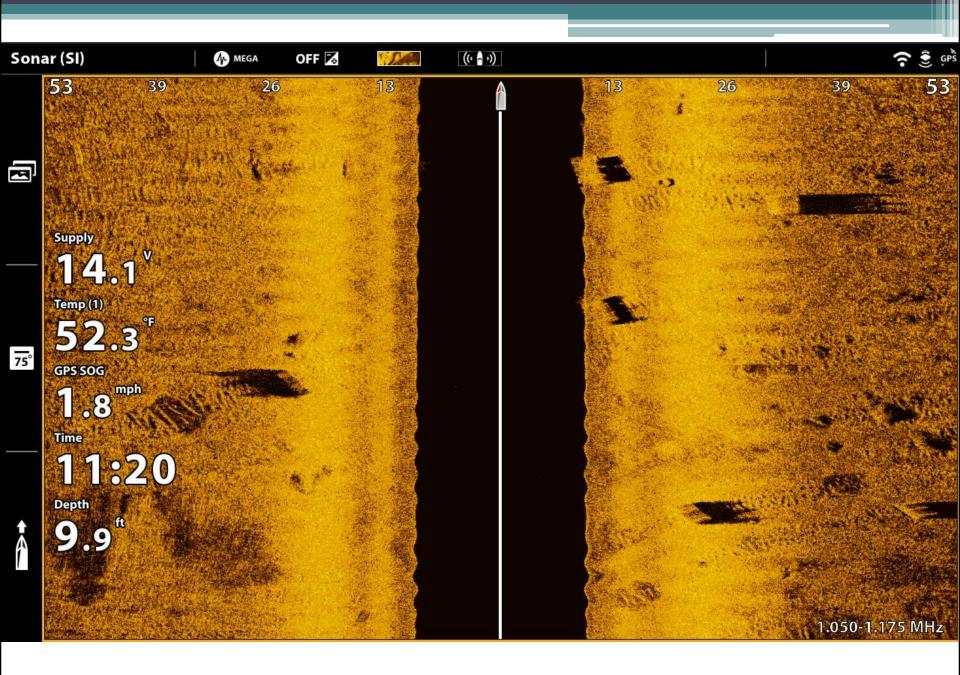
The fiberglass reinforced electric trolling motor mount with transducer mounted pole clamped to the bow of our 19' Carolina Skiff

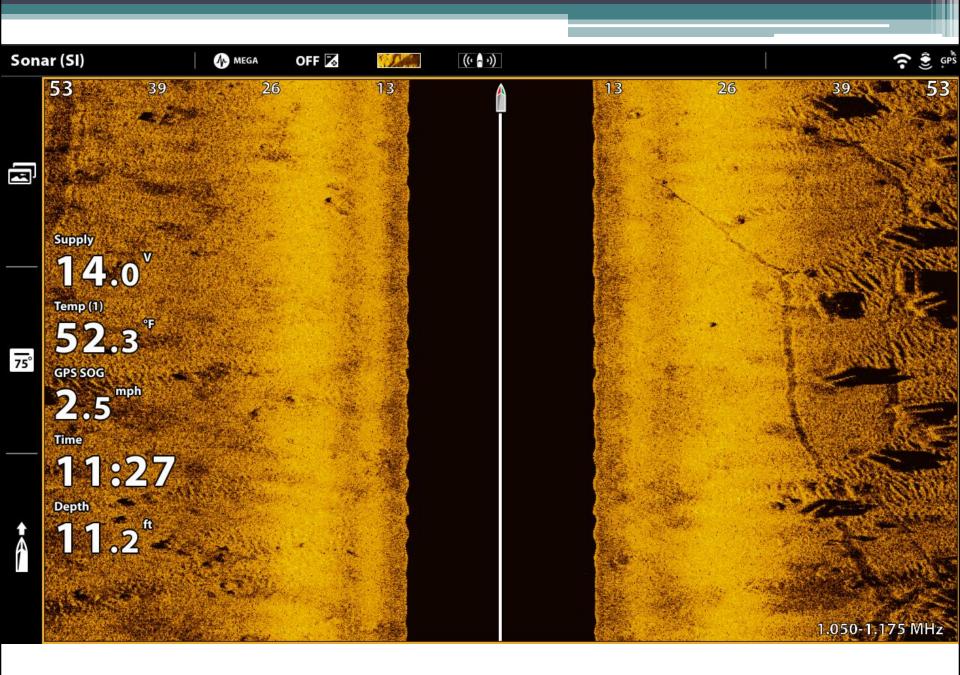




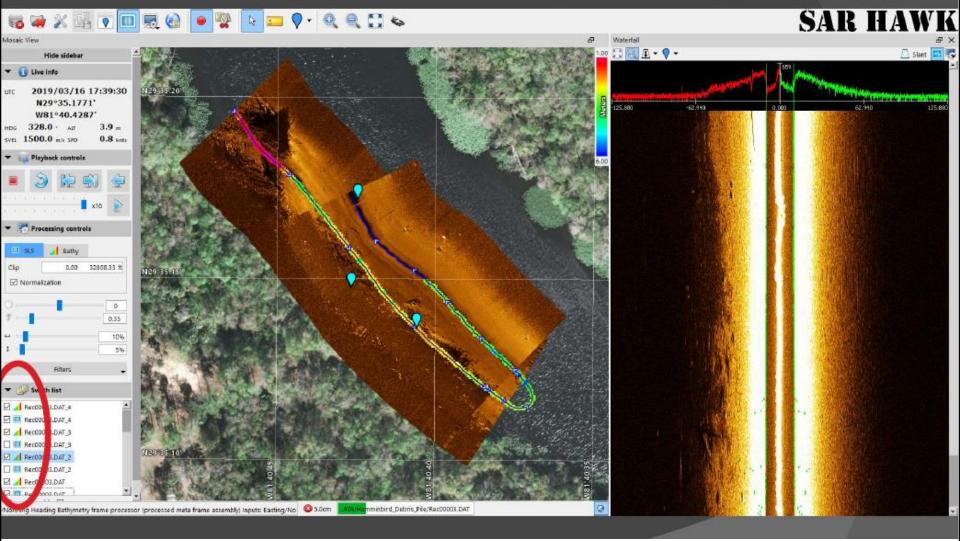


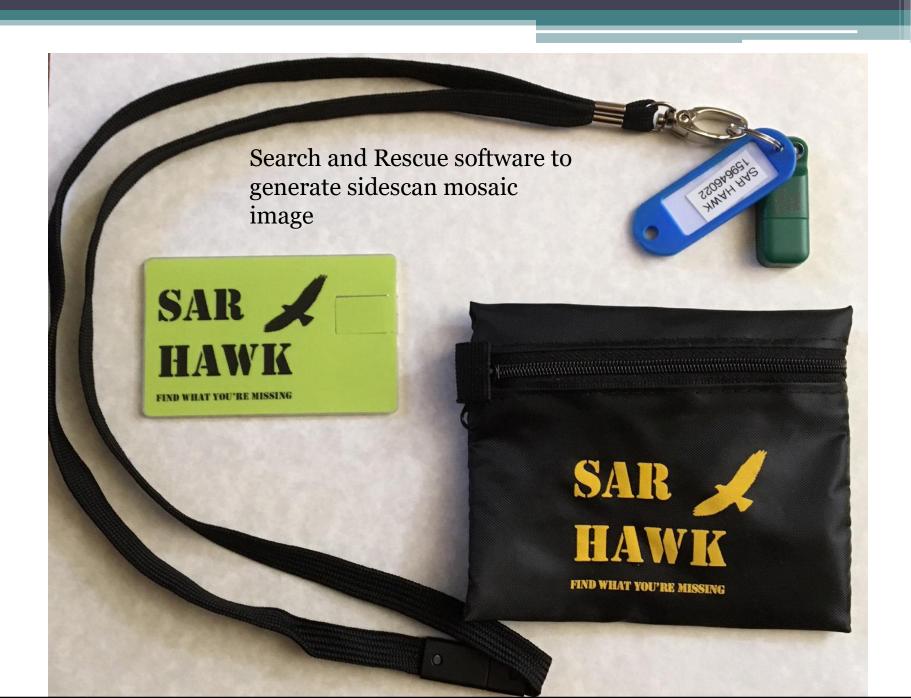






SAR HAWK: Mosaic (coverage map)





The Bottom Line

- Humminbird Solix 15 = \$3,600
- Pro Controll EZ Mount 2 = \$50
- 6 feet of 1" galvanized conduit = \$22
- SAR Hawk software = \$749

